



BID Africa 1 – Regional Grant Template Mid Term narrative report

The Regional consortium coordinator must collate relevant information submitted by each regional consortium partner and **submit only one Midterm narrative report on behalf of the whole regional consortium**. This report shall give an overview of the progress and achievement accomplished by all the regional consortium members.

Financial reports shall be individual and be drafted by each regional consortium members independently.

Instructions

- Fill the template below with relevant information. If no result has been achieved on a specific point, please indicate it as "no result achieved yet" and indicate expected date of completion
- Use the information included in your project Full proposal (reproduced in annex III.a. of your BID contract) as a baseline from which to complete this template
- The information provided below must correspond to the financial information that appears in the financial report
- Sources of verification are for example links to relevant digital documents, news/newsletters, brochures, copies of agreements with data holding institutions, workshop related documents, pictures, etc. Please provide access to all mentioned sources of verification by either providing the link or sending a copy of the documents.
- This report must <u>first</u> be sent as a **Word document** to <u>BID@GBIF.org</u> and be pre-approved by GBIFS
- Once this report is pre-approved in writing by GBIFS, it must be signed by the BID project coordinator and sent by post to:

The Global Biodiversity Information Facility Secretariat (GBIFS)

Universitetsparken 15

DK-2100 Copenhagen Ø

Denmark

Template

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2. Project Information

2.1. Project Coordinator: Institution/network/agency name:

Madagascar Biodiversity Center, Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbazaza

2.2. Main contact person and role:

Rajemison Balsama, Project Coordinator

2.3. BID proposal identifier:

BID-AF2015-0134-REG

2.4. Project title:

African Insect Atlas: unleashing the potential of insects in conservation and sustainability research in Africa"

2.5. Start date and end date of the reporting period:

Start date 01/06/2016 end date of reporting - 31/05/2018

2.6. Country in which the activities take place:

Madagascar, Kenya, Mozambique, Botswana, Zimbabwe and South Africa

3. Overview of results

3.1. Executive summary

Give a short summary of the activities implemented and the outcomes of the project for the reporting period (500 words maximum)

Across differents trainning regional or international, technical capacities for each consortium were greatly improved. Previous technical problems for digitization as recording and cleanning data on excel reported in the first narrative report for somes partners doesn't represent consistent challenge for the advancement project now. Mutual support were organized and allowed team to keep going on. For example between Botswana and Zimbabwe, Digitization Best Practices was organized in Botswana and Ms. Kudzai Mafuwe from Zimbabwe was facilitator. Now, Botswana are starting to publish their data on line. For other consortium as Madagascar or Kenya, dataset are already publish through GBIF portal. Example for Madagascar, 660 occurrences is published up to now. Make these data on line allowed to others to use it.

Other important activities that all consortiums are focus on are georeferencing. At least three African museums are stick on it. This is capital step for the quality of our data that all museums have to work on soon.

In term of visibility, data captured for the database from the Albany Museum in South Africa has been useful for oral and poster paper during the Society for Conservation Biology's International Congress for Conservation Biology (ICCB), in Cartagena, Colombia. At the meantime, the visibility of the Programme BID and European Union were ensured.







