

## Species Occurrence Cubes

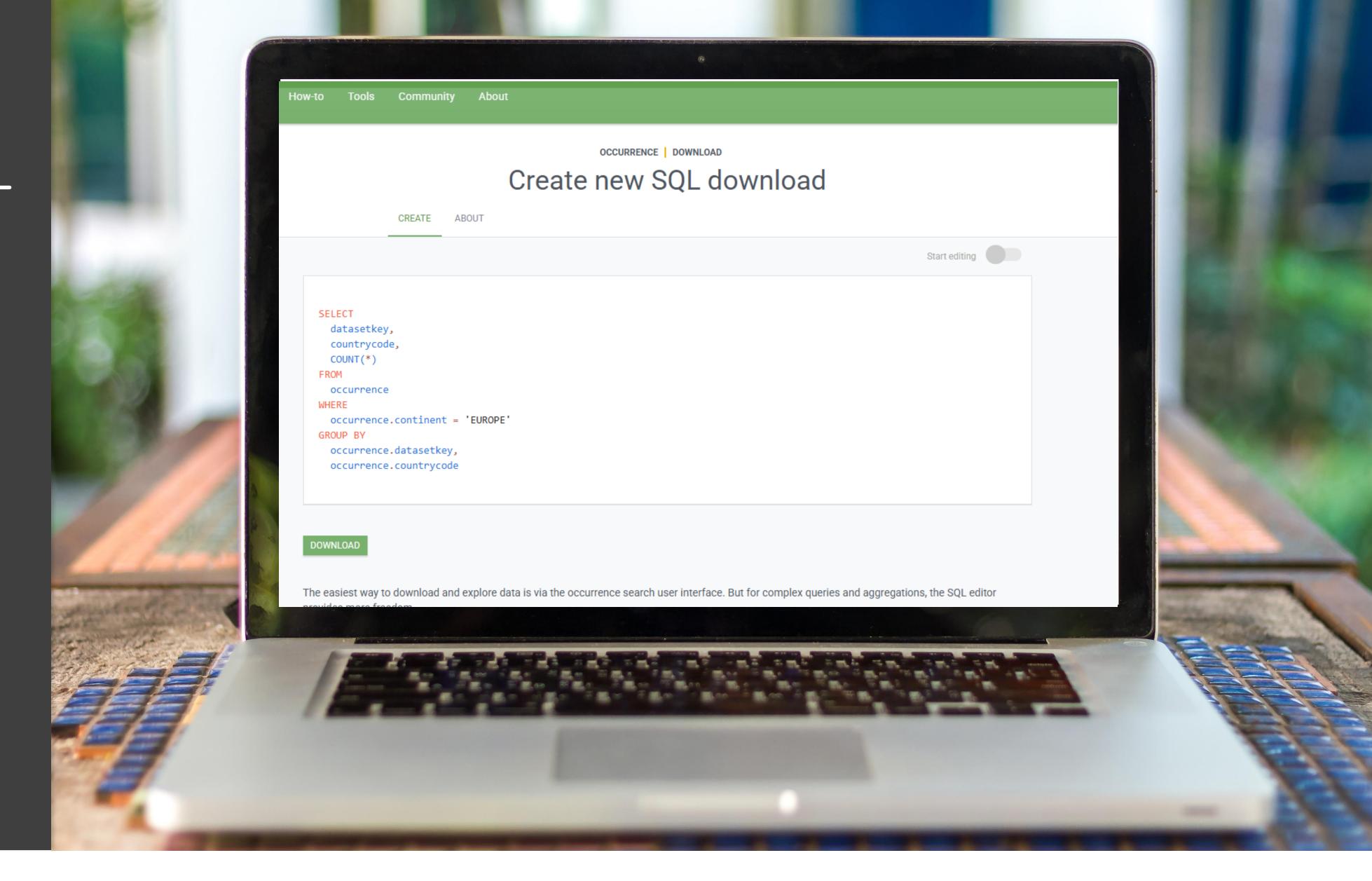
Andrew Rodrigues | Data Partnerships Officer





## SQL Downloads

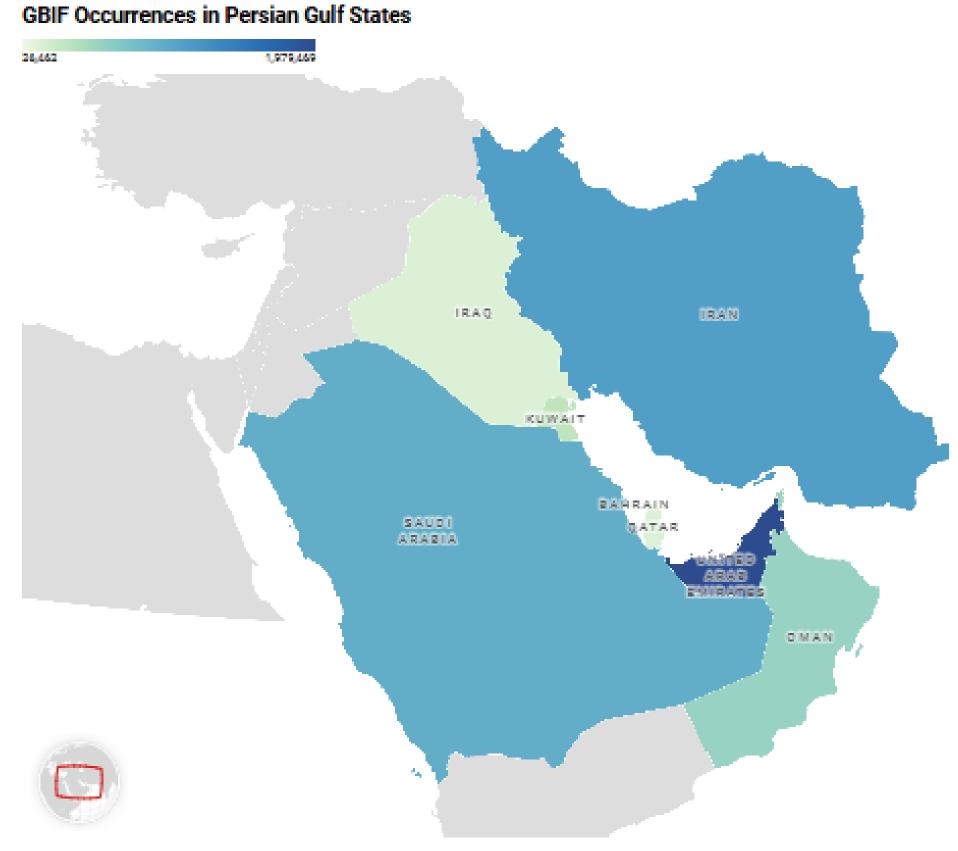
- Occurrence API in GBIF can be queried using SQL
- Generates summaries of GBIFdata for user-defined variablesof interest
- Some limitations apply





