

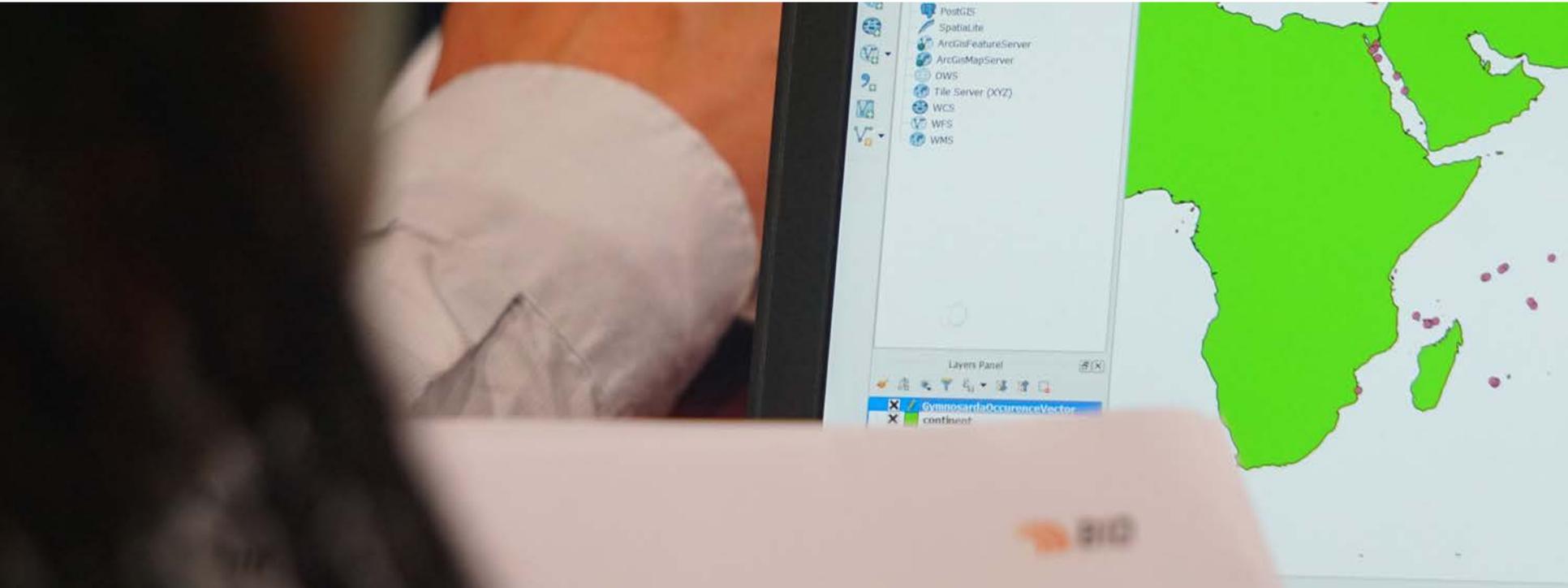


**GBIF**

Global Biodiversity  
Information Facility



**BID**



# Impact on Data Use

*Maheva Bagard Laursen – GBIF Programme Coordinator*

03 September 2019

THE BID PROGRAMME IS FUNDED BY THE [EUROPEAN UNION](#)