3.2. Progress against expected milestones:

Expected milestones/activities	Completed? Yes/No	Explanatory notes	Sources of verification
Completed capacity self-assessment questionnaire for national biodiversity information facilities (www.gbif.org/resource/82277).	YES	 Madagascar Biodiversity Center and Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbazaza Botswana National Museum National Museum of Kenya Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University Albany Museum Natural History Museum of Zimabwe 	
At least three data publishing institutions from the corsortium are registered with GBIF.org. For registered data publishers see: http://www.gbif.org/publisher/search	YES	 1- Madagascar Biodiversity Center and Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbazaza 2- National Museum of Botwsana 3- The natural History Museum of Zimbabwe 4- Albany Museum in South Africa 	For Madagascar http://www.gbif.org/publisher/8feb568b- f026-4d58-93b7-a2b56dc946f8 For Botswana: http://www.gbif.org/publisher/8ca12fcf- 3afe-4d66-933e-48bea18197c4 For Zimbabwe: http://www.gbif.org/publisher/5f2df235- 914f-4cc9-b247-08fb981e8b8a For South Africa: https://www.gbif.org/publisher/f6adbffd- 6f7d-4c49-a26b-8dc18b2e5e65
At least one person from the project team has completed the certification process following the first BID Capacity Enhancement workshop	YES	For Madagascar: Biodiversity Data Mobilization Badge at the Advanced Level For Kenya: PI participated in the last BID capacity enhancement workshop	https://openbadgefactory.com/c/receive ?k=OIA2RAaAlOa1O&e=ravelomanana .njaka%40gmail.com&t=fd81aaac89615 396bc9144a40647c308bc207eca http://elearning.gbif.es/
Knowledge dissemination activities have been scheduled following the first BID Capacity Enhancement	YES	Madagascar: Sharing knowledge and experience during the	https://www.dropbox.com/sh/uso yey8wahpg3e5/AAA6n9ierAuvM







workshop		Capacity building and biodiverisyt data mobolization for conservation, sustainable use, and making in Africa and Madagacar Botswana:	oCkVS0iZ 22a?dl=0
		The Botswana National Museum hosted a "5 day training Workshop on 'Digitization Best Practices'. The workshop was facilitated by Zimbabwe Project Leader	Training Workshop Report, Workshop Programme and Photographs
At least one dataset has been published to GBIF.org	YES	From Madagascar From Kenya: Ants data	http://ipt.madbif.mg/resource?r=d atabase_coleoptera http://ipt.museums.or.ke/ipt/resource?r=nmk_ants_data
The data users identified in the full proposal have documented their intended use of the mobilized data and provided early feedback	YES		

3.3. Project deliverables and activities

Refer to the table in section 2.2 "Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" of your BID full proposal. Provide updates on the status of each of planned deliverables. In the event of unexpected delay, please provide detailed explanatory notes and indicate planned completion date. Add as many rows as needed.

Deliverable	Related activity	Completed ? Yes/No	Explanatory notes	Sources of verification
Madagascar: Trainning on georeferencing was conducted in May for staff	Training	Yes	More than 80% our data doesn't have coordinates. Planning georeferencing trainning allowed to resolve this issue and increase quality of our data	
Madagascar: Regional training on capacity enhancement lead by Pr. Townsend.	Training	Yes	Our staff took part to the regional trainning organize by CNRE: Capacity building and biodiverisyt data mobolization for conservation,	https://www.dropbox.com/s h/nsyw0juip181o7r/AADIZ RLp2TVc5xbpSZdvvPs0a? dl=0







			sustainable use, and making in Africa and Madagacar	
Kenya : Network of trained museum staff in digitization and best practises in Entomology	Collaborative meetings in several museums to train and evaluate progress	No	Initial partners meeting occurred in Nairobi. A second partners meeting is slated for February 2018 in Madagascar	Nairobi meeting already verified during the previous reporting
Kenya: Geo referenced databases of Dragonflies, Caddis flies, Mayflies and ants from East and	Data Mobilization (Digitization)	Yes	Completed data capture in excel for	Entire excel databases are available Weblink for published ants (http://ipt.museums.or.ke/ipt/resource?r=nmk_ants_data)
Kenya :	Geo referencing	No	3216 ant records geo referenced 3247 dragon flies geo referenced	http://ipt.museums.or.k e/ipt/resource?r=nmk ants_data http://bo.adu.org.za/conten t.php?id=324
Kenya: Development of Checklists, distribution maps and species red listing	Mapping Checklisting	No	1. Dragonflies maps have been developed utilizing the already georeferenced records plus the Kenyan records held by the Animal demographic Unit, University of Cape Town	http://bo.adu.org.za/conten t.php?id=324