## **Example: Regional Summary Counts**

- Group by country
- Summary counts for:
  - Total Occurrences
  - Numbers of publishers
  - Occurrences for each kingdom
  - > 5000000 occurrence records in a typical download
  - SQL download 8 rows and 12 columns



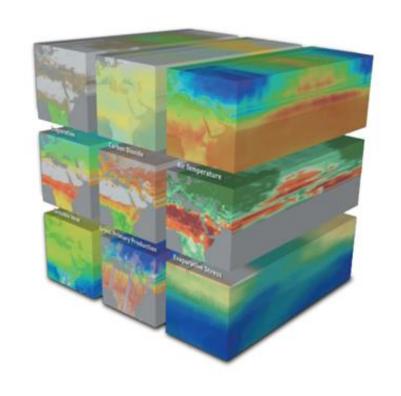


Mar: Andrew Rodrigues - Source: 60/F - Set the data - Created with Determine

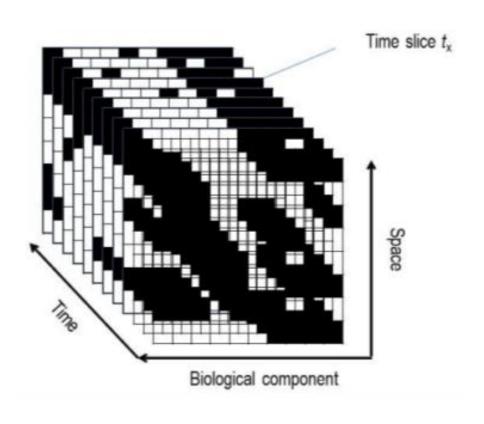


## **Data Cubes**

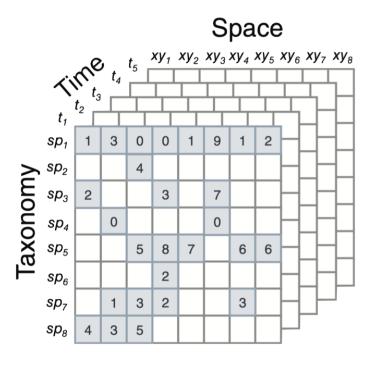
Visualisation of an Earth system data cube by ESA.



A data cube is a multidimensional dataset that allows for fast slicing and dicing along key dimensions and is commonly used in in the climate modelling and remote sensing communities



essential Biodiversity Variables (EBVs) - a set of standardized measurements identified as critical for monitoring changes in global biodiversity by providing a structured, scalable, and queryable way to access and analyze biodiversity data across multiple dimensions



GBIF-mediated data can be structured into a cube format along three dimensions

- Taxonomy
- Spatial
- Temporal

Creates a species occurrence cubes



## Species Occurrence Cubes

Uses SQL download capabilities to create summaries of GBIF mediated associated to user-defined spatial reference grids