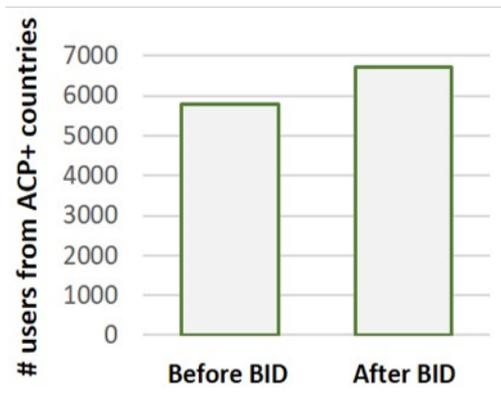


# OVERALL OBJECTIVE OF THE BID PROGRAMME

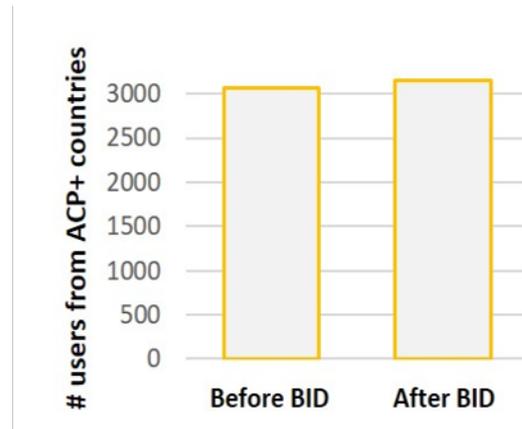
“Improved management of natural capital for human well-being, **through increased application** of biodiversity information as evidence for decision making”