			Complete Kenyan dragonflies checklist already developed.	
Zimbabwe Network of trained Museum staff in digitization and best practices in Entomology	Zimbabwe conducted a two day training workshop that was titled Introduction to Biodiversity informatics in October 2016.	Not yet completed, expected to be complete by 31 May 2018	More training on data analysis t to be conducted in by March 2018.	http://naturalhistorymuseu mzimbabwe.com/bid- biodiversity-information-for- development/
Zimbabwe Georeferenced databases of Dragonflies, Caddis flies, Mayflies and ants from East and South African regions		Not yet completed, expected to be complete by 31 May 2018	Georeferencing and data cleaning currently in progress	
Zimbabwe Development of checklists, distribution maps and species red lists		Not yet completed, expected to be complete by 31 May 2018	One, checklist has been publised by the Zimabwe Team, Georeferencing and data cleaning of more records is currently in progress	http://www.gbif.org/publish er/5f2df235-914f-4cc9- b247-08fb981e8b8a
South Africa: Network of trained Museum staff in digitization and best practices in Entomology	Training	yes	Data entry and cleaning protocolls have been documented and staff has been trained. New interns started work and have received inhouse training.	N.A
South Africa: Georeferenced databases of Dragonflies, Caddis flies, Mayflies and ants from East and South African regions	Data Mobilization (Digitization)	no	All records are georeferenced as they are entered into the database. This is an ongoing process. As the project is still continuing, we are saying that it is not yet completed. Some of the data that was entered previously has also been checked and updated. Imaging will continue in the next funding cycle.	N/A







South Africa: Development of checklists, distribution maps and species red lists	Conservation	no	This will be completed in the next funding cycle, following the meeting in Madagascar in February 2018, where the consortium will decide upon the best practices for mapping, producing checklists and redlisting where enough information is known.	N/A
Mozambique: Network of trained Museum staff in digitization and best practices in Entomology	Training	Yes	Digitalization training for the staff of Entomology Sector of the Natural History Museum and Biology students on digitalization according to the Darwin Core.	https://www.facebook.com/ mhnm1913/posts/1074387 345997002
Mozambique: Georeferenced databases of Dragonflies, Caddis flies, Mayflies and ants from East and South African regions	Digitization of Blattaria, Mantodea, Odonata and Orthoptera database from Mozambique	Yes	Cataloguing of specimens.	
Mozambique: Development of checklists, distribution maps and species red lists	Distribution maps	No	Insect labels have no geographic coordinates and most collection sites have changed their name over time. Therefore until December it is intended to buffer the coordinates of the collection sites of each insect.	







3.4. Datasets published on GBIF.org

If the dataset is not yet published, please indicate the name of the institution that is expected to host the data when published in the column "DOI or URL/Planned hosting institution". Add as many rows as needed.

Dataset title	Publishing institution	DOI or URL/Planned hosting institution	Date/expected date of publication	Explanatory notes
Madagascar: Occurrence data of Coleoptera in the Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbzaza	Madagascar Biodiversity Center Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbzaza	http://ipt.madbif. mg/resource?r=d atabase coleopte ra	Aougust 2017	
Madagascar: Occurrence data of dragonflies in the Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbzaza	Madagascar Biodiversity Center Parc Botanique et Zoologique de Tsimbzaza	http://ipt.madbif. mg/resource?r=d ragonflies pbzt	Aougust 2017	
Kenya: Occurrence data of ants (Hymenoptera: Formicidae) in the Zoological collection of National Museums of Kenya	National Museums of Kenya	http://ipt.museum s.or.ke/ipt/resour ce?r=nmk_ants_ data		Last version published on 7 th July 2017
Botswana : Hymenoptera Collection at the Botswana National Museum	Botswana National Museum	GBIF	August/Septe mber 2017	There was a delay with installing IPT in the department
Botswana : Coleoptera Collection at the Botswana National Museum	Botswana National Museum	GBIF	December 2017	There was a delay with installing IPT in the department
Botswana : Diptera Collection at the Botswana National Museum	Botswana National Museum	GBIF	March 2018	There was a delay with installing IPT in the department
Zimbabwe: A checklist of beetles (Insecta: Coleoptera) from the Matobo World Heritage Site, deposited in the Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	doi:10.15468/0kwrq m	June, 8 2017	Currently publicy available on GBIF
Zimbabwe: EPTO genera and Formicidae of Zimbabwe	Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	December, 31 2017	Currently being developed
South Africa:	South African National Biodiversity Insitute	http://biodiversityad visor.sanbi.org/onlin	Already published	