- EEA
- QDGC
- ISEA3H Grid
- MGRS
- Country or Area

## Assigns occurrence to grid

- Take into account uncertainty
- Random assignment within uncertainty

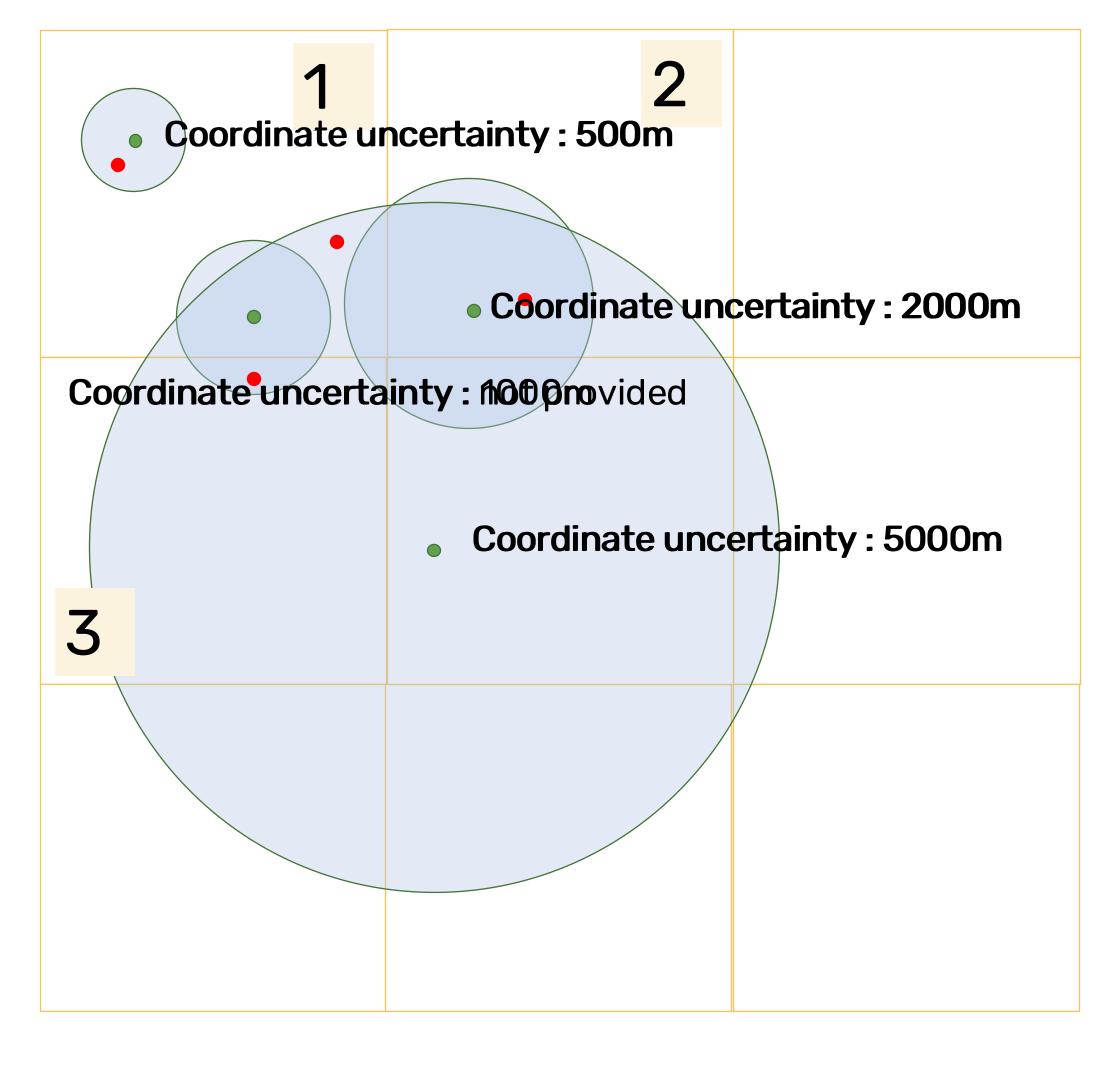






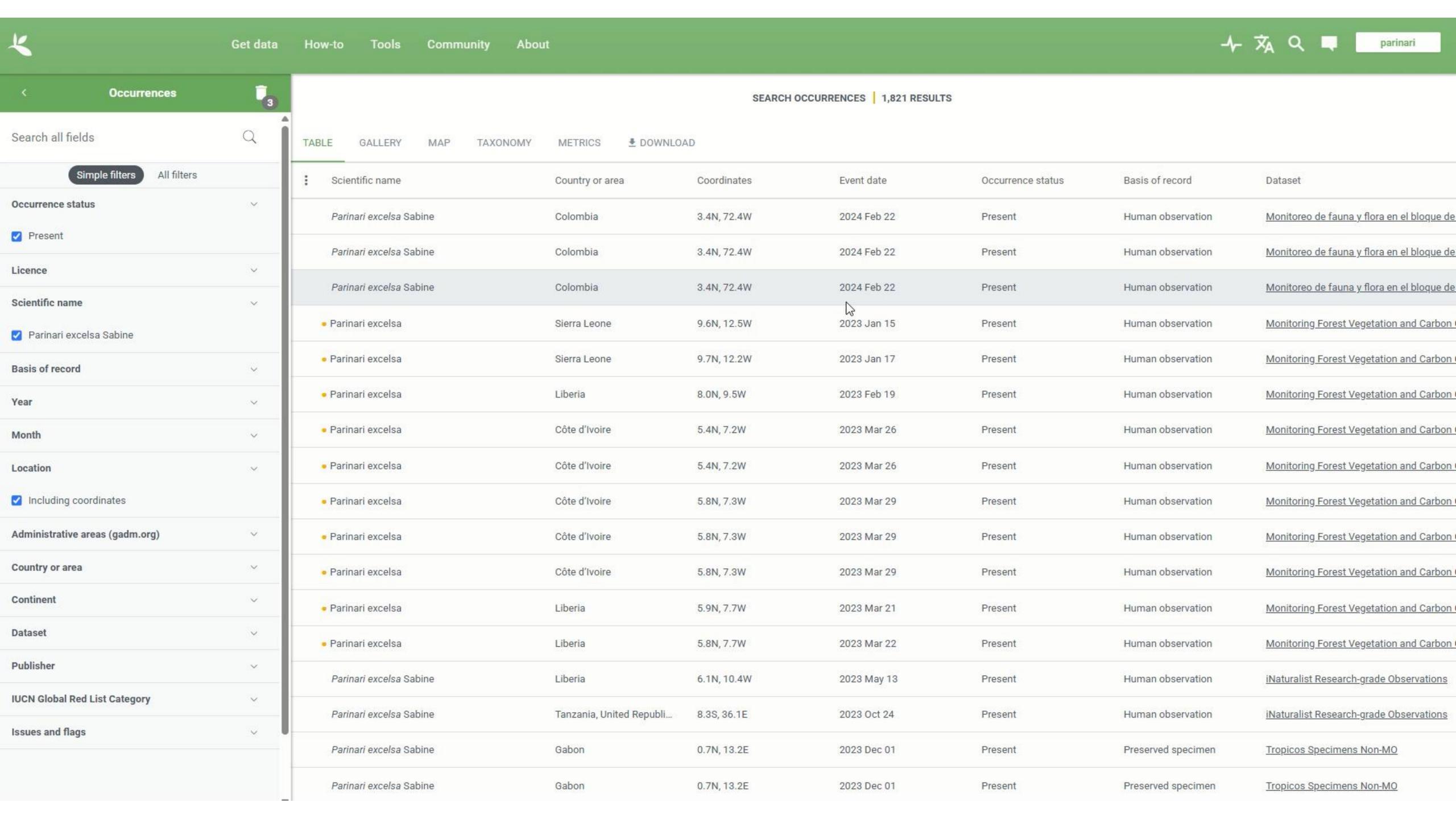
## Aggregation Of Occurrences To Grid Cells

## 2020



- Occurrence records come with coordinate uncertainties
- Where coordinate uncertainty is not provided default of 1000m is attributed to occurrence
- Point is randomly chosen within uncertainty boundary and the occurrence is assigned to the cell
- In this example, grid 1 = 2
   occurrences, grid 2 = 1
   occurrence and grid 3
   occurrence = 1 occurrence





## Data Cube Download Format

New data format aggregates data by:

- Year
- Grid cell as defined by reference grid set
- Species key
- Number of occurrences for each taxon in that year
- Minimum coordinate uncertainty the minimum level of uncertainty associated to data points assigned to the cell – a measure of the likelihood of at least one occurrence falling completely within the grid cell

Year	eea_cell_code	speciesKey	n	min_coord _uncertain ty
2000	1km E3809N3113	2889173	1	700
2000	1kmE3809N3135	2889173	1	700
2006	1kmE3936N3071	2889173	1	49
2006	1kmE3947N3132	2889088	1	700
2010	1kmE3883N3121	4038485	1	700
2010	1kmE3884N3121	2889173	1	10
2014	1kmE3886N3121	2889173	51	10
2014	1kmE3886N3122	2889173	109	10
2018	1kmE4047N3067	2889173	1	2828



Andrew Rodrigues | arodrigues@gbif.org









German Centre for Integrative Biodiversity Research (iDiv) Halle-Jena-Leipzig



## The Essential Biodiversity Variables Data Cube and Applications of GBIF species occurrence cubes

Lina Estupinan-Suarez et al. lina.estupinans@idiv.de







#### What are data cubes?





#### Content

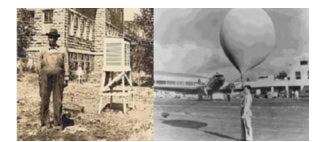


- 1. The Essential Biodiversity Variables (EBVs)
- 1. The EBV Data Cube and Data Portal
- 1. Applications of GBIF species occurrence cubes

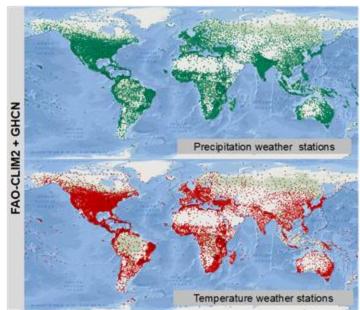




#### The Essential Biodiversity Variables framework









**Observations** 

**Essential Climate Variables** 

**Predictions** 







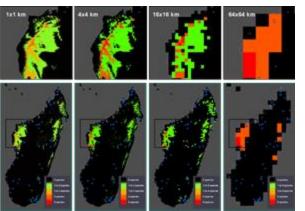
#### EBVs need to

EBV: Essential Biodiversity Variables
Pereira et al., 2013

Cover all dimensions of biodiversity

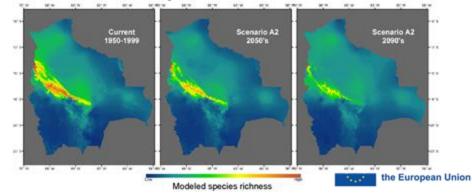


Works at multiple spatiotemporal scales



How to harmonize disparate biodiversity observations?