# USERS REGISTERED IN GBIF.ORG

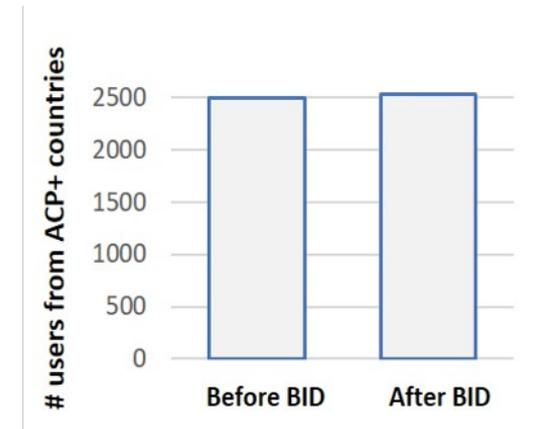
## Africa



## Caribbean

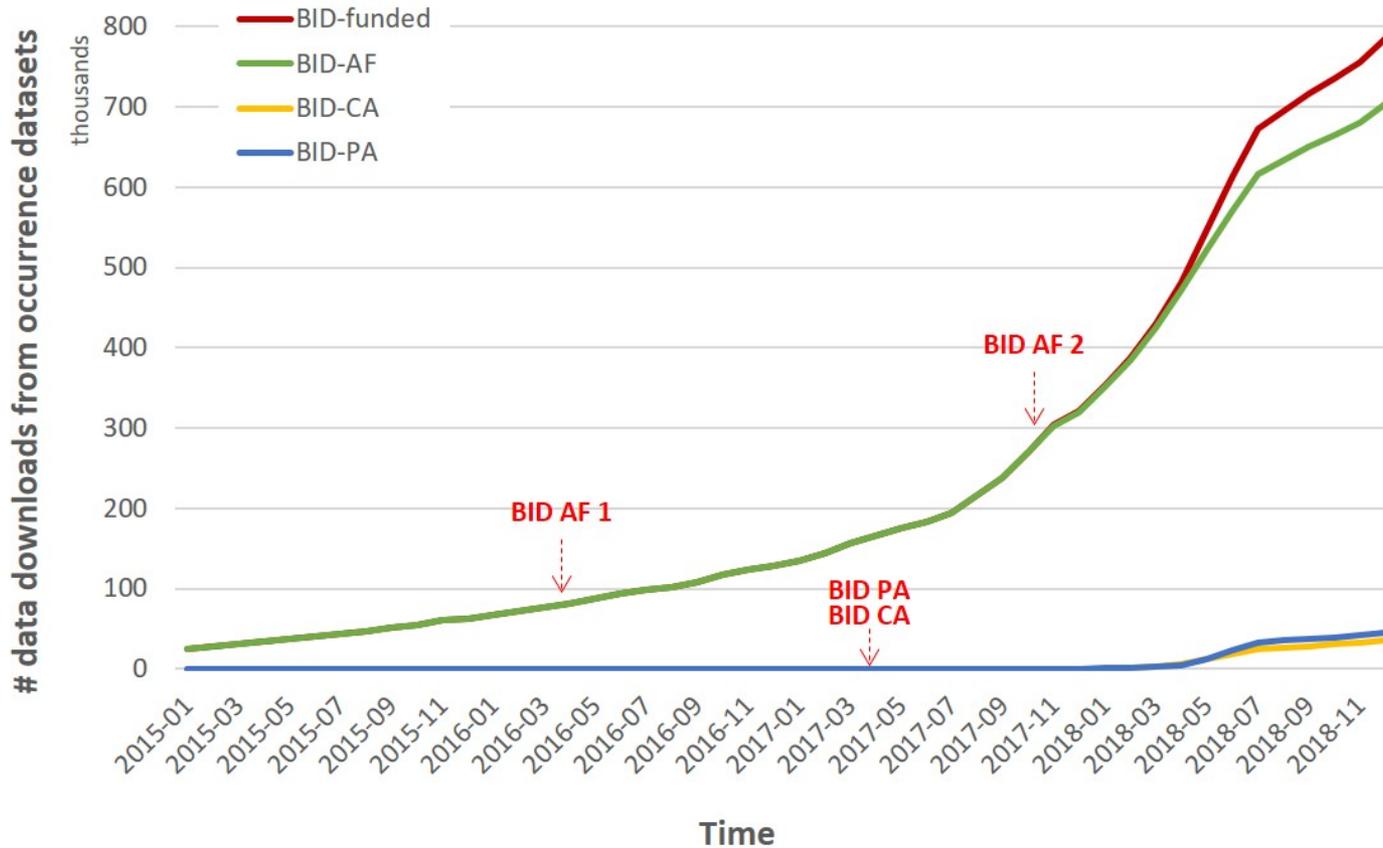


## Pacific



Small to moderate growth in number of data users *after BID*.  
Growth in number of users slower than global growth.

# DOWNLOAD OF DATA PUBLISHED BY BID-FUNDED COUNTRIES



Results based on Occurrence data alone

# DOWNLOAD OF DATA PUBLISHED BY BID-FUNDED COUNTRIES

		Country queried					
		BID-funded			ACP+		
User region		AF	CA	PA	AF	CA	PA
AF	before BID	21.1	0	0	19.2	0	0
	during BID	45	6.2	0	42.3	4.1	0
CA	before BID	0	2.5	0	0	9.3	0
	during BID	0.3	11.6	0	0.3	22.3	0
PA	before BID	0	0	1.8	0	0	0.8
	during BID	0	0	9.4	0	0	7.2
non-ACP+	before BID	78.9	97.4	98.2	80.8	90.7	99.2
	during BID	54.6	82.1	90.6	57.4	73.6	92.8

Percentage of the downloads of occurrence data downloaded by users from distinct regions

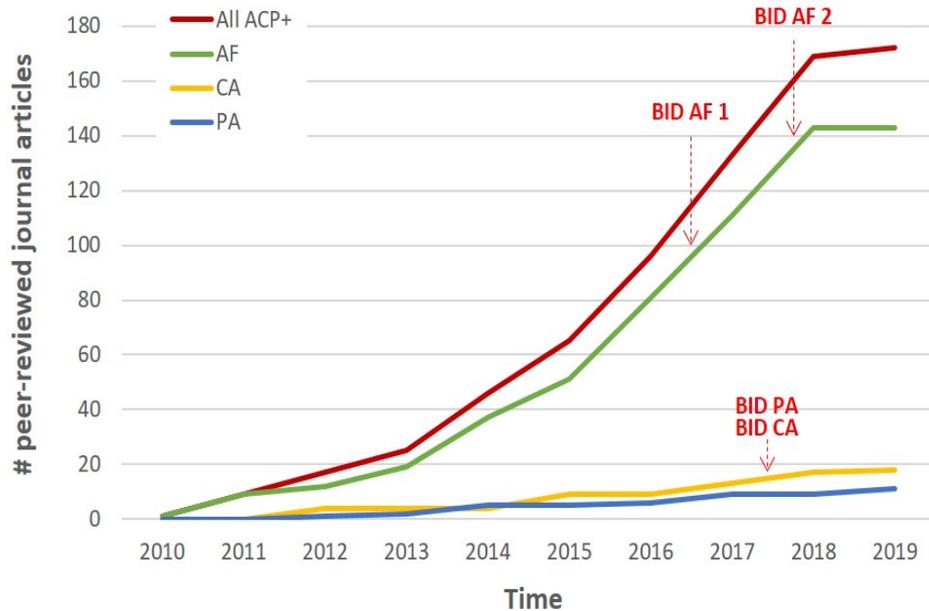
Dataset region	User origin country						non-ACP+	Total
	same BID-funded	different BID-funded, same region	different BID-funded, different region	ACP+ non-BID, same region	ACP+ non-BID, different region			
AF	6,482	2,042	4	44	3	2,653	11,228	
CA	76	0	78	18	2	814	988	
PA	0	1	1	0	1	160	163	
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,558</b>	<b>2,043</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>3,627</b>	<b>12,379</b>	