Data already published: AM: Freshwater Invertebrates (1900-2005) AM: Terrestrial Insect Collections (1896-2000)	(SANBI). The South African node of GBIF, housed at SANBI, is known as SABIF (South African Biodiveristy Information Facility)	e-biodiversity- data/sabif http://doi.org/10.154 68/spzgor http://doi.org/10.154 68/nlkj0p		
South Africa: Albany Museum: Odonata 2006-2016	South African National Biodiversity Insitute (SANBI). The South African node of GBIF is housed at SANBI. This is known as SABIF (South African Biodiveristy Information Facility)	https://www.sanbi.or g/	2017/2018	Earlier data captured prior to BID funding is already housed on SABIF, which feeds to GBIF. New data capture is in progress. This includes data cleaning, and addition of new records. Also includes georeferencing from 1:50000 maps and google earth.
South Africa: Albany Museum: Ephemeroptera 2006-2016	South African National Biodiversity Insitute (SANBI). The South African node of GBIF is housed at SANBI. This is known as SABIF (South African Biodiveristy Information Facility)	https://www.sanbi.or	2017/2018	Earlier data captured prior to BID funding is already housed on SABIF, which feeds to GBIF. New data capture is in progress. This includes data cleaning, and addition of new records. Also includes georeferencing from 1:50000 maps and google earth.
South Africa: Albany Museum: Trichoptera 2006-2016	South African National Biodiversity Insitute (SANBI). The South African node of GBIF is housed at SANBI. This is known	https://www.sanbi.or	2017/2018	Earlier data captured prior to BID funding is already housed on SABIF, which feeds to GBIF.







	as SABIF (South African Biodiveristy Information Facility)		New data capture is in progress. This includes data cleaning, and addition of new records. Also includes georeferencing from 1:50000 maps and google earth.
Mozambique: Blattaria_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	September, 2017	We are still trying to validate the IPT on the GBIF.org to publish the data.
Mozambique: Mantodea_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	September, 2017	We are still trying to validate the IPT on the GBIF.org to publish the data.
Mozambique: Odonata_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	September, 2017	We are still trying to validate the IPT on the GBIF.org to publish the data.
Mozambique: Orthoptera_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	September, 2017	We are still trying to validate the IPT on the GBIF.org to publish the data.
Mozambique: Hemiptera_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	December, 2017	
Mozambique: Carabidae_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	December, 2017	
Mozambique: Dytiscidae_MHN_UEM	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	December, 2017	

3.5. Examples of use of biodiversity data available through GBIF

Use the table to document use or planned use of data available through GBIF as part of your project. You may want to refer to the section 2.5 "Plan to support the integration of biodiversity information into policy and decision-making processes" of your BID







full proposal. Please provide the DOI for datasets published on GBIF or data downloaded from GBIF in the "Dataset" column. Briefly describe how the data have been used or are planned to be used in the "Data use" column (ca. 50 words). Provide the date or approximate time frame in months for the use or planned use in the "Date/time frame" column. Please provide links to any documents or webpages documenting the use in the "Sources of verification" column. Add as many rows as needed.