Sensitive to change







#### EBVs classes and names

**EBV: Essential Biodiversity Variables** 















#### EBV class / EBV name \*

Select the EBV class and the EBV name for the dataset. For cross-cutting use the comment at the bottom of the page for further information.

- ☑ Genetic composition
- Species populations
  - Species distributions
  - Species abundances
  - Other
- Species traits
- Community composition
- Ecosystem functioning
- £ Ecosystem structure
  - ♠ Ecosystem services
  - Cross-cutting

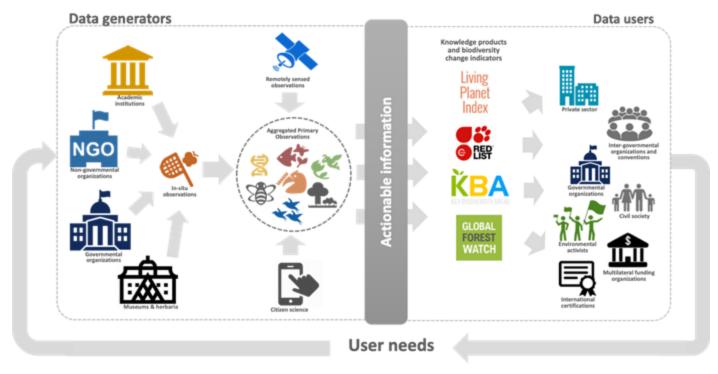






#### The EBV framework for policy and decision making

**EBV: Essential Biodiversity Variables** 



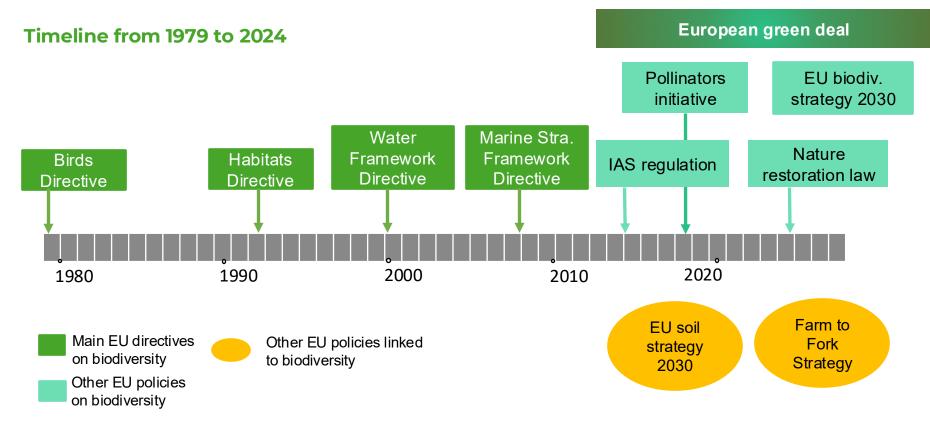








#### Main EU legislative tools for Biodiversity





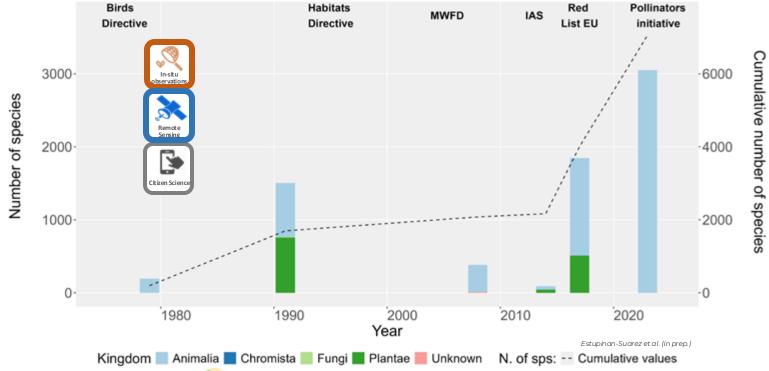




#### **Biodiversity regulations with species lists**

#### Number of species per regulation





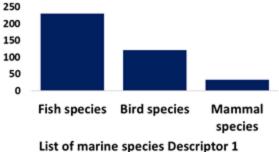




#### Adding the taxonomy layer from GBIF Backbone

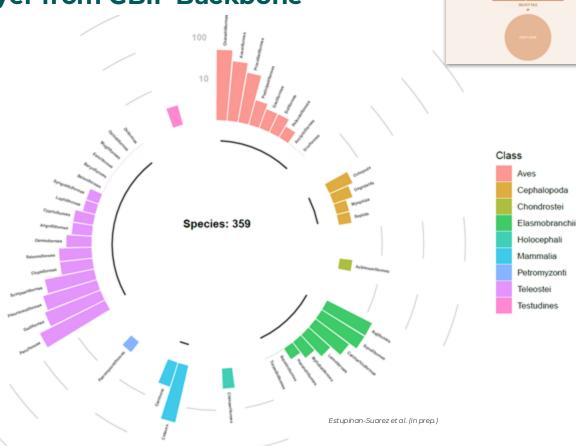
#### Marine Strategy Framework Directive

N. of species



Data source: EEA 2023











Total Longia

#### Using SQL feature for species occurrence

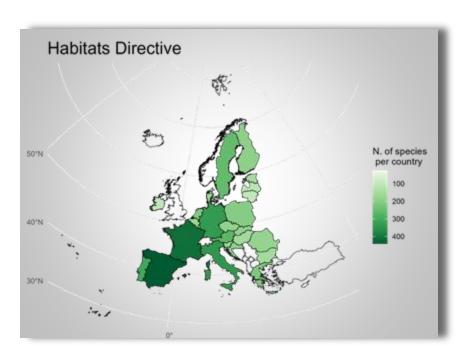
- Data available in GBIF for EU Biodiversity regulations
- Number of species listed per EU Member State based on GBIF records
- Comparison of SQL specifications
- Species occurrence cubes





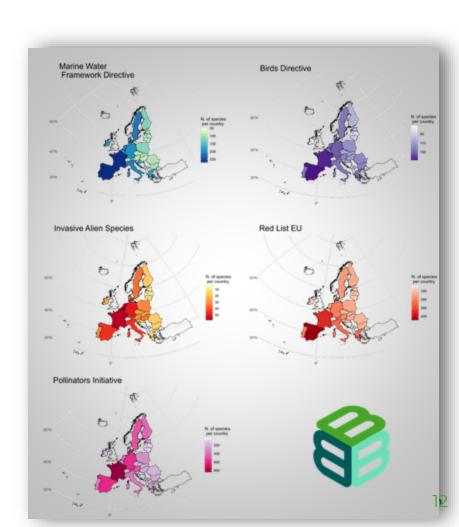


#### Number of species listed per EU Member State based on GBIF records



Estupinan-Suarez et al. (in prep.)