Numbers of downloads from BID-funded datasets by dataset region

Increased download from users located in ACP regions

BID-funded datasets mainly downloaded by users from the ACP countries

# PEER-REVIEWED PUBLICATIONS



Number of peer-reviewed journal articles with at least one author from ACP+ countries, which used GBIF-mediated data

Origin of authors	Peer reviewed literature			Non-peer reviewed literature		Total literature resources	
	Region	Journal articles		Total	Total		
		which used GBIF data	Total				
BID-funded countries	AF	136	237	251	2	14	265
	CA	9	17	17	0	0	17
	PA	9	13	13	0	0	13
	<b>Total</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>281</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>295</b>

Number of literature publications from authors in ACP regions (cumulative as of April 2019)

# LITERATURE PUBLICATIONS CITING BID DATASETS

Region	Peer-reviewed journal	Other peer-reviewed	Non-peer-reviewed	Total literature citations
AF	684	25	57	776
CA	19	1	1	21
PA	33	2	9	44
<b>Total</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>841</b>

736 citations of BID datasets in peer reviewed journals

# DATA USE FOR DECISION MAKING

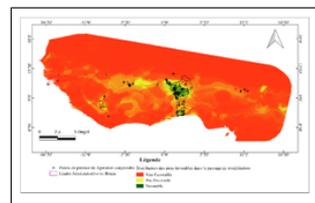
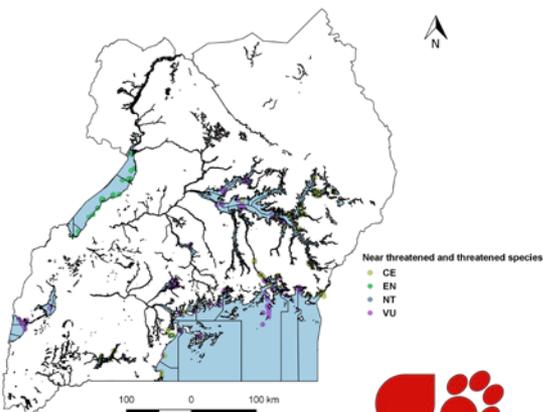


Figure 1: Potential distribution under current climate

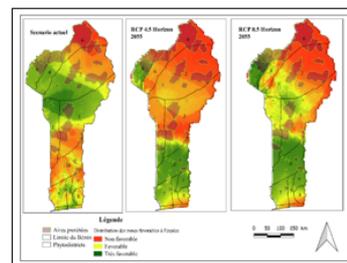


Figure 2: Potential distribution under current and future climates in Benin

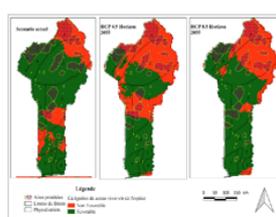


Figure 3: Vulnerability of the photodistricts with *Ageratum conyzoides*.

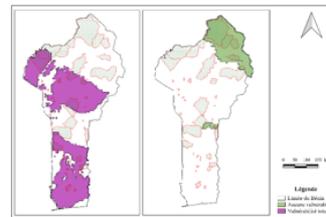


Figure 4: Vulnerability of protected areas to *Ageratum conyzoides*.

