# Patient agreement to systemic anti-cancer therapy (SACT)

Date of birth:		
NHS number:		
(or other identifier)		
Special requirements:		
(e.g. other language/other communication method)		
•		
e brief explanation if medical term not clear)		
Ilicular lymphoma in adult patients, following prior		
nonths for 2 years.		
Other:		
)		

**Patient details** 

Patient's surname/family name:

Patient's first name(s):

n

✓ Tick all relevant boxe
--------------------------

1		c.	41			• •				
ı	 - 1	contirm	tha	nationt	hac	capacity	/ to	AIV/A	CONCAN	r
ı		COLIIII	เมเต	palient	Has	Capacity	, 10	QIV C	COLISCII	ι.

I have explained the	course of tre	atment and in	ntandad hanafi	t to the nationt
I Have exclained in		annen and m	HEHOEO DEHEN	a io ine danem

The intended benefits (there are no guarantees about outcome)

	] Maintenance -	- treatment given	on a contin	uing basis,	aiming to	keep the	lymphoma	inactive (	in
re	emission) for long	ger.							

# Statement of health professional

Patient identifier/label

You may have one or more of the side effects listed

Common side effects:	Occasional side effects continued:
Affecting more than 10 in every 100 (>10%) people  An increased risk of getting an infection from a drop in white blood cells – it is harder to fight infections and you can become very ill.  If you have a severe infection this can be	☐ Increased risk of a second cancer, particularly of the skin. Protect your skin from sun exposure and check your skin for changes in appearance, new growths (that may look like a new wart), or change in the size or colour of a mole.
life-threatening. Contact your doctor or hospital straight away if:	Other risks:
<ul> <li>your temperature goes over 37.5°C or over 38°C, depending on the advice given by your chemotherapy team</li> <li>you suddenly feel unwell (even with a normal temperature)</li> <li>Anaemia (due low red blood cells) causing tiredness, fatigue, shortness of breath.</li> <li>Bruising or bleeding (due to low platelets).</li> <li>Tiredness and feeling weak (fatigue).</li> <li>Difficulty sleeping.</li> <li>Cough, fever, headaches.</li> <li>Diarrhoea, constipation, tummy cramps.</li> <li>Skin itch.</li> <li>Joint pain, back pain, pain in the hands and feet.</li> <li>Reactions may happen while Obinutuzumab is being given or soon after. They are usually most noticeable with the first infusion (but uncommon during maintenance treatment): flu-like symptoms, back pain, high or low blood pressure, flushing, breathlessness, feeling or being sick, faster or irregular heartbeat, allergic reactions (severe reactions are less common).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>☐ Any drug given through a vein may leak out of the vein and some may damage tissue around it while being given(extravasation). Leaks may cause stinging, pain, skin colour changes, swelling by the vein. Tell the nurse straight away if you have any symptoms. It's uncommon but important to deal with quickly.</li> <li>☐ Developing a break or hole in the digestive tract (perforation). Tell your doctor if you have sudden intense tummy pain or blood in the vomit or stools.</li> <li>☐ An uncommon side effect of Obinutuzumab is abnormal blood clots throughout the body (Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation).</li> <li>☐ Obinutuzumab may very rarely lead to a rare but serious brain infection (Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy). Tell your doctor or nurse immediately if you notice facial drooping, speech problems or difficulty walking.</li> <li>☐ Hypogammaglobulinaemia, where your body does not make enough antibodies for fighting infections. If this happens, you may need treatment with antibody replacement therapy</li> </ul>
Occasional side effects:	(intravenous immunoglobulins).
Affecting between 1-10 in every 100 (1-10%) people  Dry and cracked skin (eczema).  Feeling anxious, sad.  Irregular heart rhythm, high blood pressure, chest pain.  Stuffy, runny nose.  Indigestion, piles.  Muscle pain, bone pain.  Difficulty or pain passing urine.  Low potassium levels (monitired with blood tests).  Build-up of fluid causing weight gain.  Thinning of hair or hair loss  A risk of tumour lysis syndrome (when treatment destroys cancer cells too quickly for the kidneys to cope). You may be prescribed medicines for prevention or treatment. Rarely, dialysis may be needed.	<ul> <li>□ Before treatment, you will have blood tests to check for viruses (Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, HIV or more unusual infections). This treatment may weaken your natural defence (immune) system making you prone to infections, or, existing infections could worsen or become active again if you've had them in the past. You may be given medicines to prevent or treat infection.</li> <li>□ Cancer and its treatment can increase your risk of developing a blood clot (thrombosis), causing pain, skin colour changes, swelling in an arm or leg and/or breathlessness or chest pain. Tell your doctor straight away if you have any symptoms.</li> <li>□ Changes in memory, concentration, ability to think clearly. There can be many causes, including your treatment, diagnosis or both.</li> </ul>