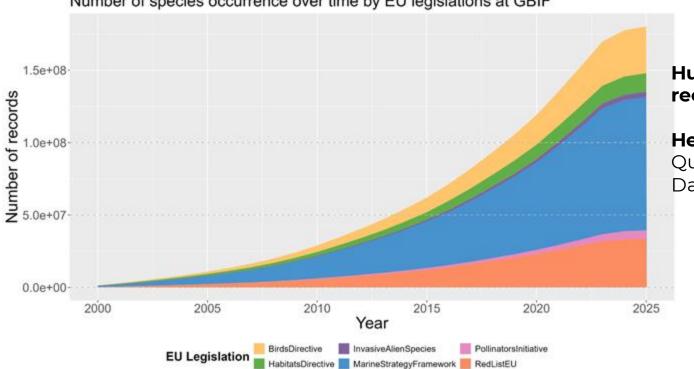
#### Data available in GBIF for EU Biodiversity regulations





#### **Opportunities and Challenges**





**Hundreds of millions of** records

Heterogeneous dataset Quality flags Data source information







#### **SQL** queries comparison

10.15468/dl.gum7s7 Date: 7 May 2025 Format: SQL TSV zip

countryCode ASC

Occurrences: 387.606 Involved datasets: 7,252 Involved publishers: 214

SELECT "year", countryCode A5 countryCode, datasetKey, basisOfRecord, speciesKey, species, family, class, sex, COUNT(\*) AS occurrences FROM occurrence WHERE occurrence.occurrencestatus = "PRESENT" AND continent = "EUROPE" AND "year" >= 2000 AND speciesKey IN (2488578, 4488405, 4408410, 2493124, 2493114, 5739298, 5229165, 2475532, 2474045, 2474855, 6178325, 2498826, 2498274, 5228644, 2488518, 2488586, 2488589, 2488588, 2488585, 2488934, 2488986, 2497295 2498259, 2473663, 2488918, 5232464, 5232451, 5959892, 2494394, 2481686, 2482188, 2488564, 2498681, 6177968, 2481521, 8109681, 4488795, 2480311, 2480281, 2490674, 2474864, 2481119, 2481912, 2481909, 2480666, 2480482, 2480487, 2480491, 2488495, 2495427, 2495434, 2495459, 2495486, 2475365, 4408498, 2480740, 2498347, 2477927, 6177296, 6177279, 8773033, 2478031, 2477872, 7190969, 2480876, 2480372, 2491498, 2491469, 2491482, 8014966, 2481034, 9813242, 2481037, 9584698 2481047, 8069800, 2481062, 2492601, 2492605, 2492608, 6175538, 2494442, 2474381, 9330514, 2481831, 2481959, 2481962, 2481958, 7192423, 2480757, 5232162, 2474950, 2480649, 2480389, 2480449, 5844449, 2480685, 5229126, 2493219, 5229142, 4408455, 2488850, 5227692, 5227710, 7745240, 2492854, 2492855, 7406504, 6065810, 8151548, 6065841, 2481681, 2494177, SELECT "year", countryCode AS countryCode, datasetKey, ba 2498684, 4488732, 2498398, 2498613, 2498285, 5229167, 5229168, 2480696, 2481789, 5959143, 2480863, 2482001, 2482012, occurrences FROM occurrence WHERE occurrence.occurrencest 5231234, 5231236, 5231233, 2474921, 2498382, 2488726, 5844831, 2481991, 2488353, 2488950, 2473966, 2473961, 2488428, 4408479, 6066518, 5739290, 8250742, 9691034, 2477804, 2478548, 2480801, 2480773, 2480332, 2482059, 5232431, 2474416, 2474627, 2474621, 2474628, 2480204, 2480193, 2481473, 2481463, 5739275, 5229360, 5229377, 2482552, 2480259, 2492522, 2484880, 2484886, 7192406, 2481236, 5229249, 9367409, 5229230, 2481240, 2497522, 2497509, 2497894, 2492953, 2492955 6188917, 2492965, 2492949, 2498815, 7191878, 2473577, 5228228, 2481713, 5739334, 6865721) AND AND occurrence.hascoordinate = TRUE AND (coordinateUncertaintyInMeters <= 18888 OR coordinateUncertaintyInMeters IS NULL) AND NOT ARRAY\_CONTAINS(issue, 'ZERO COORDINATE') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COORDINATE OUT OF RANGE') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COORDINATE INVALID') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COUNTRY COORDINATE MISMATCH') AND "month" IS NOT NULL AND (occurrence, "year" IS NOT NULL AND occurrence.hascoordinate = TRUE) AND NOT GBIF STRINGARRAYCONTAINS(occurrence.issue, 'TAXON MATCH FUZZY', TRUE) AND (occurrence.distancefromcentroidinmeters >= 2000.8 OR occurrence.distancefromcentroidinmeters IS NULL) AND NOT occurrence.basisofrecord IN ('FOSSIL SPECIMEN', 'LIVING SPECIMEN') AND (identificationVerificationStatus IS NULL OR NOT (LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE "Wunverified%" OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE 'Nunvalidated' OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE 'Nnot able to validate' OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE "Xcontrol could not be conclusive due to Insufficient knowledge%" OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE 'Xunconfirmed%' OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIKE - not reviewed%" OR LOWER(identificationVerificationStatus) LIXE "Xvalidation requested%")) GROUP BV "year", basisOfRecord, datasetXey, countryCode, speciesKey, species, family, class, sex ORDER BY "year" DESC,

```
speciesKey IN (2480578, 4408405, 4408410, 2493124, 249311
DOI 10.15468/dl.ntx7hz
                                                  2490274, 5228644, 2480510, 2480506, 2480509, 2480500, 248
Date: 7 May 2025
                                                  5232464, 5232451, 5959092, 2494394, 2481606, 2482100, 248
Format: SQL TSV zip
                                                  2480281, 2490674, 2474864, 2481119, 2481912, 2481909, 24
                                                  2495459, 2495486, 2475365, 4488498, 2488748, 2498347, 24
                                                  2480876, 2480372, 2491490, 2491469, 2491482, 8014966, 24
SELECT "year", countryCode AS countryCode, dat
                                                  2492601, 2492605, 2492608, 6175538, 2494442, 2474381, 9
COUNT(*) AS occurrences FROM occurrence WHERE
                                                  5232162, 2474958, 2488649, 2488389, 2488449, 5844449, 24
"year" >= 2000 AND speciesKey IN (2480578, 440)
                                                  5227710, 7745240, 2492854, 2492855, 7406504, 6065810, 81
2474055, 6178325, 2498026, 2490274, 5228644
                                                2 2490613, 2498285, 5229167, 5229168, 2480696, 2481789, 59
                                                  2474921, 2498302, 2480726, 5844831, 2481991, 2480353, 24
2498259, 2473663, 2480910, 5232464, 5232451,
                                                  8250742, 9691034, 2477804, 2478548, 2480801, 2480773, 24
8109681, 4408795, 2480311, 2480281, 2490674, 2
                                                  2480204, 2480193, 2481473, 2481463, 5739275, 5229360, 52
2488495, 2495427, 2495434, 2495459, 2495486, 2
                                                  2481236, 5229249, 9367409, 5229230, 2481240, 2497522, 249
2478031, 2477872, 7190969, 2480876, 2480372, 2
2481847, 8869888, 2481862, 2492681, 2492685,
                                                  occurrence.hascoordinate = TRUE AND (coordinateUncertaint
2481958, 7192423, 2480757, 5232162, 2474950,
                                                  NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'ZERO COORDINATE') AND NOT ARRA
4488455, 2488850, 5227692, 5227710, 7745240,
                                                  ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COORDINATE INVALID') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COUNTRY COORDINATE MISMATCH') AND "month" IS
2498684, 4488732, 2498390, 2498613, 2498285,
                                                  NOT NULL AND (occurrence, "year" IS NOT NULL AND occurrence, has coordinate = TRUE) AND NOT
                                                  GBIF_STRINGARRAYCONTAINS(occurrence.issue, 'TAXON MATCH FUZZY', TRUE) AND (occurrence.distancefromcentroidinmeters >>>
5231234, 5231236, 5231233, 2474921, 2498302
                                                         OR occurrence, distancefromcentroidinmeters IS NULL) AND NOT occurrence, basisofrecord IN ('FOSSIL SPECIMEN',
4408479, 6066518, 5739290, 8250742, 9691034,
                                                  'LIVING SPECIMEN') GROUP BY "year", basisOfRecord, datasetKey, countryCode, speciesKey, species, family, class, sex ORDER
2474627, 2474621, 2474628, 2480204, 2480193,
                                                  BY "year" DESC, countryCode ASC
2484880, 2484886, 7192406, 2481236, 5229249,
```