Data user	Data use	Date/time frame	Sources of verification	Notes
Madagasc ar	We are looking for endemic cricket for our project Insect for Food. Database create for this project were very useful.	April 2017	DOI10.15468/dl.nqb3 oj DOI10.15468/dl.7cuh ta DOI10.15468/dl.uctsji	For the project IPSIO (Insect and People in South Indian Ocean) we are looking for potential endemic Malagasy insect species for rearing project
Kenya Wildlife service (KWS)	 Checklist list be made available to inform KWS what they are protecting Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings Country endemic species with their distribution will be brought to their attention for marketing purposes 	November 2017	http://bo.adu.org.za/c ontent.php?id=324	I have planned talks in KWS, Kenya Water Towers Agency and Nature Kenya in the coming weeks to share our findings so far
Kenya Water Tower Agency	 Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings Key indicator species will be highlighted 	November 2017		Pamphlets will also be developed for information sharing
Nature Kenya	Indicator species and their distribution will be availed for conservation advocacy	November 2017		
Kenya Wildlife service	 Checklist list be made available so that KWS is aware of what they are protecting Distribution maps will 	November 2017		
	Madagasc ar Kenya Wildlife service (KWS) Kenya Water Tower Agency Nature Kenya Wildlife	Madagasc ar Cricket for our project Insect for Food. Database create for this project were very useful. Kenya Wildlife service (KWS) Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings Country endemic species with their distribution will be brought to their attention for marketing purposes Kenya Water Tower Agency Nature Kenya Nature Kenya Nature Kenya Wildlife service We are looking for endemic cricket for our project Insect for this project Insect for Food. Database create for this project were very useful. Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings Key indicator species and their distribution will be availed for conservation advocacy Kenya Checklist list be made available so that KWS is aware of what they	Madagasc ar We are looking for endemic cricket for our project Insect for Food. Database create for this project were very useful. Kenya Wildlife service (KWS) - Checklist list be made available to inform KWS what they are protecting - Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings - Country endemic species with their distribution will be brought to their attention for marketing purposes Kenya Water Tower Agency November 2017 Kenya Water Tower Agency Indicator species and their distribution will be highlighted Nature Kenya November 2017 November 2017	Madagasc ar We are looking for endemic cricket for our project Insect for Food. Database create for this project were very useful. Kenya Wildlife service (KWS) - Checklist list be made available to inform KWS what they are protecting - Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings - Country endemic species with their attention for marketing purposes Kenya Water Tower Agency November 2017 - Distribution maps will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings - Country endemic species will be made available to highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings - Key indicator species will be highlighted Nature Kenya Nature Kenya November 2017 November 3017 November 2017 November 3017 November 3017







		highlight data deficiency and guide future samplings	November		
	Nature Kenya	Indicator species and their distribution will be availed for conservation advocacy	2017		
Botswana: Hymenoptera Collection at the Botswana National Museum	Botswana National Museum (Zoology Unit in Collaborati on with National botanical Unit)	Identification of Hymenoptera collected from the National Botanical Garden.	August 2016-March 2018	Letter of intend of use of mobilised data	The Zoology Unit is working in collaboration with the National botanical Garden on 'Insects diversity and abundance in the Botswana National Botanical Garden: An important site for biodiversity conservation.' The Hymenoptera data available will be useful in identifying the specimens
Botswana: Hymenoptera Collection at the Botswana National Museum	University of Botswana	Identification and distributon of Hymenoptera in Botswana	August 2016-March 2018	Letter of intend of use of mobilised data	
Zimbabwe: A checklist of beetles (Insecta: Coleoptera) from the Matobo World Heritage Site, deposited in the Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	Matobo National Park	Identification of beetles from the Matobo National Park	August 2016- December 2017		A project is was conducted with the Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe, Entomology department to Assess the biodiversity found within the Matopo National Park, articles for publication to peer reviewed journals are being prepared and will include citations of the checklist.
Zimbabwe: EPTO genera and Formicidae of Zimbabwe	Matobo National Park	Identification of ants and Odonata from the Matobo National Park			Two projects were conducted with the Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe, Entomology department







