

Positioning GBIF for the the post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework

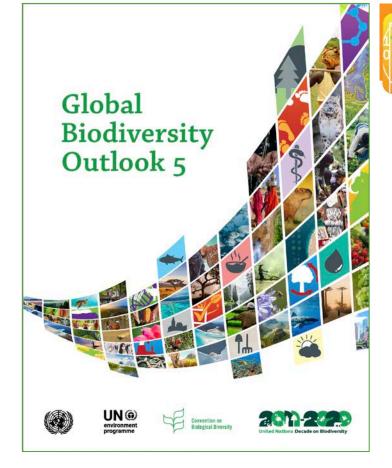


Global Biodiversity Information Facility

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GB27 Day 2 | 20 October 2020

5TH GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY OUTLOOK



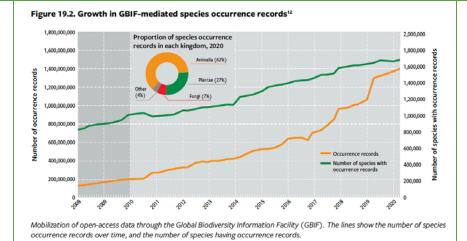


TARGET ELEMENTS

1. Biodiversity knowledge, science and technologies improved 2. Biodiversity knowledge, science and technologies shared 2 Status

Summary of target achievement

Significant progress has been made since 2010 in the generation, sharing and assessment of knowledge and data on biodiversity, with big-data aggregation, advances in modelling and artificial intelligence opening up new opportunities for improved understanding of the biosphere. However, major imbalances remain in the location and taxonomic focus of studies and monitoring. Information gaps remain in the consequences of biodiversity loss for people, and the application of biodiversity knowledge in decision making is limited. **The target has been partially achieved** (*medium confidence*).¹





GBIF SUPPORTING BIODIVERSITY INDICATORS

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- Trend in invasive alien species introductions (through Global Register of Introduced and Invasive Species)
- Species Protection Index
- Protected Area Representativeness Index
- Comprehensiveness of conservation of socioeconomically/cu Iturally valuable species
- Agrobiodiversity Index

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 Crop Wild Relative Index

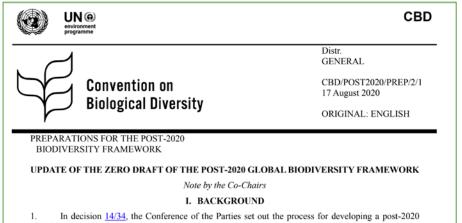
- Growth in species occurrence records accessible through GBIF
- Species Status
 Information Index



DELAYED TIMETABLE FOR NEW GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK

UN BIODIVERSITY CONVENTION MEETINGS CRUCIAL TO DEVELOPMENT OF POST-2020 GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK MOVED TO 2021

The physical meetings of the twenty-fourth meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Scientific, Technical and Technological Advice (SBSITA-24) and the third meeting of the Subsidiary Body on Implementation (SBI-3) will be held in the first quarter of 2021.



1. In decision <u>14/34</u>, the Conference of the Parties set out the process for developing a post-2020 global biodiversity framework, established the Open-ended Working Group on the Post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework to support this process and designated its Co-Chairs. Subsequently, the Working Group at its first meeting requested the Co-Chairs and the Executive Secretary, with the oversight of the Bureau, to continue the preparatory process in accordance with decisions <u>14/34</u>, <u>CP-9/7</u> and <u>NP-3/15</u>, and to prepare documentation, including a zero draft text of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework¹ for consideration by the Working Group at its second meeting. Pursuant to these requests, a zero draft of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework was issued for consideration by the Working Group at its second meeting. (CBD/WG2020/2/3).

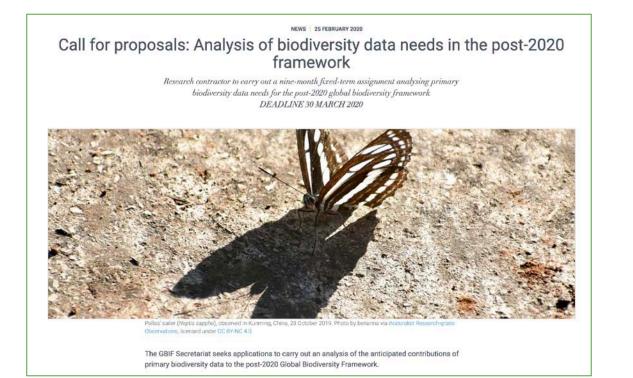
- Subsidiary body meetings (SBSTTA 24, SBI3) Canada | March 2021
- Final meeting of Open-ended Working Group Cali, Colombia | ? 2021
- COP 15 (UN Biodiversity Conference) Kunming, China | ? 2021

OPPORTUNITIES FOR GBIF

- Strong role for data and monitoring within new targets (draft new Target 19)
- Implementation support mechanisms (Knowledge generation, management and sharing; capacity development)
- Critical role of primary data for monitoring and reporting



ANALYSING DATA NEEDS FOR GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK



- Competitive call for analysis of post-2020 data needs
- Entries evaluated by panel including external experts
- Contract awarded to VertNet consortium (Rob Guralnick, David Bloom, Paula Zermoglio)
- Work timeline adjusted due to changes in CBD timetable
- Project under way from September 2020, publication 2nd quarter 2021



PROJECT PLAN

- 1. Historic inputs of primary biodiversity data (PBD) into CBD processes
- 2. Projects and products that use PBD to support the post-2020 Framework
- 3. PBD sources used in EBVs, Indicators, and other products
- 4. Dependencies on PBD within the post-2020 Framework
- 5. Conclusions and next steps



VertNet

HARMONIZING NATIONAL PLATFORMS



Colts-foot (Tussilago farlara), Perwez, Belgium. Photo 2019 by Mathieu Gilbert, via iNaturalist research-grade observations, licensed under CC BY-NC 4.0.

During the last two years, the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) and it Secretariat has been developing a new Content Management System for the Clearing House Mechanism (CHM) of the Convention. The tool, named "Bioland", is interoperable with others biodiversity databases.

The principle goals of this project is to reinforce links between CHM and GBIF communities, and to develop concrete synergies, for example a specific GBIF-compatible plugin for Bioland.

National CHM teams in this project include: DR Congo, Cameroon, Mauritania, Madagascar, Bénin, Togo, Guinea, Belgium and France.

Project Progress

As a part of the first phase of the project, the Bioland tool became active and available for partners to use. A workshop was held in the start of October 2019 to give the partners involved in the project access to Bioland as well as full proficiency. The workshop also included training in the GBIF process, data acquisition and methods, so in the end of the workshop partners were ready to start the implementation of the Bioland tool in their national CHM.

- Project funded under Capacity Enhancement Support Programme (CESP)
- Developing plugin for incorporating GBIFpublished data in national Clearing-House Mechanism (CHM) sites via Bioland tool
- Encouraging data-sharing from national CBD platforms via GBIF Integrated Publishing Toolkit (IPT)
- Starting with 8 francophone African countries, aim for wider adoption



RELEVANT 2021 WORK PROGRAMME ITEMS

Activity 1e (Expand national participation):

 Actively seek new Voting Participant countries, and return of former Voting Participants, to broaden the funding base ahead of the 2023-2027 financial period; in particular highlighting to governments the value of GBIF in meeting data and capacity needs for national implementation of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework under the Convention on Biological Diversty (CBD)

Activity 5c (Support biodiversity assessment):

 Publish outcomes of the analysis of primary data needs for the post-2020 Global Biodiversity Framework, promote at relevant fora including the COP15 meeting of the CBD in Kunming, China



THANK YOU

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