6100917, 2492965, 2492949, 2498015, 7191070, 2473577, 5228228, 2481713, 5739334, 6065721) AND

occurrence.hascoordinate = TRUE AND (coordinateUncertaintyInMeters <= 10000 OR coordinateUncertaintyInMeters IS NULL) AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'ZERO COORDINATE') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COORDINATE OUT OF RANGE') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COORDINATE INVALID') AND NOT ARRAY CONTAINS(issue, 'COUNTRY COORDINATE MISMATCH') AND "month" IS NOT NULL AND (occurrence, "year" IS NOT NULL AND

DOI 10.15468/dl.2zk9bn

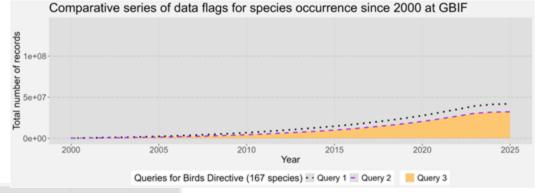
Date: 7 May 2025

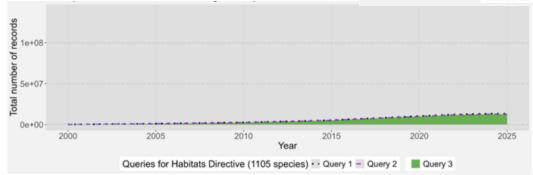
Format: SQL TSV zip

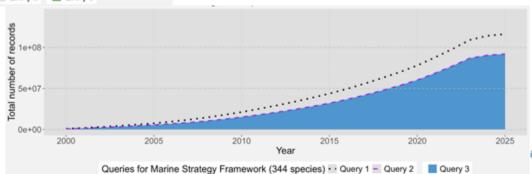
occurrence.hascoordinate = TRUE) GROUP BY "year", basisOfRecord, datasetKey, countryCode, speciesKey, species, family, class, sex ORDER BY "year" DESC, countryCode ASC