South Africa: Albany Museum_ Odonata 2006-2016	Researche rs and river health managers	Add Albany Museum records to the extensive work already done by colleagues at the University of Stellenbosch (Michael Samways; John Simaika) and KD Dijkstra, who is now based at the Naturalis Biodiversity Center, Leiden, The Netherlands.	Information being captured will be uploaded at end of project funding cycle	http://www.iucnredlist.or g/search https://www.researchga te.net/publication/27234 8475_The_Dragonflies and Damselflies of Ea stern Africa_Handbook for_all_Odonata_from _Sudan_to_Zimbabwe https://www.researchga te.net/publication/28576 6078_Sixty_new_drago nfly_and_damselfly_sp ecies_from_Africa_Odo nata	which used the checklist to identify ants and Odonota from the Matopo world heritage site. Articles for publication are currently being developed and will the checklists In progress. One of the big knowledge gaps is the linking of the aquatic nymphal stage with adults at species level, so many of the nymphs are not yet described and named, as the focus on Odonata has traditionally been on the adult stages, yet much work these days focuses on the aquatic stages. Correcting this is beyond the scope of this project.
South Africa: Albany Museum Ephemeropt era 2006- 2016	Researche rs and river health managers. Redlisiting will contribute to conservati on of freshwater environme nts.	Checklist updates; distribution lists extended. Expected to contributed to building of IUCN redlisting of African mayflies	Indefinite; new species are still frequently being discovered. Information being captured will be uploaded at end of project funding cycle	http://fada.biodiversit y.be/group/show/35	In progress. Redlisting of African mayflies is a big undertaking, and will be ongoing long after this funding cycle.
South Africa: Albany Museum Trichoptera 2006-2016	Researche rs and river health managers	Checklist updates; distribution lists extended.	Indefinite; new species are still frequently being discovered. Information being captured will be uploaded at end of project funding cycle.	http://fada.biodiversit y.be/group/show/39	In progress







Mozambiqu e: Blattaria_MH N_UEM	Researche rs, Eduardo Mondlane University (Departme nt of Biological Sciences)	Identification of different species: distribution and occurrence maps	Septembe r, 2017	
Mozambiqu e: Mantodea_M HN_UEM	Researche rs, Eduardo Mondlane University (Departme nt of Biological Sciences)	Identification of different species: distribution and occurrence maps	Septembe r, 2017	
Mozambiqu e: Odonata_MH N_UEM	Researche rs, Eduardo Mondlane University (Departme nt of Biological Sciences)	Identification of different species: distribution and occurrence maps	Septembe r, 2017	
Mozambiqu e: Orthoptera_ MHN_UEM	Researche rs, Eduardo Mondlane University (Departme nt of Biological Sciences)	Identification of different species: distribution and occurrence maps	Septembe r, 2017	

3.6. Events organized as part of the project

List all the events that have been organized as part of your project. Please provide links to any documents or webpages documenting the use in the "Sources of verification" column. Add as many rows as needed.

Full title	Organizin g institution	Dates	Number of participan ts	Sources of verification
Madagascar America week_exhibition activities	Madagasc ar Biodiversit y Center & American	25-26 April 2017	4 Participant s from our staff	150 years of diplomatic relations between the U.S. and Malagasy governments.







	embassy Madagasc ar			
Kenya All Africa House Workshop	University of Capetown/ National Museums of Kenya	12 th June 2017	20 Participant s	Photos and Powerpoint presentations and workshop program
Botswana Training Workshop in Digitization Best Practices	Botswana National Museum	29/05/20 17 to 02/06/20 17	20 Participant s	Training Workshop Report, Workshop Programme and Photographs
Zimbabwe: Intial GBIFPlanning meeting	Kenya Museum		10	
Zimbabwe Introduction to BiodiversityInformat ics	Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe	18-19 October 2016	28	http://naturalhistorymuseumzimbabwe.com/bid-biodiversity-information-for-development/
Mozambique: Lecture: "African Insect Atlas: unleashing the potencial of insects in conservation and sustainability research in Africa"	Natural History Museum of the Eduardo Mondlane University	31/05/20 17	20	https://www.facebook.com/mhnm1913/posts/1074387345 997002