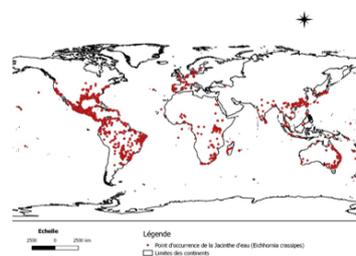


Figure 1: Occurrence points of *Eichhornia crassipes* across the world

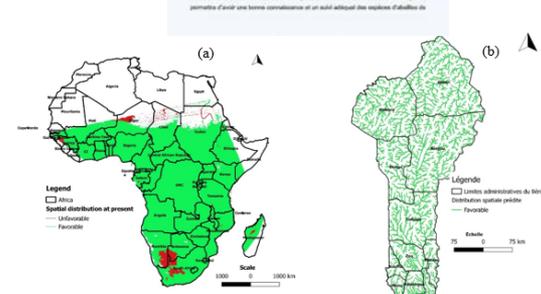


Figure 2: Spatial distribution of *Eichhornia crassipes* at present (threshold of Minimum Training Presence); a) across Africa; b) in Benin

# IN BRIEF

- Small to moderate growth in the number of data users
- BID datasets mainly downloaded by users in ACP regions
- 736 citations in peer review journals
- Concrete examples of data use for decision making



## [A benchmark dataset of herbarium specimen images with label data](#)

Dillen, M. Groom, Q. Chagnoux, S. Güntsch, A. Hardisty, A. Haston, E. ... - (2019) Biodiversity Data Journal  
Background: More and more herbaria are digitising their collections. Images of specimens are made available to them and allow extraction of information from them. Transcription of the data written on specimen labels improves discoverability and enables incorporation into other datasets.

Journal article | Open access | Peer-reviewed

Data used in study [DOI 10.15468/dl.v4htc9](#) [DOI 10.15468/ib5ypt](#) [DOI 10.15468/ly60bx](#) [DOI 10.15468/wrthx](#) [DOI 10.15468/ypoir](#)

## [A global test of ecoregions](#)

Smith, J. Letten, A. Ke, P. Anderson, C. Hendershot, J. Dhami, M. ... - (2018) Nature Ecology & Evolution  
A foundational paradigm in biological and Earth sciences is that our planet is divided into distinct ecoregions. This notion has profoundly influenced scientific research and environmental management. Advances in technology and data availability are now enabling a more detailed and accurate understanding of the world's ecoregions.

Journal article | Peer-reviewed

Data used in study [DOI 10.15468/dl.61rqcy](#) [DOI 10.15468/dl.akftay](#) [DOI 10.15468/dl.as6uug](#) [DOI 10.15468/dl.pn1aw9](#) [DOI 10.15468/dl.uhenif](#) [DOI 10.15468/dl.uhumps](#)

## [Specimens as Research Objects: Reconciliation Across Distributed Repositories and Metadata Propagation](#)

Nicolson, N. Paton, A. Phillips, S. Tucker, A. (2018) 2018 IEEE 14th International Conference on e-Science  
Botanical specimens are shared as long-term consultable research objects in a global network of specimen repositories. Specimens are generated from a shared field collection event; generated specimens are then managed in local repositories and independently augmented with re...

annotation • data citation • record linkage • research objects

# BREAKOUT SESSION

## Discussions: 30 minutes

- (1) Choose a note taker (use word document)
- (2) Choose a rapporteur
- (3) Discuss the different questions
- (4) Capture key messages on post it

## Plenary: 30 minutes

A selection of groups will have **5 minutes** to:

- (1) Display their post it
- (2) Present their key messages to the whole group

# BID IMPACT ON DATA USE

- (1) In your opinion, why are researchers in the region not sufficiently aware and/or not sufficiently using GBIF as a source of primary biodiversity data?
- (2) In your opinion, what are the key challenges in integrating biodiversity data into decision-making processes?