#### **SQL** queries comparison













# How can we move forward when working with geospatial data?







## Challenges in leveraging geospatial biodiversity data for informed policy making



Hard to find the data



Data is not easily accessible



Data formats are not interoperable



Sources are not persistent













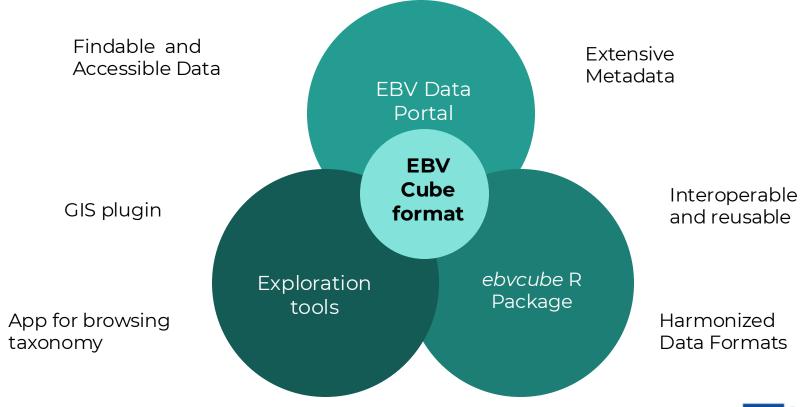








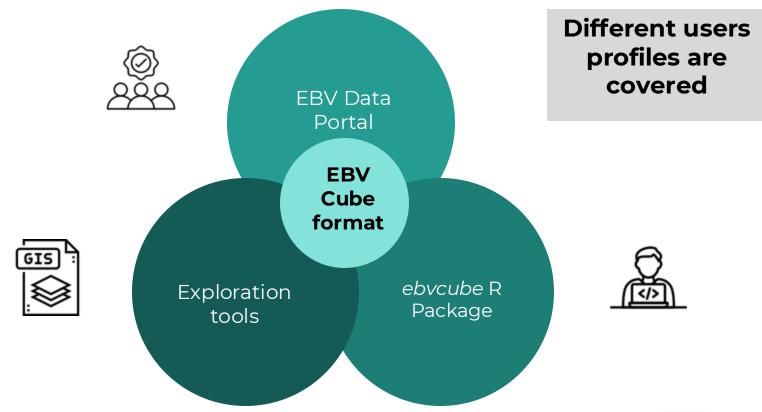






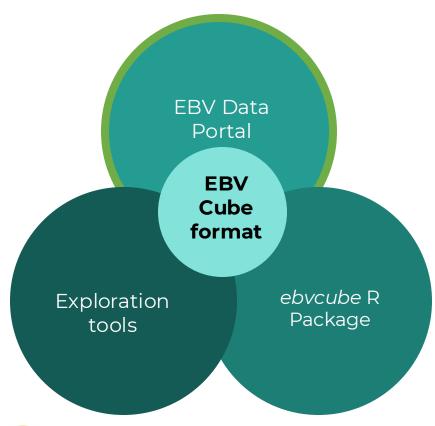










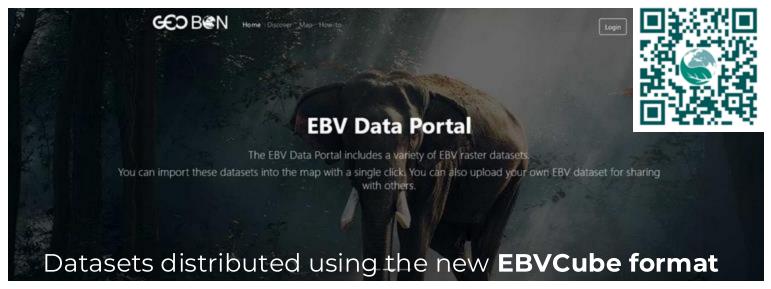








## A platform for discovering Essential Biodiversity Variables



- Interoperable data across thematic, spatial and temporal dimensions
- Consistently documented in a way that maximizes usability

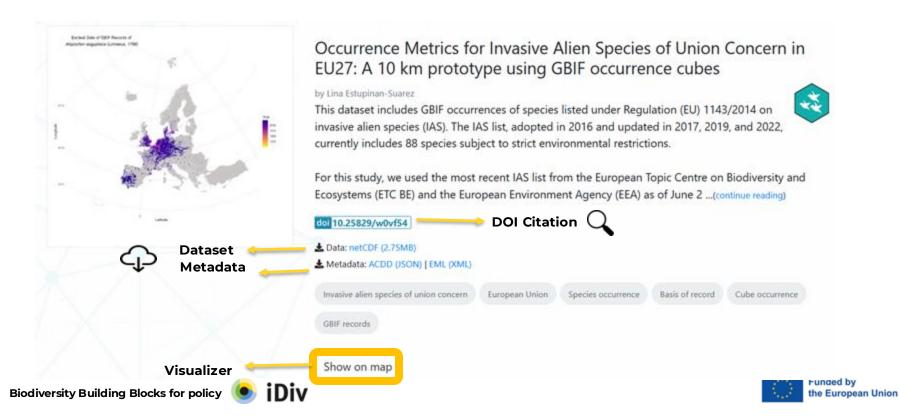


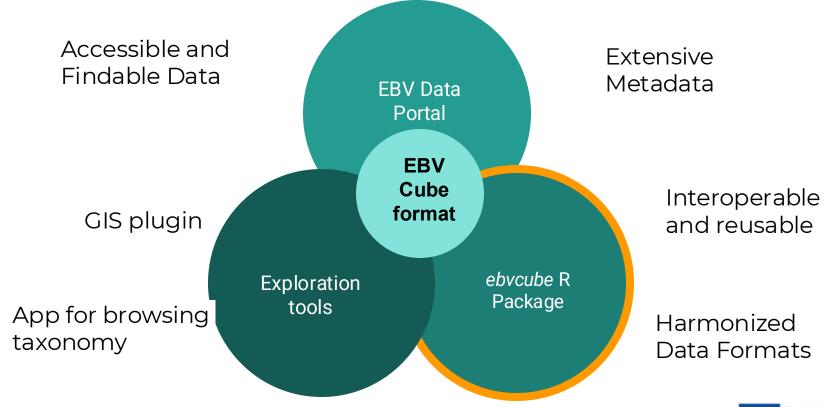






#### **Catalog of datasets**





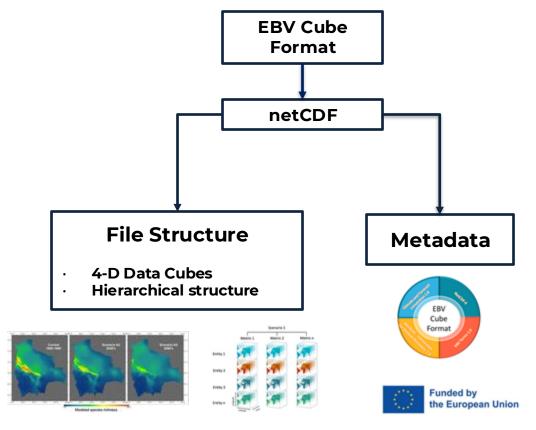




#### 'ebvcube' R package

EBVCube Format: A data format for multidimensional geospatial data of biodiversity











#### **EBV Cube Format**





#### **Metadata Conventions**

What does the data set describe?

**Who** produced the data set?

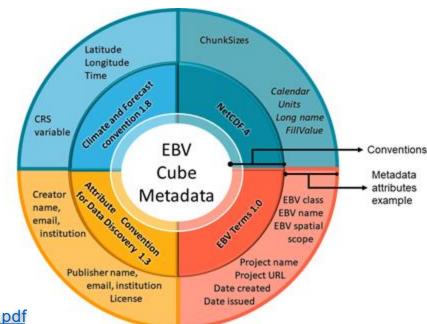
**Who** prepared the metadata?

When and how frequently were the data collected?

**Where** were the data collected and with what spatial resolution? (include coordinate reference system)

What is the use and distribution policy of the data set?