To be retained in patient notes Prepared by Pharmacist: Alia Nizam, Lucy Cox Checked by Pharmacist: Helen Wilson Checked by Consultant: Mary Gleeson Date of issue: Nov-25; Version 1; Review date: Nov-28 Approved by: Adam Januszewski UK SACT Board Check cruk.org/sact\_consent for latest version **Obinutuzumab Maintenance** 

Continue on to the next page

Patient identifier/label

# Statement of health professional

# Other risks continued:

s     c     t	Complications of treatment can occasionally be severe and need intensive care support, or be ife-threatening and result in death. The risks are different for every individual. Potentially life-threatening complications include those listed on his form, but other exceedingly rare side effects may also be life-threatening.
_	Following treatment, the lymphoma may either persist (rarely) or return after a period of time. Different treatment may then be needed if this is appropriate for you.
If a	pplicable:
	Some anti-cancer medicines can damage ovaries and sperm. This may lead to infertility and/or early menopause (hot flushes, vaginal dryness).
	Some anti-cancer medicines may damage development of a baby in the womb or cause problems with pregnancy and birth. It is important not to become pregnant or make someone else pregnant during treatment and 18 months after. Use effective contraception.

# Statement of health professional

Patient	identi:	fier/la	hel
1 aucit	IUCITU	IIGI/IG	

□ Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab □ 24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details □ SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record) □ Other, please state: □ Other, please state: □ Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Date: □ Name (PRINT): □ Job title: □ Job title: □ Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): □ Date: □ Date: □ Date: □ Name (PRINT): □ Date:	Any other risks and information:	
available alternative treatments (including no treatment).  I have discussed the side effects of the recommended treatment, which could affect the patient straight away or in the future, and that there may be some side effects not listed because they are rare or have not yet been reported. Each patient may experience side effects differently.  I have discussed what the treatment is likely to involve (including inpatient/outpatient treatment, timing of the treatment, blood and any additional tests, follow-up appointments etc) and location.  I have explained to the patient, that they have the right to stop this treatment at any time and should contact the responsible consultant or team if they wish to do so.  I have discussed concerns of particular importance to the patient in regard to treatment (please write details here):  Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):  Yes No Not available If No please document reason here:  The following written information has been provided:  Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab  24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details  SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record)  Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate)  Interpreter booking reference (if applicable):  I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed:  Date:  Date:		
straight away or in the future, and that there may be some side effects not listed because they are rare or have not yet been reported. Each patient may experience side effects differently.    I have discussed what the treatment is likely to involve (including inpatient/outpatient treatment, timing of the treatment, blood and any additional tests, follow-up appointments etc) and location.    I have explained to the patient, that they have the right to stop this treatment at any time and should contact the responsible consultant or team if they wish to do so.    I have discussed concerns of particular importance to the patient in regard to treatment (please write details here):    Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):   Yes		
timing of the treatment, blood and any additional tests, follow-up appointments etc) and location.  I have explained to the patient, that they have the right to stop this treatment at any time and should contact the responsible consultant or team if they wish to do so.  I have discussed concerns of particular importance to the patient in regard to treatment (please write details here):  Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):  Yes No Not available If No please document reason here:  The following written information has been provided: Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab  24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details  SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record)  Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate)  Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed:  Date:  Date:	straight away or in the future, and that there may be	e some side effects not listed because they are
should contact the responsible consultant or team if they wish to do so.  I have discussed concerns of particular importance to the patient in regard to treatment (please write details here):  Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):  Yes No Not available If No please document reason here:  The following written information has been provided: Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab  24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details  SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record)  Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate)  Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed:  Date:  Date:	<del></del>	, <u> </u>
Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):  Yes No Not available If No please document reason here:  The following written information has been provided: Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab 24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details  SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record) Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: Date:  Date: Date: D		•
Clinical management guideline/Protocol compliant (please tick):  Yes No Not available If No please document reason here:  The following written information has been provided: Information leaflet for Obinutuzumab 24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record) Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: Date:  Date:	☐ I have discussed concerns of particular importa	nce to the patient in regard to treatment
Yes	(please write details here):	
□ 24 hour alert card or SACT advice service contact details □ SACT treatment record (cruk.org/treatment-record) □ Other, please state: □ Other, please state: □ Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: □ Date: □	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not available If No pleas  The following written information has been provided:	se document reason here:
Cruk.org/treatment-record)  Other, please state:  Statement of interpreter (where appropriate)  Interpreter booking reference (if applicable):  I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed:  Date:		Date:Name (PRINT):
Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) Interpreter booking reference (if applicable): I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: Date:		Job title:
Interpreter booking reference (if applicable):  I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: Date:	Other, please state:	
Interpreter booking reference (if applicable):  I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which believe they can understand.  Signed: Date:	Statement of interpreter (where a	I appropriate)
	Interpreter booking reference (if applicable):	
	Signed:	Date:
	Name (PRINT):	Job title:

# Statement of patient

Patient identifier/label

your own copy of the form which describes the be	has been planned in advance, you should already have enefits and risks of the proposed treatment. If not, you er questions, do ask – we are here to help you. You have ng after you have signed this form.
☐ I have had enough time to consider my optio	ns and make a decision about treatment.
☐ I agree to the course of treatment described	on this form.
A witness should sign below if the patient is unab	ole to sign but has indicated their consent.
Patient's signature:	
Name (PRINT):	Date:
Person with parental responsibility/witness' signa	ature:
Name (PRINT):	Date:
Confirmation of consent (health professional to complete when the patient attends for treatment, if the patient has signed the form in advance) On behalf of the team treating the patient, I	Further information for patients Contact details (if patient wishes to discuss options later):
have confirmed that the patient has no further questions and wishes the course of treatment/procedures to go ahead.	Contact your hospital team if you have any questions about cancer and its treatment.
Signed:  Date:  Name (PRINT):  Job title:  Important notes: (tick if applicable)	Cancer Research UK can also help answer your questions about cancer and treatment. If you want to talk in confidence, call our information nurses on freephone 0808 800 4040, Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm. Alternatively visit cruk.org for more information.
See also advance decision to refuse treatment  Patient has withdrawn consent (ask patient to sign and date here)	These forms have been produced by Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust as part of a national project to support clinicians in ensuring all patients are fully informed when consenting to SACT.
Signed: Date:	The project is supported by Cancer Research UK. This does not mean you are taking part in a clinical trial.

# **Guidance for health professionals**

(to be read in conjunction with the hospital's consent policy)

Patient identifier/label

#### What a consent form is for

This form documents the patient's agreement to go ahead with the treatment you have proposed. It is not a legal waiver – if patients, for example, do not receive enough information on which to base their decision, then the consent may not be valid, even though the form has been signed. Patients are also entitled to change their mind after signing the form, if they retain capacity to do so. The form should act as an aide-memoir to health professionals and patients, by providing a checklist of the kind of information patients should be offered, and by enabling the patient to have a written record of the main points discussed. In no way should the written information provided for the patient be regarded as a substitute for face-to-face discussions with the patient.

## The law on consent

See the following publications for a comprehensive summary of the law on consent. Consent: Patients and doctors making decisions together, GMC 2020 (gmc-uk.org/guidance). Reference guide to consent for examination or treatment, Department of Health, 2nd edition 2009 (doh.gov.uk).

## Who can give consent

Everyone aged 16 or over is presumed to have the capacity to give consent for themselves, unless the opposite is demonstrated. For young people, it is good practice to involve those with parental responsibility in the consent discussions, unless specifically asked not to. A person with parental responsibility must sign this form for a child or young person under the age of 16. Such patients should be given the opportunity to 'assent' to treatment if they wish. If a patient has the capacity to give consent but is physically unable to sign a form, you should complete this form as usual and ask an independent witness to confirm that the patient has given consent orally or non-verbally.

# When NOT to use this form

If the patient lacks the capacity to give consent, you should use an alternative form available for this purpose (dependent on patient age). A patient lacks capacity if they have an impairment or disturbance of the brain, affecting the way their mind works. For example, if they cannot do one of the following:

- understand information about the decision to be made
- · retain that information in their mind
- use or weigh this information as a part of their decision making process, or

 communicate their decision (by talking, using sign language or any other means)

You should always take all reasonable steps (for example involving more specialist colleagues) to support a patient in making their own decision, before concluding that they are unable to do so. Relatives canneot be asked to sign a form on behalf of an adult who lacks capacity to consent for themselves, unless they have been given the authority to do so under a Lasting Power of Attorney or as a court deputy.

#### Information

Information about what the treatment will involve, its benefits and risks (including side-effects and complications) and alternatives to the particular procedure proposed, is crucial for patients when making up their minds. The courts have stated that patients should be told about 'significant risks which would affect the judgement of a reasonable patient'. 'Significant' has not been legally defined, but the GMC requires doctors to tell patients about 'significant, unavoidable or frequently occurring' risks. If patients make clear they have particular concerns about certain kinds of risk, you should ensure that they are informed about these risks, even if very small or rare. You should always answer questions honestly. Sometimes, patients may make it clear that they do not want to have any information about the options, but want you to decide on their behalf. In such circumstances, you should do your best to ensure that the patient receives at least very basic information about what is proposed. Where information is refused, you should document this on the consent form or in the patient's notes.

## **NHS Scotland**

NHS Scotland staff should refer to Healthcare Improvement Scotland. Guidance on consent for SACT and local NHS Board guidance on consent aligned to the Scottish legal framework.

#### References

- Summary of Product Characteristics for individual drugs: medicines.org.uk/emc
- Cancer Research UK: <u>cruk.org/about-cancer/treatment/drugs</u>
- Macmillan Cancer Support: <u>macmillan.org.uk/cancer-information-and-support/treatments-and-drugs</u>
- 4. Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust, Chemotherapy consent form