4. Implementation of BID project activities

Refer to section 2.2 "Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" in your BID full proposal. Provide updates on each of the activities using the reporting criteria and other sources of verification as appropriate. If no result has been achieved on a specific activity, please indicate it as "no result achieved yet" and indicate expected date of completion.

Sources of verification are for example links to relevant digital document, news, newsletter, brochures, copies of agreements with data holding institutions, workshop related documents, pictures, etc.

4.1. Goal 1: Establish or strengten national biodiversity information facility *Activity 1 name:*

Please use same activity name as the one given in section 2.2 "Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" in your BID full proposal.







Description of any implementation during the reporting period

Kenya: An initial meeting of all partners was held in Nairobi at the project's onset. The second collaborative meeting in Madagascar initially planned for the 12th month has been pushed to February 2018 when most participating partners will be available.

Sources of verification

Kenya: The Nairobi meeting was verified in the last reporting using photos from the meeting and meeting program.

Postponement of the Madagascar meeting can be verified by email exchanges between partners

Activity 2 name:

Description of any implementation during the reporting period

Sources of verification

[Add as many activities as given in your full proposal under "Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" for goal 1]

4.2. Goal 2: Increase available biodiversity data, within and beyond the grant period *Activity 1 name:* Data mobilization in Kenya (Digitization)

Description of any implementation during the reporting period

Specimen label data capturing has been ongoing since the last reporting. As a result of this, all the 3 insect orders have been complete with the fourth one Odonata (dragonflies) ongoing. Below is a breakdown of the digitized records so far.

Odonata (Dragonflies) - 6262 records

Ephemeroptera (Mayflies) - 167 records

Trichoptera (Caddisflies) - 350 records

Hymenoptera (Ants) - 3216 records

All data is currently in excel spreadsheets. In addition electronic data capture, that for the 3216 ants and 3247 dragonflies specimens had the geo-localities added. That from ants (3216 records) has already been published through the museum's IPT.

Sources of verification

http://ipt.museums.or.ke/ipt/resource?r=nmk ants data

Activity 2 name:

Description of any implementation during the reporting period







Sources of verification

[Add as many activities as given in your full proposal under "Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" for goal 2]







4.3. Goal 3: Apply biodversity data in response to national priorities

Activity 1 name: Insect for food and feed in South of Madagascar

Description of any implementation during the reporting period

Database from this collection that we digitized was used for species identification. The goal was to check the species distribution. The species was used for rearing project to alleviate famine a national challenge in South of Madagascar.

Sources of verification

http://www.ipsio.org/

Activity 2 name: Kenya: Conservation areas in Kenya

Description of any implementation during the reporting period

A checklist of the dragonflies from Kenya is now available. Also available is the general distribution of the 3247 geo-referenced records together with distribution maps for specific species of interest i.e. most common species and country endemic species. I talk to present the findings has already been given at the University of Cape Town. More talks are in the pipeline at the National Museums of Kenya and Kenya wildlife service.

Sources of verification

http://bo.adu.org.za/content.php?id=324

Activity 3 name: Conservation areas in South Africa

Description of any implementation during the reporting period

Data captured for the database has been useful for two conservation related presentation as the Society for Conservation Biology's International Congress for Conservation Biology (ICCB), in Cartagena, Colombia.