**Provide** any references to use of data in publications



https://portal.geobon.org/downloads/pdf/how\_to-10082023.pdf







#### **EBV Cube Format**



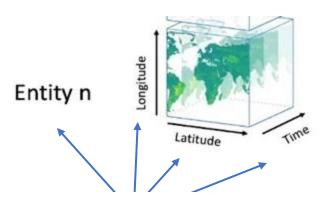


### (NetCDF) Root

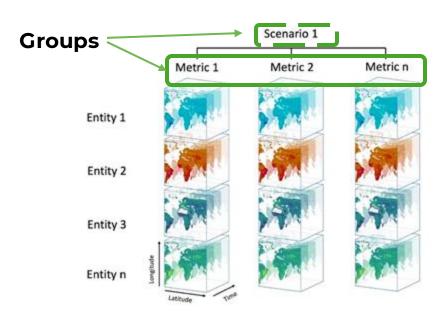
#### **Hierarchical structure**

A data format for multidimensional geospatial data of biodiversity

#### A Data cube



4 Dimensions



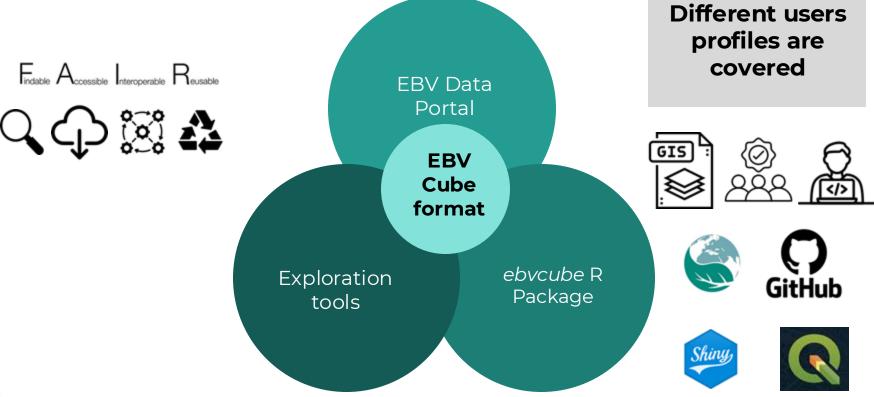
© Christian Langer/ iDiv Quoss et al. (in prep)







# In summary



the European Union













# How can we create open data workflows?



B-Cubed Policy Brief (Sica et al. 2024)

https://b-cubed.eu/library

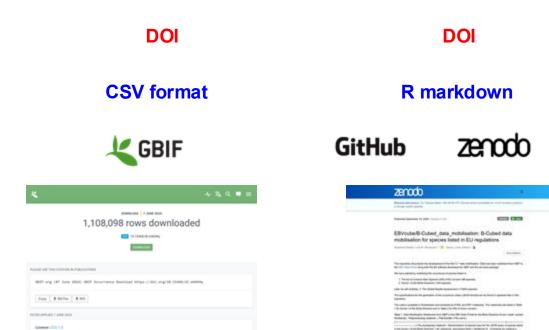






# **B-Cubed: Interoperability strategy document**

#### **Data mobilization workflow**













Make ours to read the data user agreement and chatton publishess.

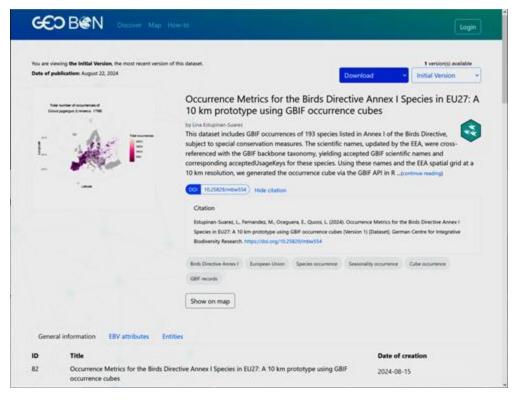
File: 25 WB 5QL TSV yay

Specifical distances: 4 TO involved publishers: 354



#### The EBV Data Portal

#### https://portal.geobon.org/ebv-detail?id=82

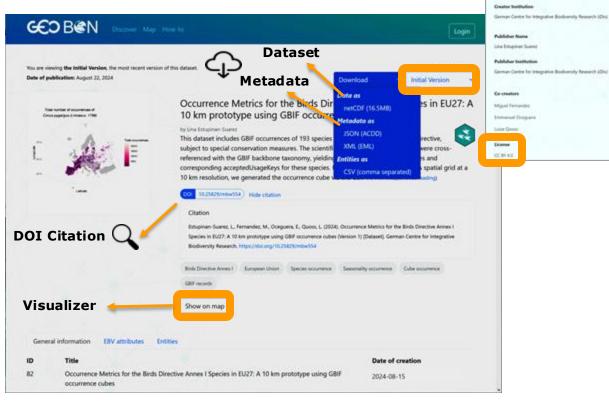








## The EBV Data Portal









All scripts are available at Giffelds trops cripmus convictivishin/th-

Project UKL

Creator Small

Creator URL

Publisher Small

Publisher URS

(N) https://techdoox.plinl.org/ww/dute-wea/date-cubes-

Studiosraty Subling Studio for Policy (KI):

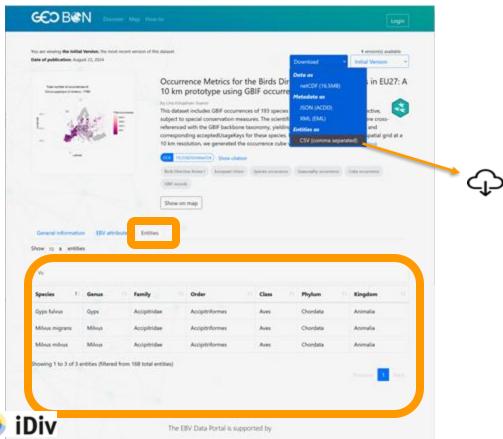
Project name

Creator Name

Des Debuggers Suprei

### The EBV Data Portal

Interoperability with occurrence cubes





# **B-Cubed: Interoperability strategy document**

# Data mobilization workflow <a href="https://b-cubed.eu/library">https://b-cubed.eu/library</a>

#### Showcase:

- Birds Directive Species
- Invasive Alien Species of Union Con



Table 1: Open access details of the inputs, outputs and code used in the mobilisation of data and metrics for Annex I of the Birds Directive.

Open access dad portal/repository	DOI/URL	Description
Cocurrence cube	10.15468/dl.m4694q	JSON query specifications for cube generation Occurrence cube as CSV link
GEO B©N  ©  EBV Data Portal	10.25829/mbw554	Metrics:  Total number of occurrences  Earliest month with occurrences across all years  Latest month with occurrences across all years  Month with the highest total number of occurrences across all years  Month with the second-highest total number of occurrences across all years  Month with the second-highest total number of occurrences across all years  Month with the third-highest total number of occurrences across all years
Zenodo  GitHub repository and Zendono DOI	https://github.com/E BVcube/B-Cubed_d ata_mobilisation DOI:10.5281/zenodo .13798783	Notebooks for all data mobilisation steps in R (see section 2.3)



# **EBV Data Portal**

lina.estupinans@idiv.de ebvportal@idiv.de









# Thank you!

Lina Estupinan-Suarez

lina.estupinans@idiv.de

















# Resources for increasing "FAIRness"

#### Task 3.1



#### **Task 3.2**





D1.3 Data Management Plan

30/08/2023

Authors: Nikol Yovcheva, Teodor Metodiev, Pavel Stoev, Flavia Roteda Ruffino, Francisco Javier Castro