Sources of verification

Barber-James, H.M., Holland, A.J. and Sithole, H. 2017. Evaluation of strategies in Kruger National Park to effectively conserve aquatic biodiversity. *International Congress for Conservation Biology* (ICCB), Cartagena, Colombia. 23-27 July. **Oral paper.**

de Moor F.C., Bellingan T.A., Barber-James, H.M. Mantel S.K. 2017. Effects of geological history on the interpretation of macroinvertebrates indices as a measure of water quality in the Tsitsikamma Rivers, South Africa. *International Congress for Conservation Biology* (ICCB), Cartagena, Colombia. 23-27 July. **Poster paper.**







[Add as many activities as given in your full proposal under 'Deliverables, activities and reporting criteria" for goal 3]





5. Updated calendar for the BID project implementation and evaluation period

The calendar should be completed in the same way as in the Full Project Proposal, but should include any expected changes. Provide reasons for any expected changes in section 5.1 'Explanatory Notes'.

Implementation period (maximum 24 months, starting 1 June 2016 at the earliest)																										
Implementation period start date and end date (dd/mm/yy)		1 June 2016 – 31 May 2018																								
Activity	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	' {	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	Notes
Training workshop held in Nairobi, Kenya and Madagascar		Х																			Х					The Madagascar workshop in February 2018
6 months progress analysis						Х	(Х						Х						Х	
Data mobilization			Х	Х	Х	Х	(х	()	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ						
Georeferencing																	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ				
Publishing															Х	Х		Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х			
Conservation (Mapping)																		Х	Х		Х	Χ	Х	Χ	Х	
Conservation (Checklist)																		Х	Х		Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х	
Mid-term evaluation and reporting													Х						Х							













Evaluation period (maximum 6 months, ending 31 December 2018 at the latest)											
Evaluation period start date and end date (dd/mm/yy)	1 June 2016 – 31 May 2018										
Activity	1	2	3	4	5	6	Notes				
Final financial and narrative reporting		Х	Х								
Training				Х	Х						
Data mobilization				Х	Х						
Conservation					Х	Х					

5.1. Explanatory notes:

The mapping and checklists will only begin following the meeting in Madagscar planned for February 2017, where members from each museum in the current consortium will meet to discuss how to compile maps and produce checklists, using the data that we have been capturing over the whole funded period.













6. Beneficiaries/affiliated entities and other cooperation

6.1. Relationship with project partners

Please describe the relationship between your project coordinating team/institution and your project partners, and with any other organisations involved in implementing your BID project.

Kenya

Dragonflies data from specimens originally collected from Zimbabwe but housed within the National Museums of Kenya has been shared with the National Museums of Zimbabwe in Bulawayo for publishing as requested.

6.2. Links to other projects and actions

Where applicable, outline any links and synergies you have developed with other actions, e.g. GBIF nodes, other BID funded projects, etc. If your organization has received previous grants in view of strengthening the same target group, to what extent has your BID project been able to build upon/complement the previous project(s)?

Kenya

The Kenya BID project has been working in collaboration with the Animal Demographic Unit (ADU) of the University of Cape Town which maintains a virtual museum for various animal taxa. One of the projects within the virtual museum is OdonataMap which has been mapping dragonflies for the entire African continent. The BID project was able to provide from the BID project some missing records that facilitated the development of a detailed checklist for Kenya and together with distribution maps.

7. Visibility

Please refer to the BID quidelines.

7.1. Visibility of the BID project

How is the visibility of your BID project being ensured?

Short summary

BID logo has been added to all the power point presentations poster, barnner of works from the BID project and related activities.

Sources of verification

First page and Acknowledgement page of the presentations are attached

7.2. Visibility of the EU contribution

How is the visibility of the EU contribution being ensured within your project implementation?

Short summary

The European logo has been added to all the power point, poster, barnner presentations of works from the BID project and related activities.

Sources of verification

First page and Acknowledgement page of the presentations



This programme is funded by the European Union





Signature
Name of the contact person for the BID Project: Balsama Rajemison
Date report sent by email in Word format to bid@gbif.org for pre-approval: 30 august 2017
Date report sent by post to GBIF Secretariat:

