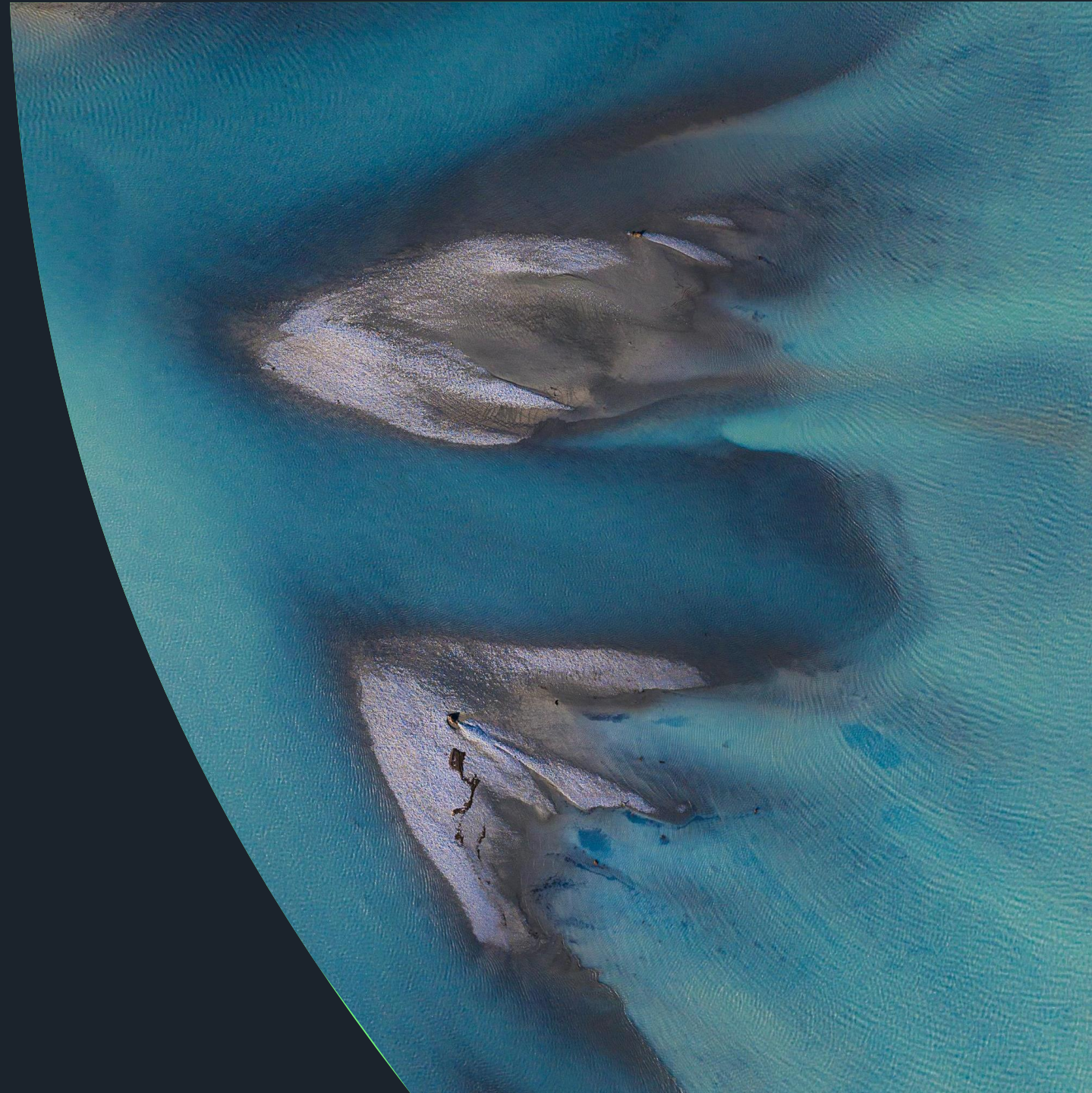
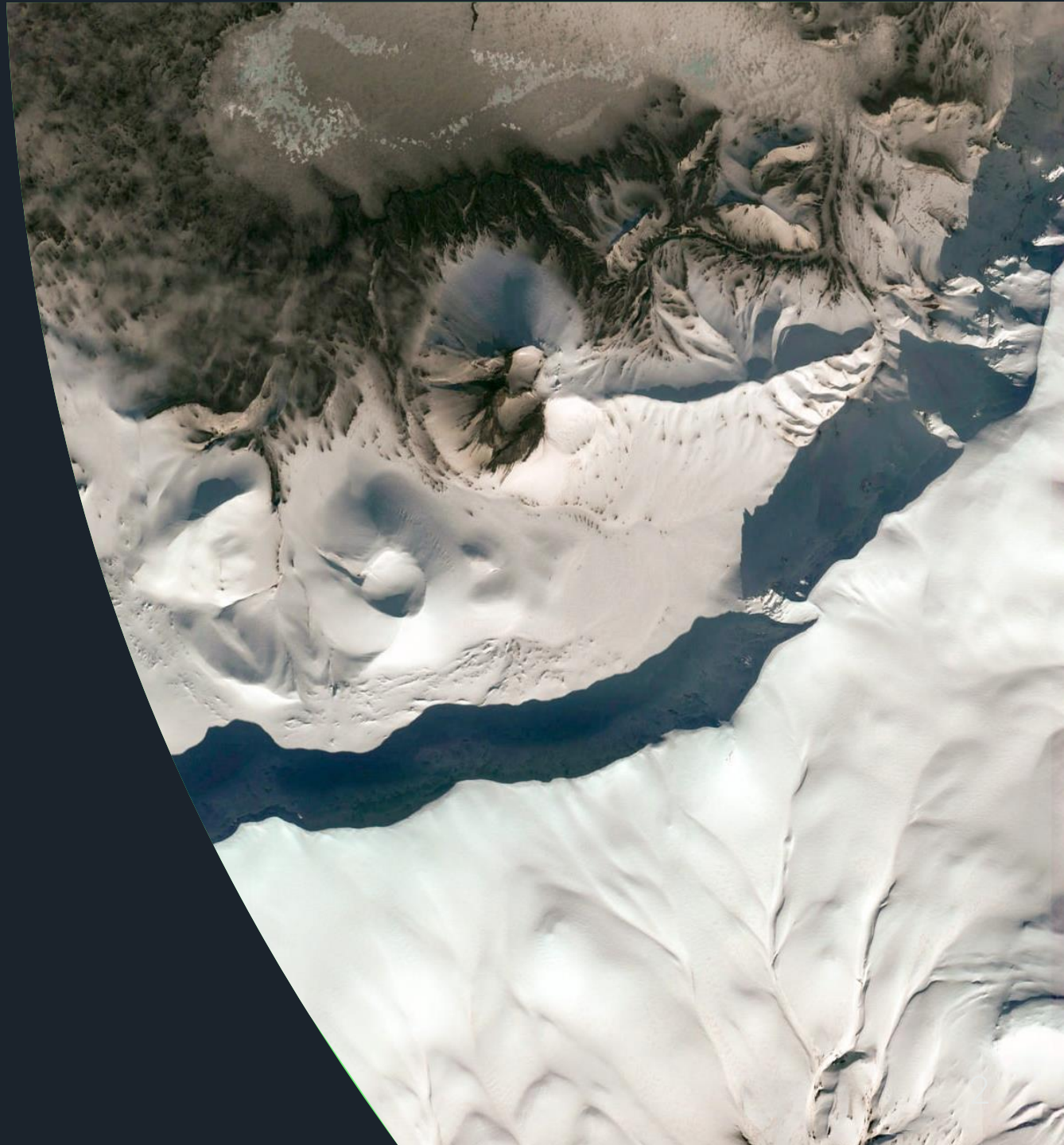


The webinar
will begin
shortly



Forests and Water Security Disclosure

June 30th 2026



Webinar Hosts



Name

Customer Success Account Manager
CDP

Name

Customer Success Account Manager
CDP

Agenda

Business case for disclosing on Forests & Water Security

Why companies are being requested to disclose on these themes

Overview of the Forests and Water Security questionnaire modules

Key information about the 2026 disclosure cycle



Driving more holistic disclosure

CDP continues to drive holistic environmental disclosure, building on the successful introduction of the integrated questionnaire in 2024.

In 2025, nature disclosures rose, reflecting steady momentum toward more comprehensive environmental reporting.

3,500+ companies disclosed on climate, water and forests in 2025, an increase on 2024.

Nearly **60%** of 2025 survey respondents agree the new questionnaire structure is an improvement on the previous version with separate questionnaires for each theme.



Why disclose on deforestation?

Forests permeate our economy and stabilize the climate

\$150tn

worth of ecosystem services
provided by forests that businesses
depend upon

3.7m

hectares of tropical forest converted in
2023, releasing 2.4 gigatonnes of CO2
emissions

\$44bn

in financial risk faced by businesses
disclosing through CDP



Inaction is costly...

On average nearly **US\$300 million** at risk, versus

US\$17.4 million to respond per reporting company.

The cost of inaction could be more than **17x** **higher** than the cost of action.

Source: 2022 CDP Data



...and awareness brings rewards

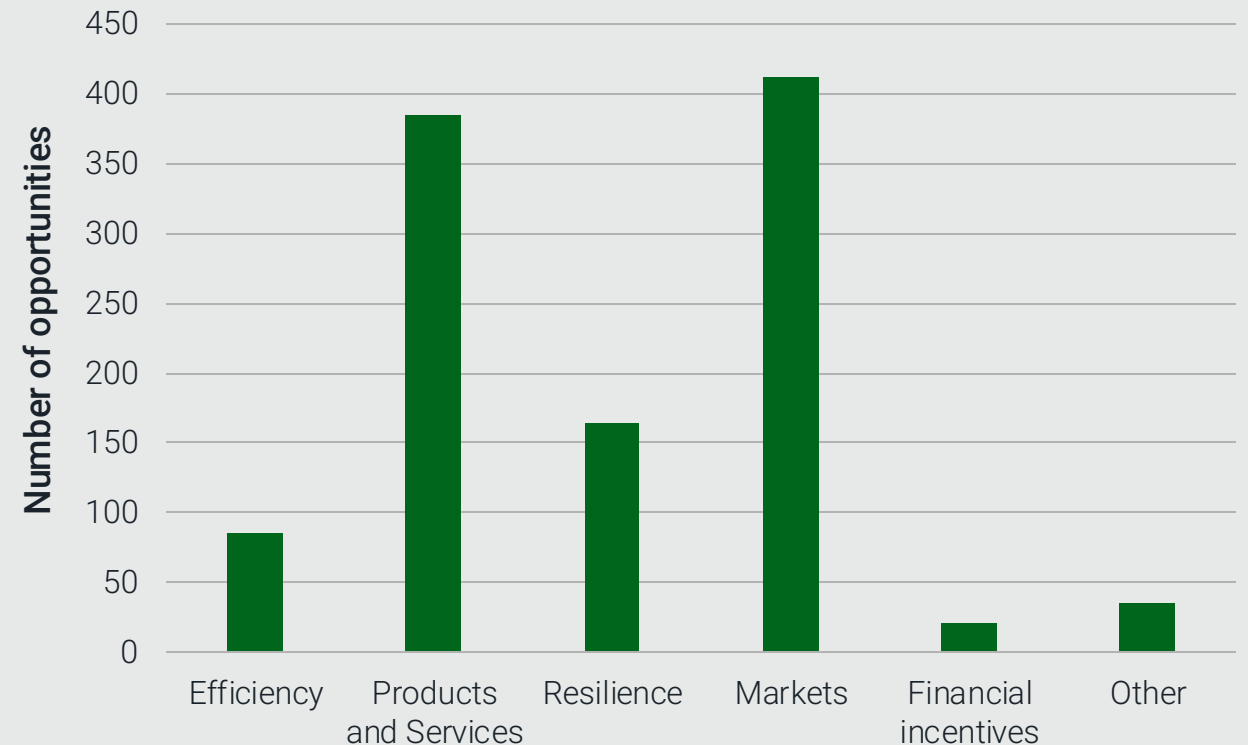
29% of companies identified forest-related opportunities with potential to have substantive financial or strategic impact on their business.

231 companies reported opportunities worth US\$58 billion.

Source: 2022 CDP Data



Forests-related opportunities identified by companies



Source: 2023 CDP Data

Why disclose on water security?

Water supply is the most common business dependency

\$58tn

freshwater's economic value

50%

of water supplies in high-income economies drawn from water scarce areas

\$339bn

potential financial impact of water risk



Water security underpins survival

Water supply is the most common business dependency

\$58tn

freshwater's
economic value [source]

50%

of water supplies in high-
income economies drawn
from water scarce areas
[source]

\$13.5bn

of assets already
stranded by water issues
[source]

\$596bn

potential financial
impact of water risk
[Source: 2023 CDP Data]



Inaction is costly...

US\$596 billion is the potential financial impact of water risk, according to CDP data.

US\$100 billion would be the money required to mitigate those risks.

The cost of inaction could be more than 5x higher than the cost of action.

Source: 2023 CDP Data

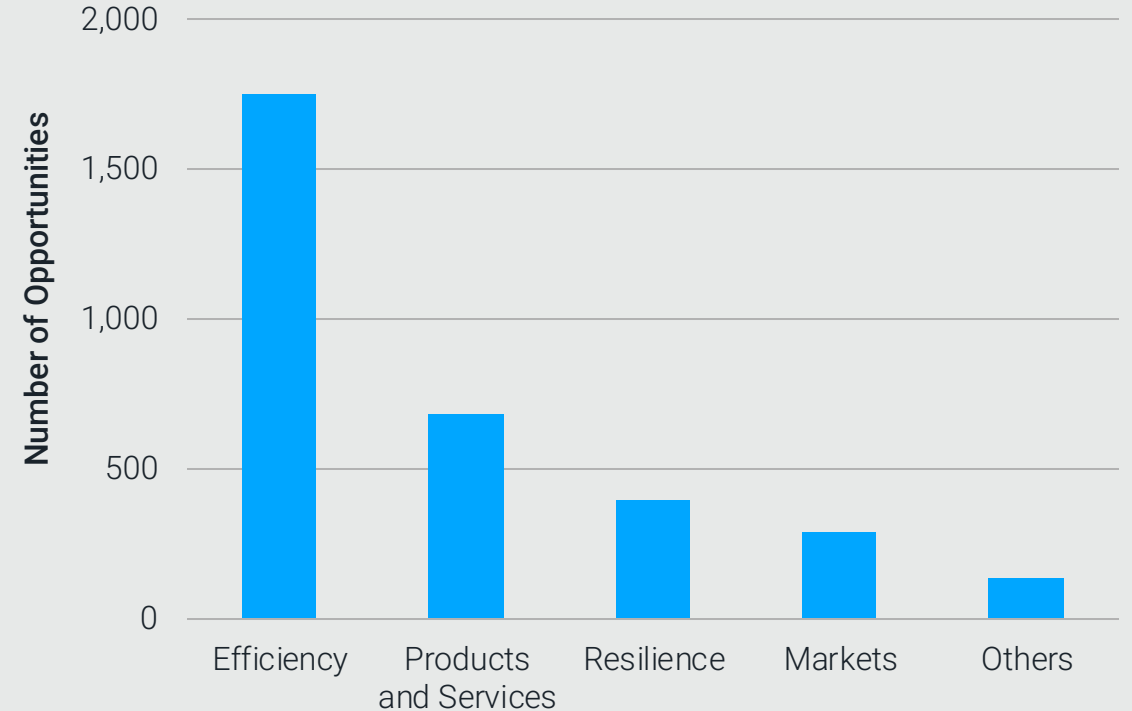


... and awareness brings rewards

45% of companies identified water-related opportunities with potential to have substantive financial or strategic impact on their business.

24% of companies reported opportunities worth US\$242bn.

Source: 2023 CDP Data



Environmental issues

Full corporate questionnaire

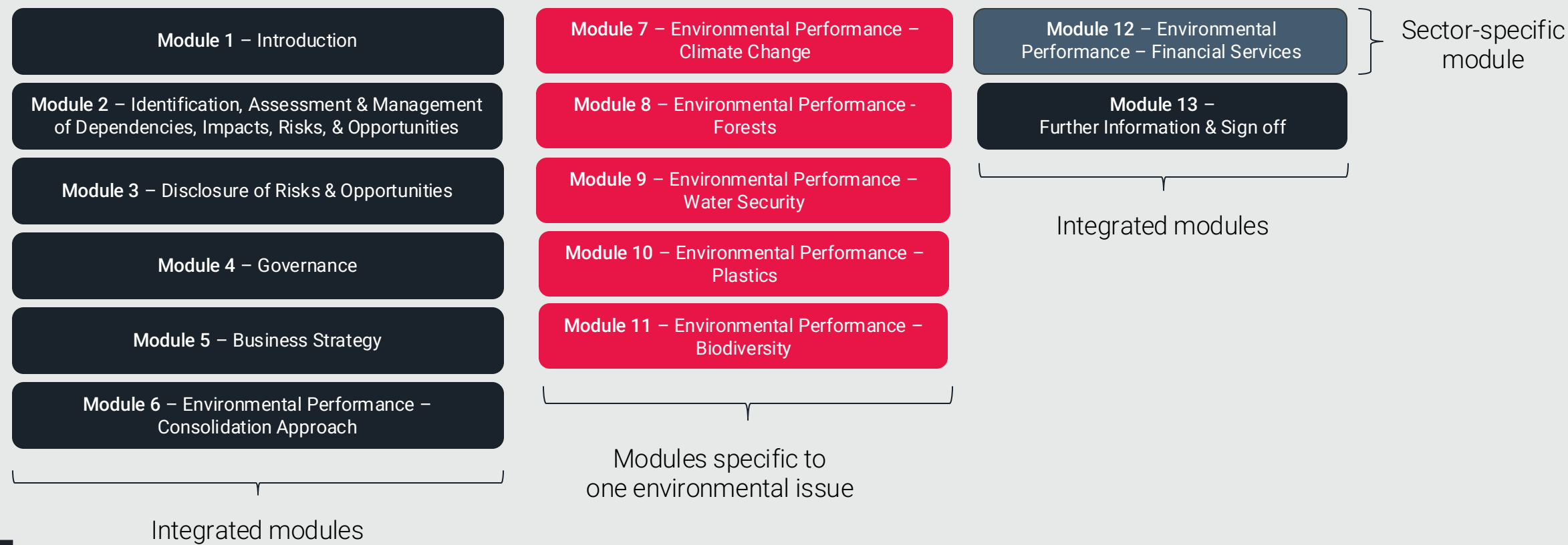
Environmental issue	Full Questionnaire Disclosers
 Climate change and Biodiversity	All full questionnaire disclosers.
 Forests  Water security	If you have a request to disclose based on the below scenarios: • From a CDP requester i.e., capital markets request, supply chain request, banks request etc. This means that a requesting authority has asked you to submit data specifically on forests, water security, or both. • Based on industry impact classification in setup i.e., depending on the environmental impact of CDP-ACS activities on forests and/or water against revenue thresholds, as part of questionnaire setup. • Self-assessment i.e., based on whether you have indicated that you have identified substantive forests- and/or water-related issues in the “Assessment of environmental issues” section of questionnaire setup. If none of the above are met, option to: • Opt-in to forests/water security disclosure.
 Plastics  Ocean	• Self-assessment i.e., based on whether you have indicated that you have identified substantive plastics- and/or ocean-related issues in the “Assessment of environmental issues” section of questionnaire setup. If not, option to: • Opt-in to plastics/ocean disclosure.

Questionnaire overview



Corporate Questionnaire

Layout and Structure



Questionnaire Headline Changes

Standards & Frameworks



Question and guidance improvements in line with the TNFD, SBTN, EMF, GRI, and GHG Protocol.

Adaptation and resilience



Broadening existing questions to capture improved data on adaptation and resilience.

Ocean



Framework expansion to cover ocean. Opt-in functionality for ocean disclosure.

Water security



Improvements to wastewater treatment and water pollutant management questions, as well as sector-specific revisions promoting streamlining.

Forests and other natural ecosystems

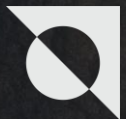


Revisions to facilitate scoring of cocoa, coffee and rubber datapoints, and a modification to reporting no-deforestation and no-conversion targets.

Plastics



Question developments which take CDP towards full alignment with EMF's Global Commitment. Opt-in functionality for plastics disclosure.



Questionnaire Sectors

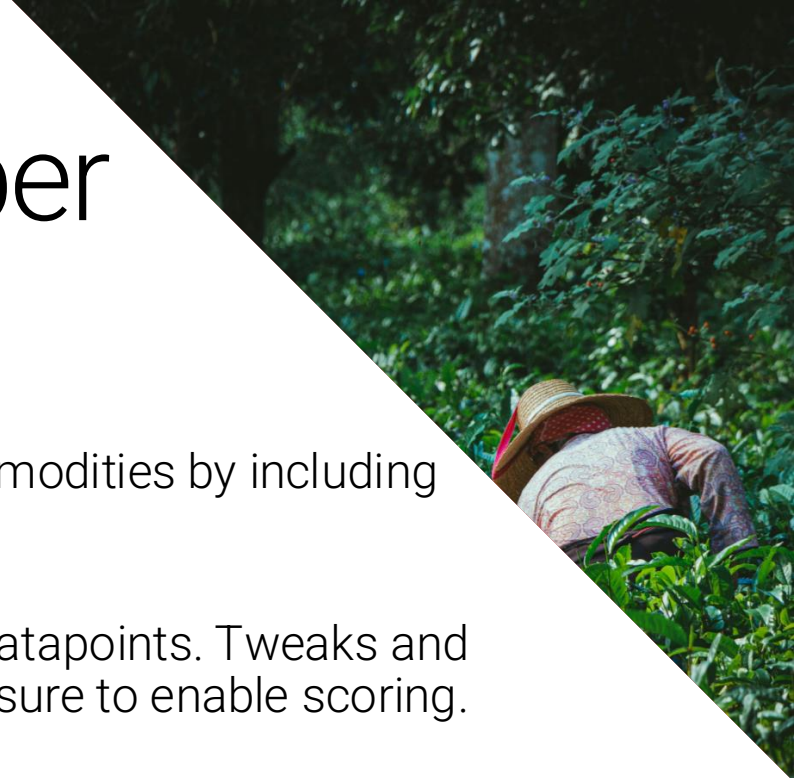
Water security

- Agricultural commodities (AC)
- Chemicals (CH)
- Coal (CO)
- Energy utilities & power generators (EU)
- Food, beverage & tobacco (FB)
- Metals & Mining (MM)
- Oil & gas (OG)
- Financial services (FS)



Disclosure on cocoa, coffee, rubber Forests

- In 2026, CDP is driving increased disclosure on cocoa, coffee, and rubber commodities by including them in the single Forests score.
- There are **no significant questionnaire changes** on cocoa, coffee, and rubber datapoints. Tweaks and modifications to commodity questions improve and streamline existing disclosure to enable scoring.
- This helps organizations producing or sourcing these commodities to align their approaches against all seven commodities, without increasing reporting effort.
- More details on commodity sub-scores will be communicated in scoring webinars.



2026 Changes to Forests



Essential Criteria Forests

EC-F3



Full commodity disclosure (Leadership)

[General & all sectors excl. Financial services]

- CDP raised the “small-volume” non-disclosure threshold **from 1% to 5% per commodity**
- Eligibility for Leadership is assessed via Q1.22 (unless the commodity is flagged as critical in the Industry Impact Classification).

EC-F4



Identification, assessment, and management of risks (A List)

[General & all sectors excl. Financial services]

- **Removed:** criteria on risk types, tools/methods, and assessment frequency to emphasize a high-quality risk assessment across multiple time horizons and the full value chain
- Eligibility for A List is assessed via Q1.22, Q2.2.1, Q2.2.2.

EC-F12



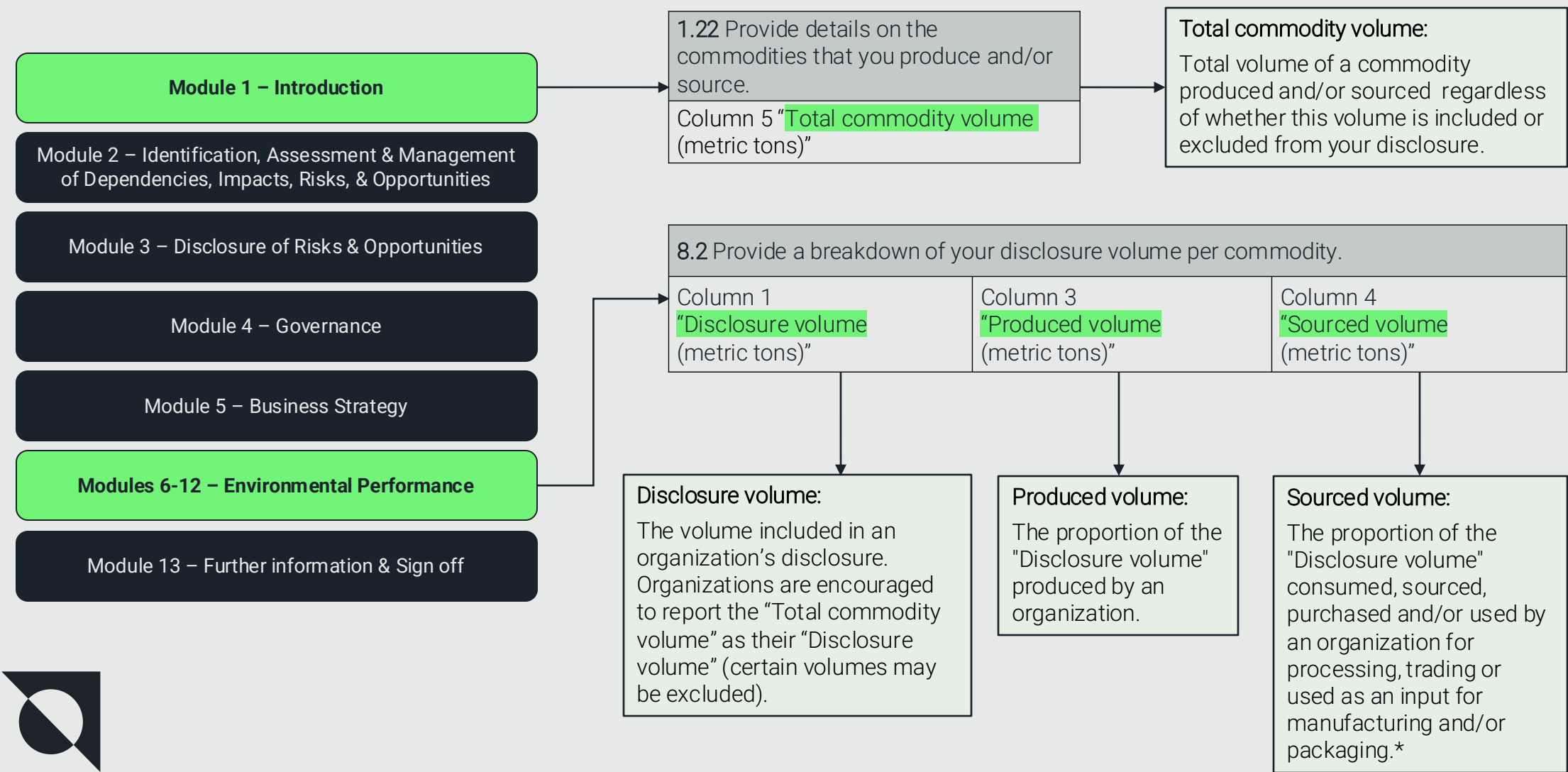
Exclusions from disclosure (A list)

[All sectors excl. Financial services]

- Coffee, cocoa and rubber are now included in this criterion.
- **5% threshold per commodity:** Where multiple exclusions are reported for a single commodity, the combined volume excluded for non-acceptable reasons must not exceed 5% of the total reported volume for that commodity.
- Note: **No rounding** - any value above 5% (e.g., 5.49%) does not meet the criterion
- Clarified wording for recycled content as an acceptable exclusion, updating “recycled content” to “post-consumer recycled content”



Calculating commodity volumes



Commodity volume questions

8.2 Provide a breakdown of your disclosure volume per commodity.		
Column 1: Disclosure volume (metric tons)	Column 3: Produced volume (metric tons)	Column 4: Sourced volume (metric tons)

- 8.6.1 Production/sourcing of palm oil derived biofuel.
- 8.9 Assessment of the DF/DCF status of volumes.
 - 8.9.1 Third-party certification schemes used to determine DF/DCF status of volumes.
 - 8.9.2 Third-party certification schemes not providing full DF/DCF assurance.
 - 8.9.3 Production unit monitoring used to determine DF/DCF status of volumes.
 - 8.9.4 Sourcing area monitoring used to determine DF/DCF status of volumes
- 8.10.1 Monitoring or estimating of your deforestation and conversion footprint.
- 8.11.1 Details of actions to assess and increase DCF volumes.
- 8.15.3 Disclosure volume from each of the landscapes/jurisdictions you engage in.

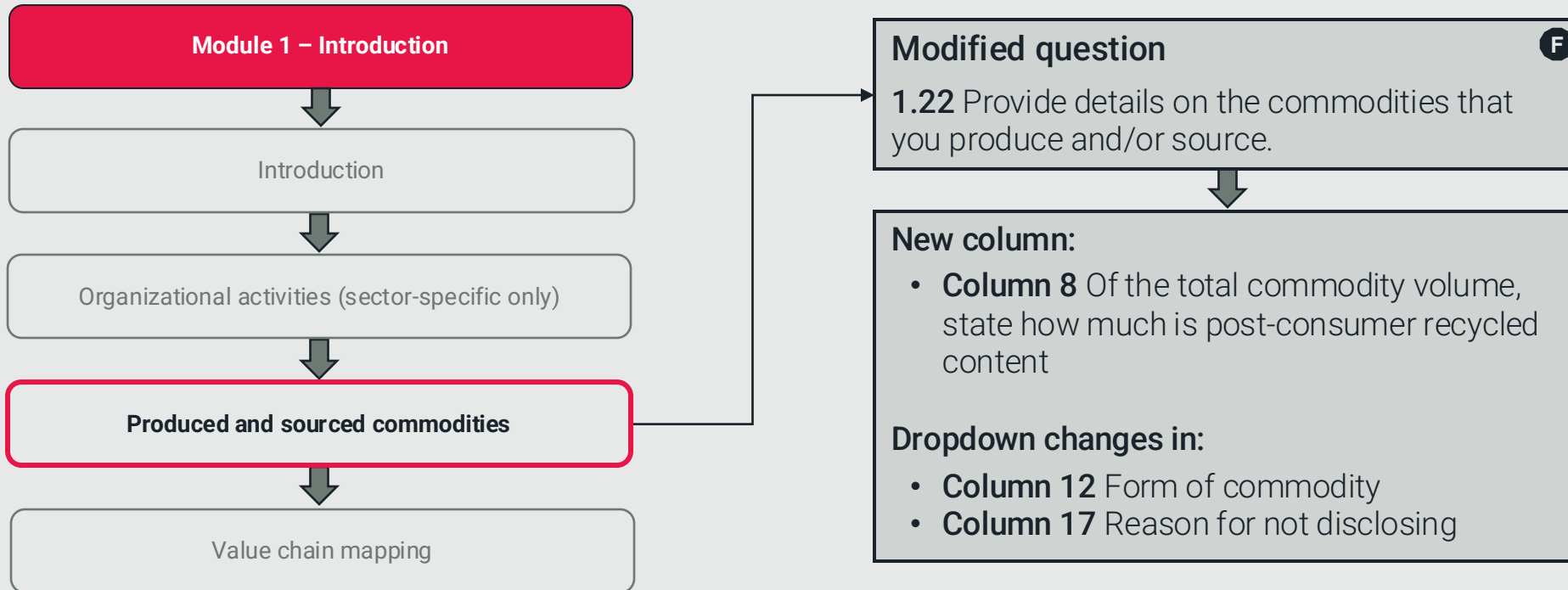
- 8.3 Land you own, manage and/or control that is used to produce your disclosed commodities.
- 8.4/8.4.1 Land you own, manage and/or control that was not used to produce your disclosed commodities.

- 8.2.1 Soy embedded in animal products sourced by your organization.
- 8.5 Origins of your sourced volumes.
- 8.8.1 Traceability of your sourced volumes.



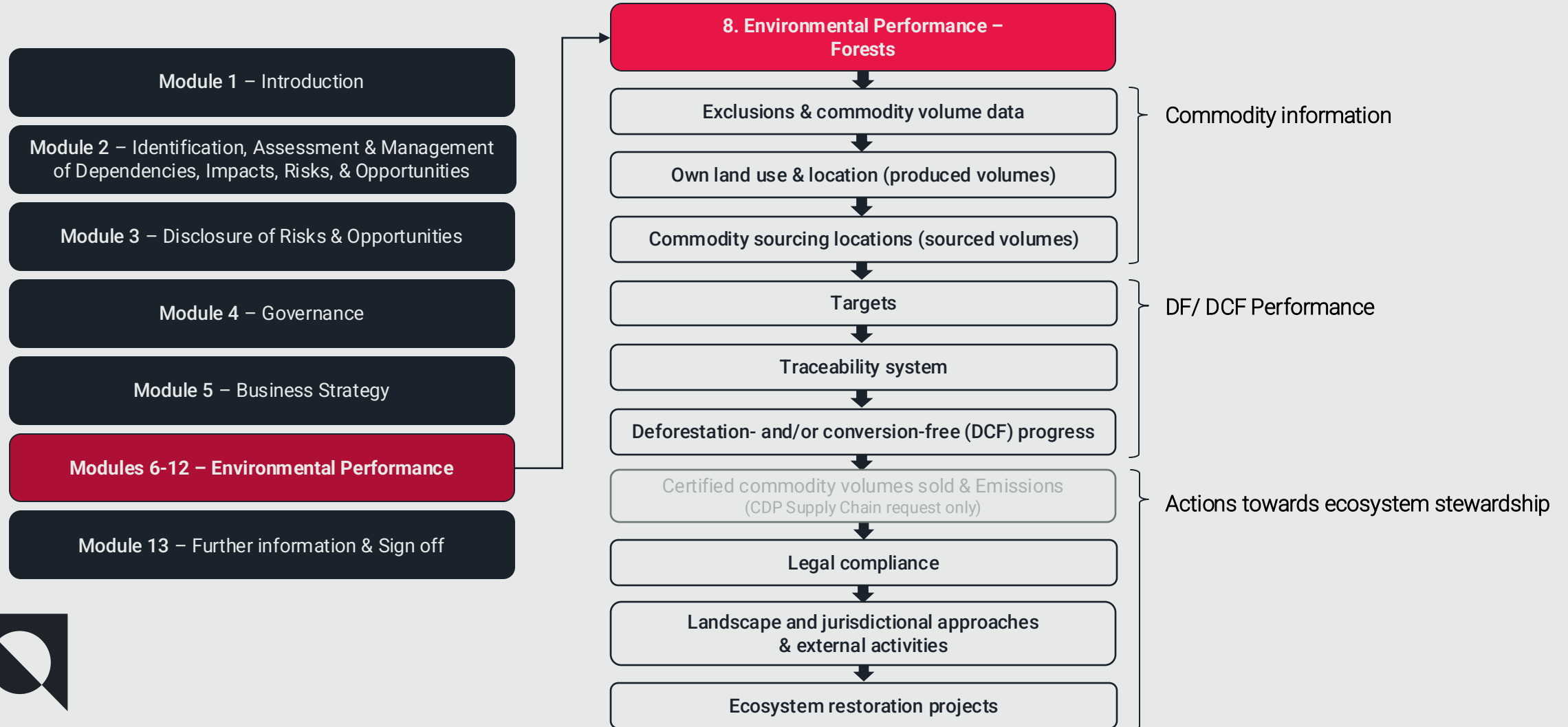
Module 1:

Changes to 'Produced/sourced commodities'



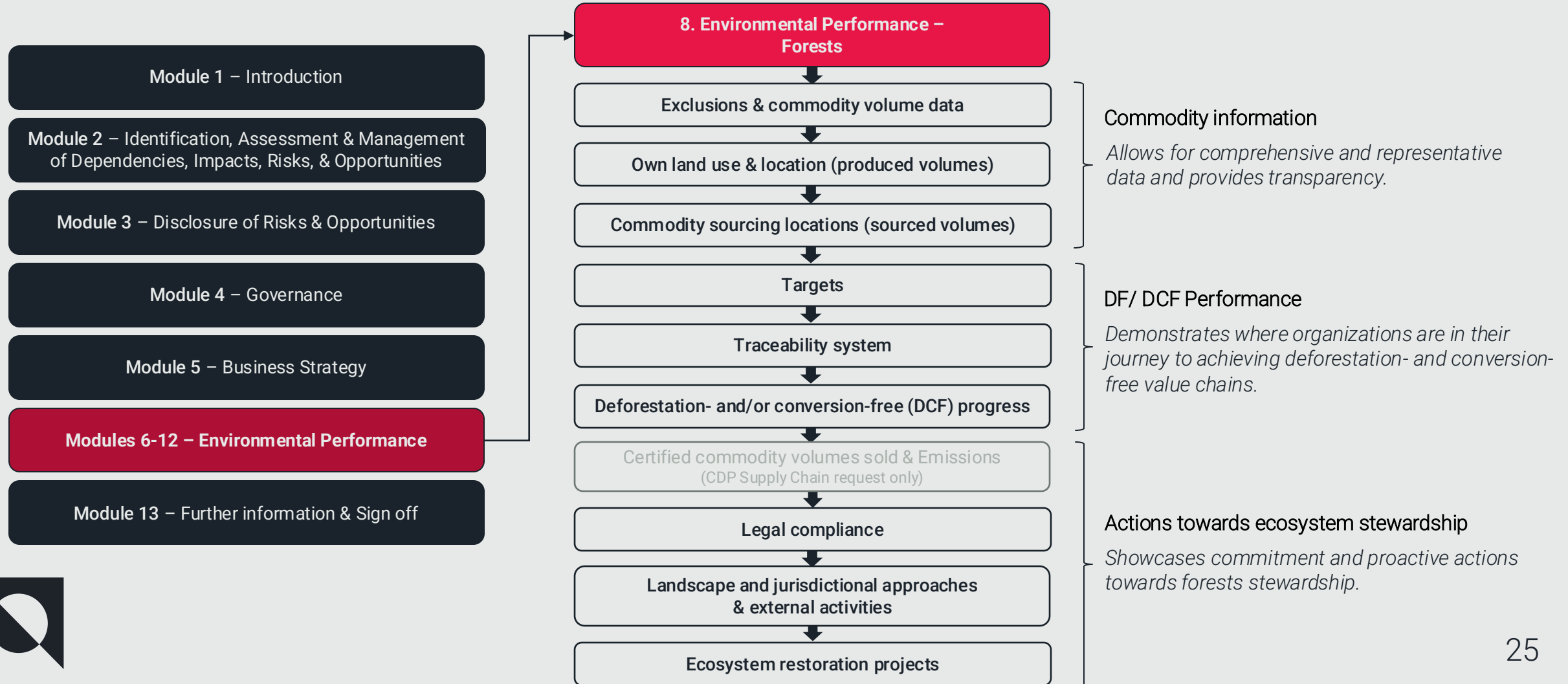
Module 8:

Environmental Performance – Forests



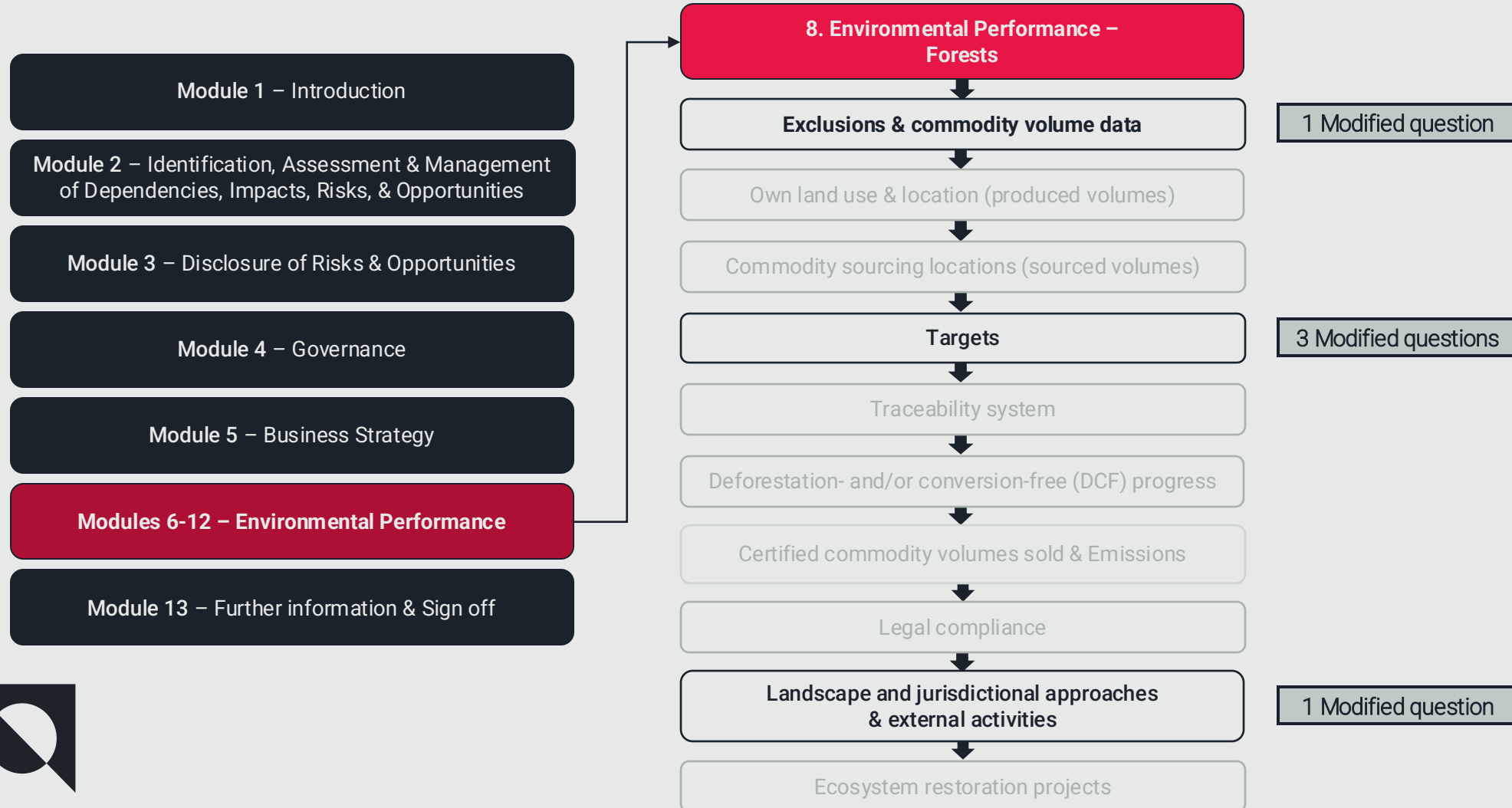
Module 8:

Environmental Performance – Forests



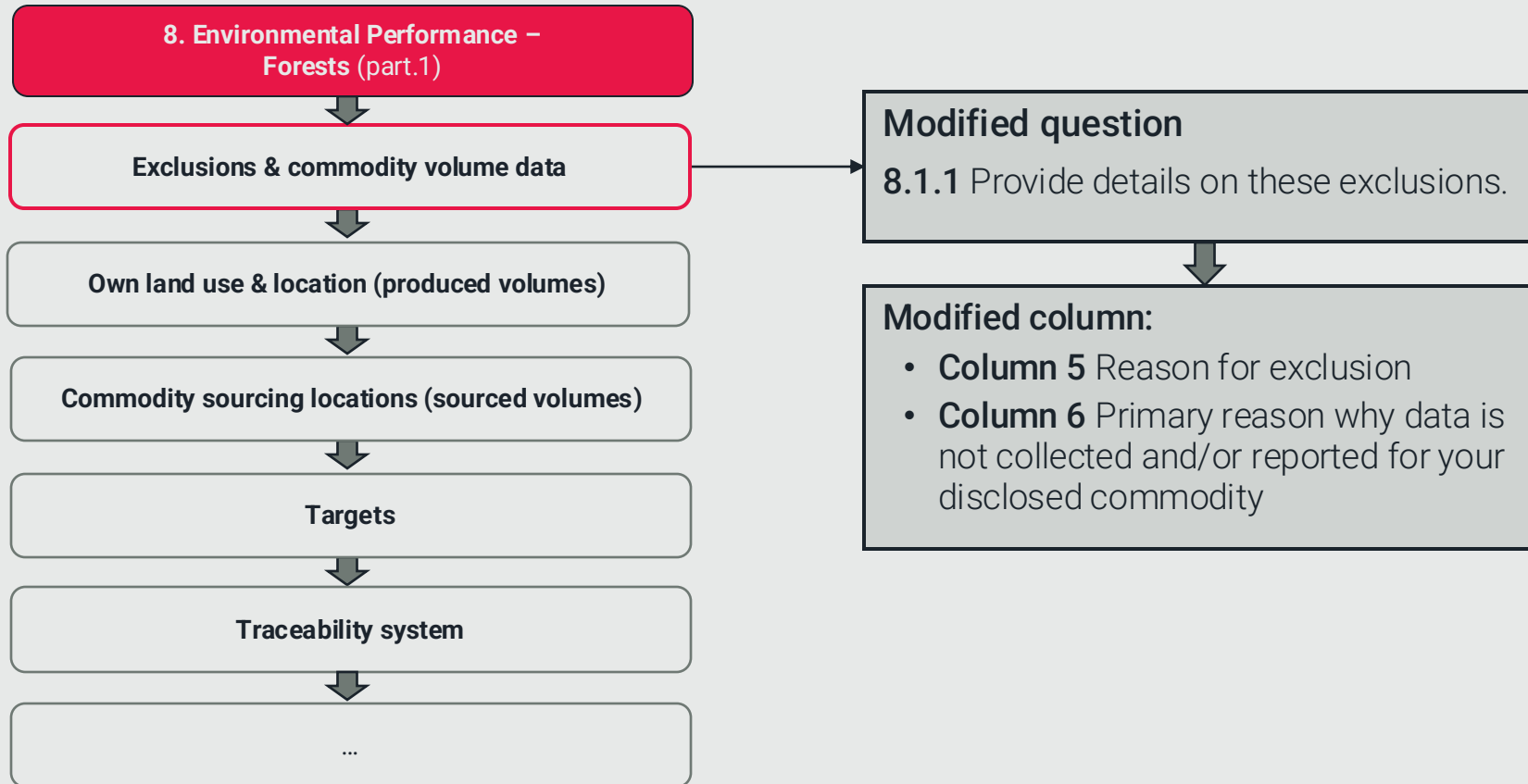
Module 8:

2026 Key Changes



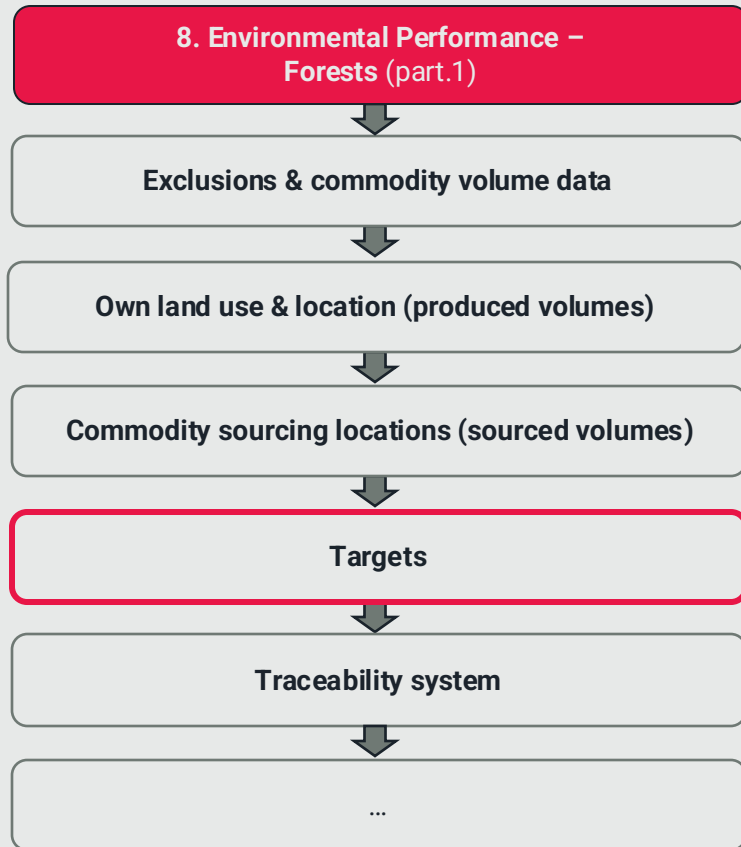
Module 8:

Changes to 'Exclusions & commodity volume data'



Module 8:

Changes to 'Targets' p.1



Note:

Option for separate disclosure on no-deforestation and no-conversion targets in alignment with SBTN.

Modified question

8.7 Did your organization have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target, or any other targets for sustainable production / sourcing of your disclosed commodities, active in the reporting year?

Modified column:

- **Column 1** Active no-deforestation or no-conversion target

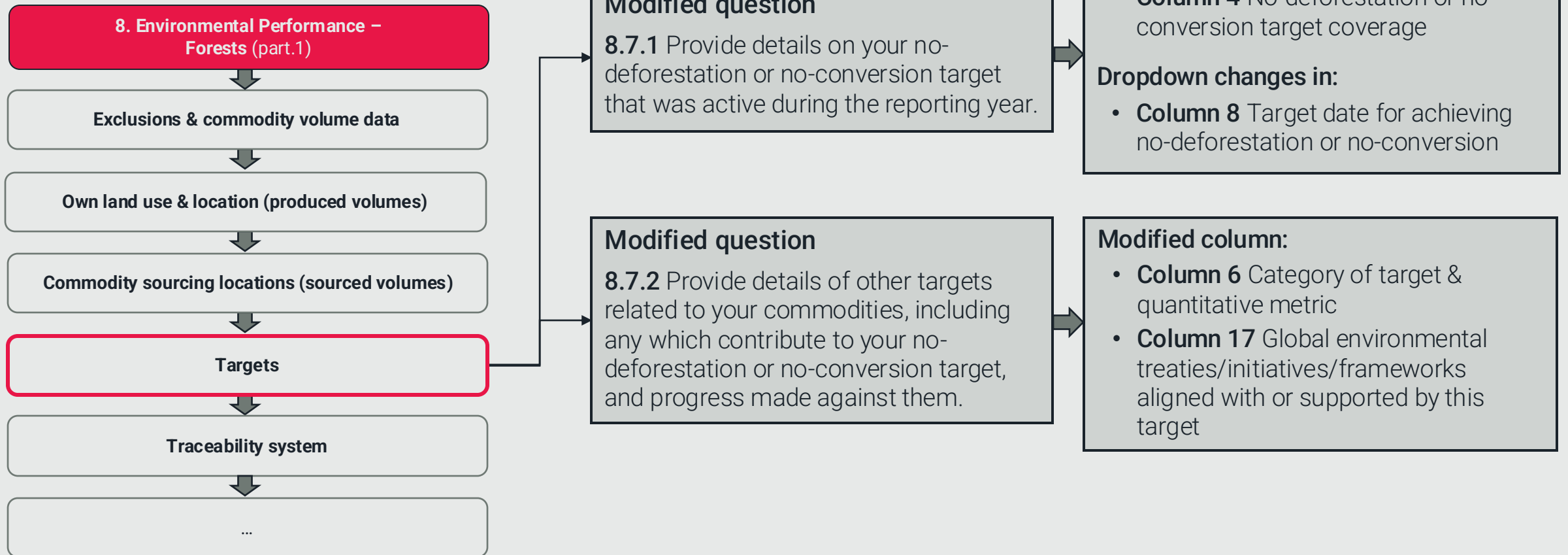
Removed column:

- No-deforestation or no-conversion target coverage



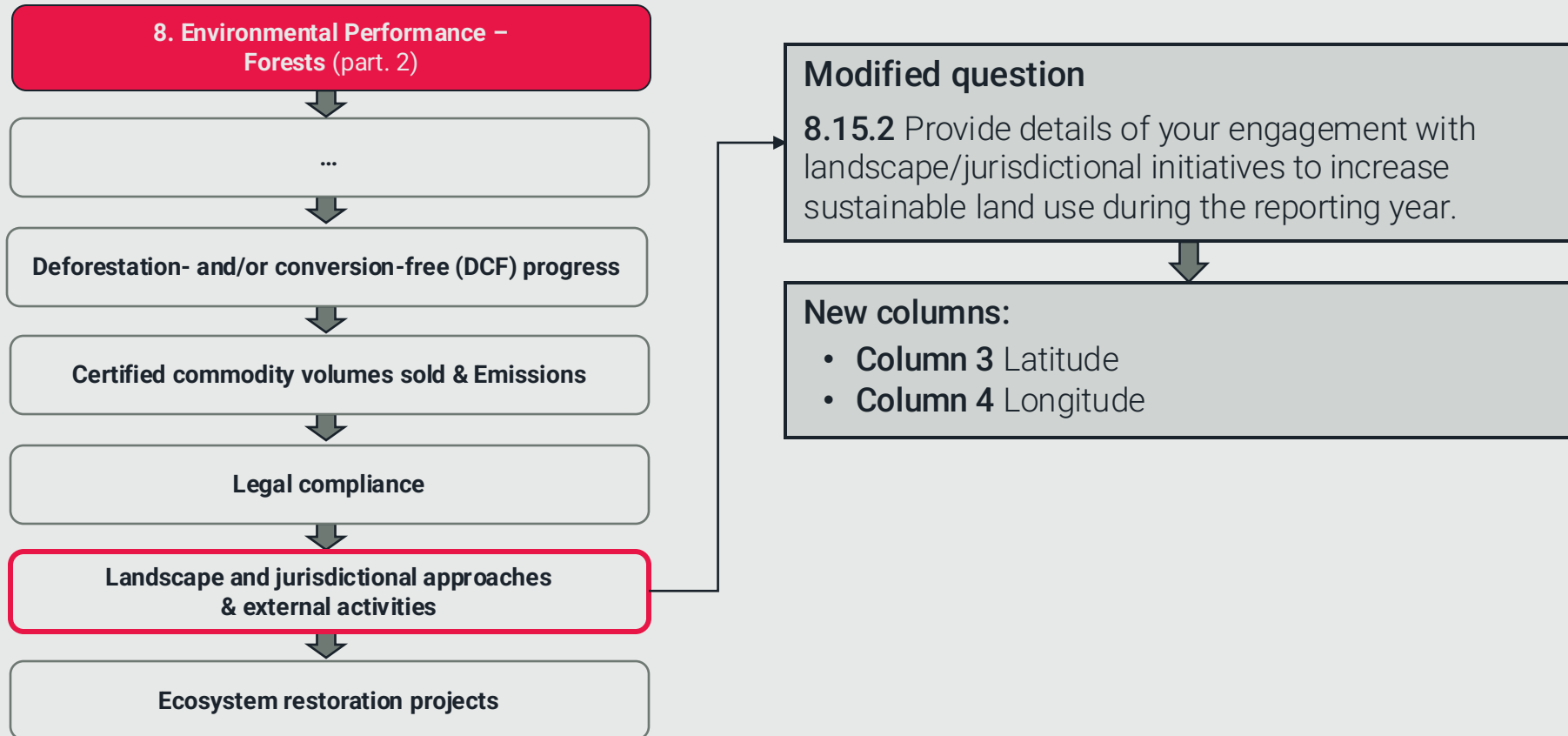
Module 8:

Changes to 'Targets' p.2



Module 8:

Changes to 'LA/JA'



2026 Changes to Water Security



Essential Criteria

Water Security

EC-W3
/EC-W4



Tailing dams (A-List)

[Coals, Metals & Mining only]

- Organizations that report at least one tailings dam in 2.6
- New criteria requires full performance across scoring levels:
 - Criteria must be met across Management (2.6.1), Awareness (2.6.2), and Leadership (2.6.3)

EC-W5

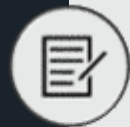


Identification, assessment, and management of risks (A-List)

[General & all sectors excl. Financial services]

- Removed: Criteria relating to risk types and criteria considered, tools and methods used, and frequency of the assessment, increasing scoring alignment across environmental issues.
- Eligibility for A List is assessed via Q2.2.1 and 2.2.2.

EC-W14
/EC-W15



Company-wide water accounting (A-List)

[All sectors excl. Financial services]

- Additional pathways introduced for organizations reporting no withdrawals and no discharges, where water discharge quality is not relevant

EC-W16



Withdrawals from Water Stressed Areas (A-List)

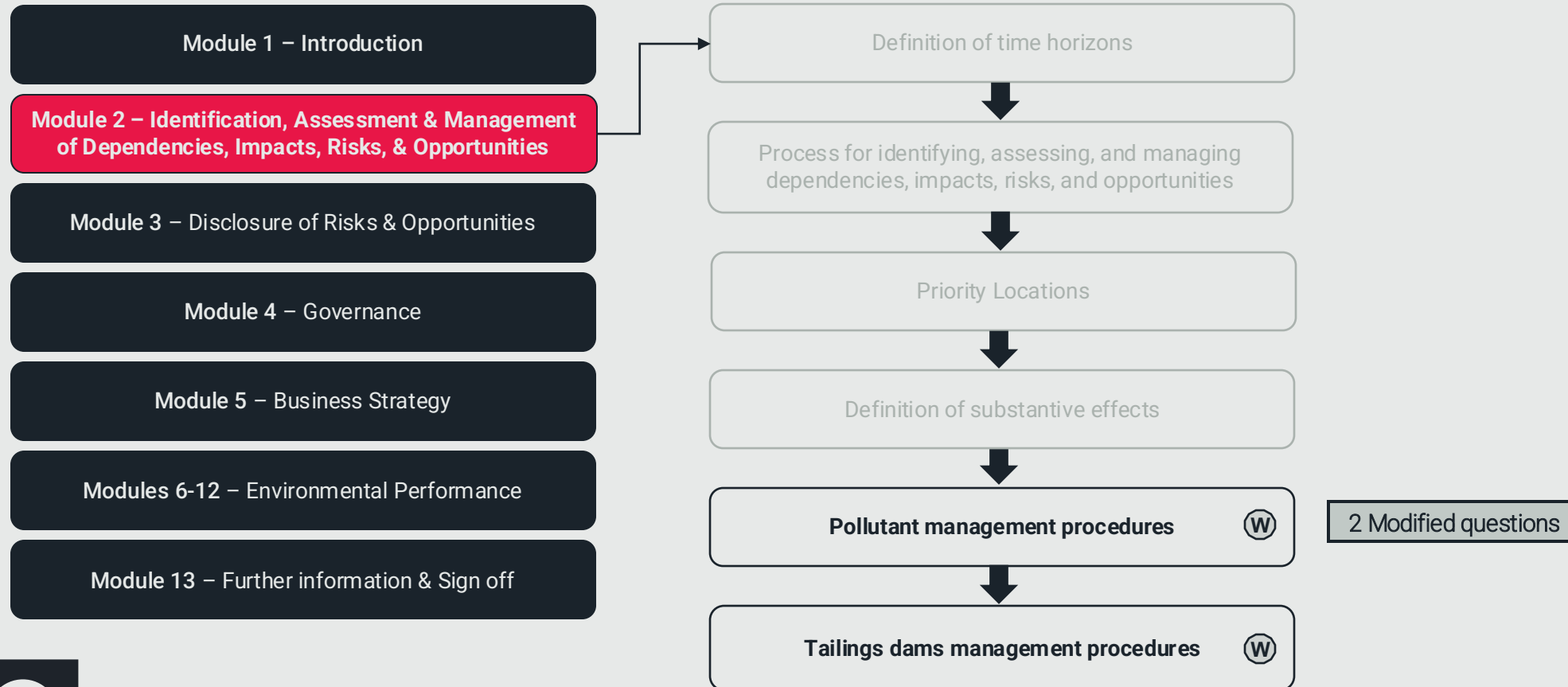
[All sectors excl. Financial services]

- Use of a recognized tool (e.g., WRI Aqueduct, WWF Water Risk Filter) required to confirm withdrawals are not in water-stressed areas



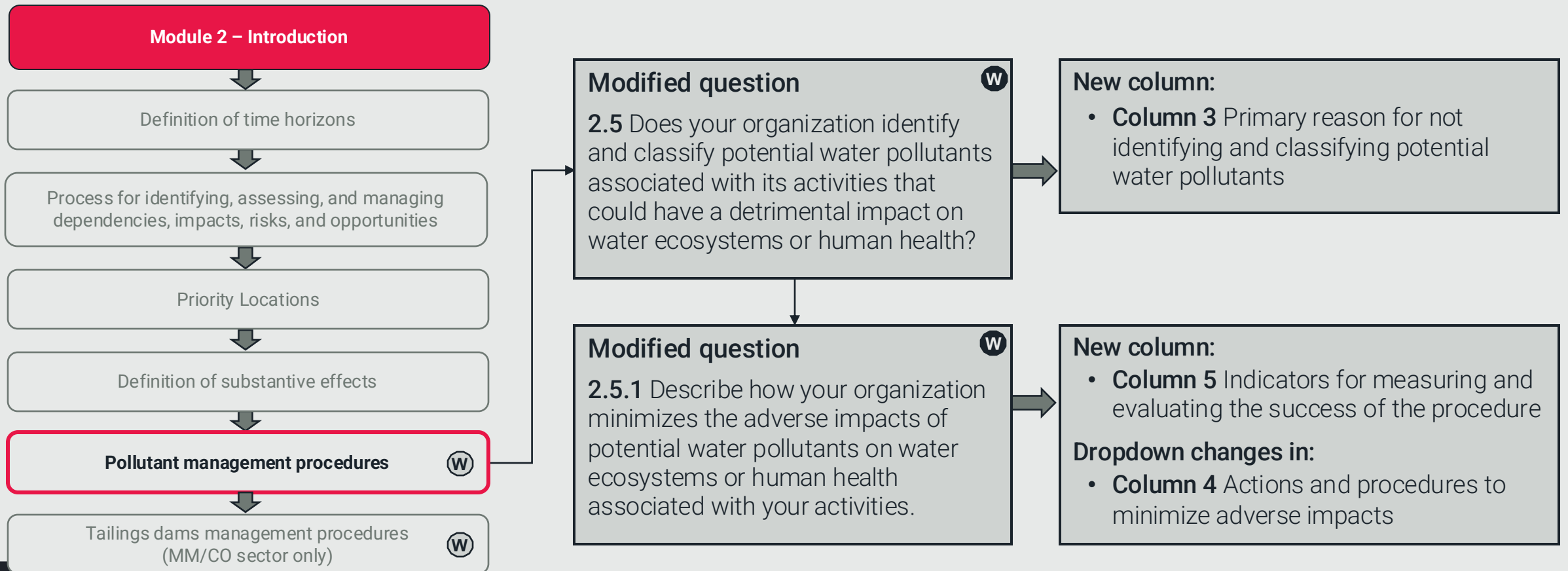
Module 2:

2026 Key Changes



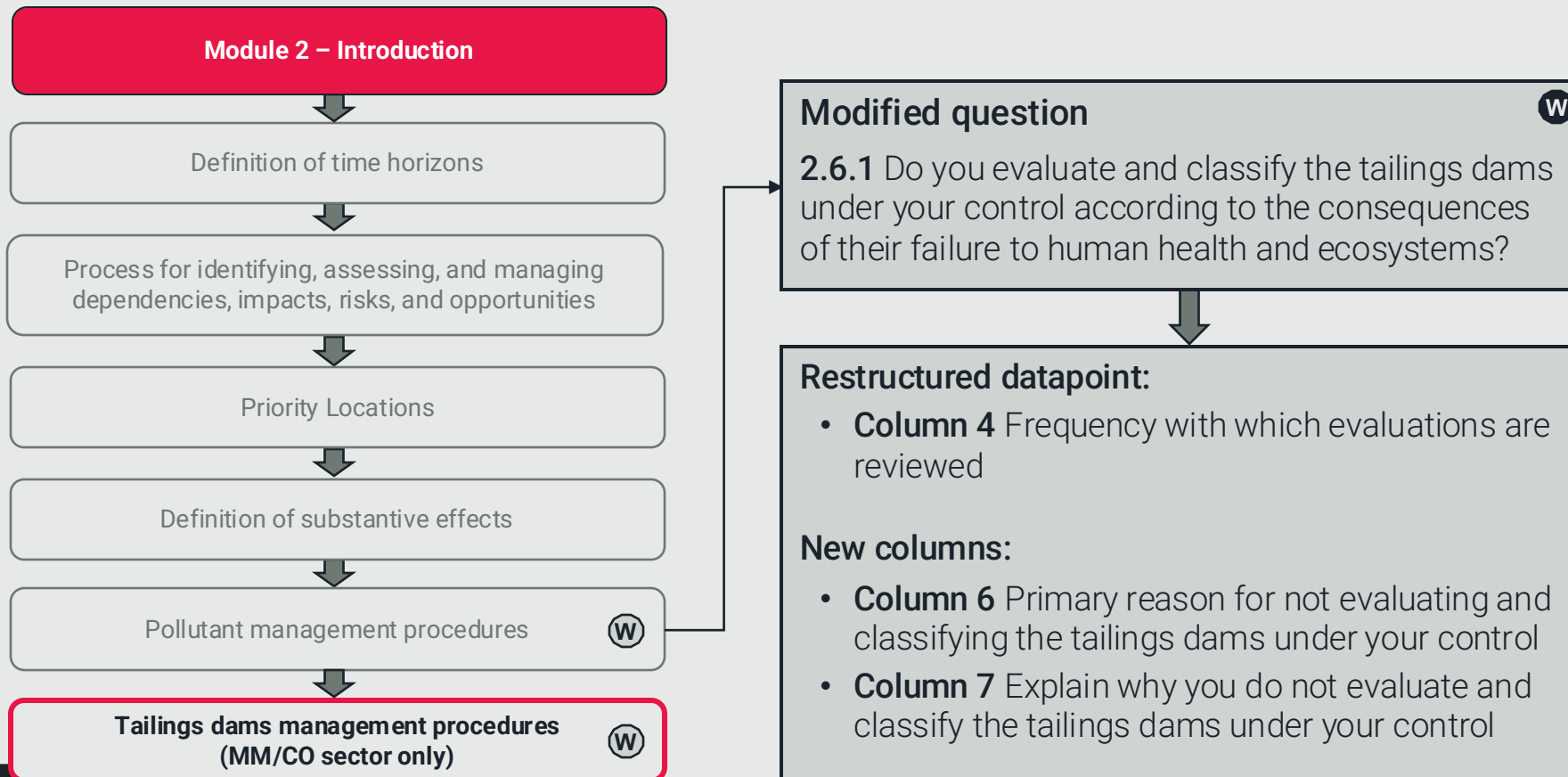
Module 2:

Changes to 'Pollutant management'



Module 2:

Changes to 'Tailings dams management procedures' [MM/CO only]



Module 3:

2026 Key Changes

Module 1 – Introduction

Module 2 – Identification, Assessment & Management
of Dependencies, Impacts, Risks, & Opportunities

Module 3 – Disclosure of Risks & Opportunities

Module 4 – Governance

Module 5 – Business Strategy

Modules 6-12 – Environmental Performance

Module 13 – Further information & Sign off

Risk disclosure

Fines, enforcement orders, and/or other penalties

(W)
(B)

Carbon pricing systems

(C)

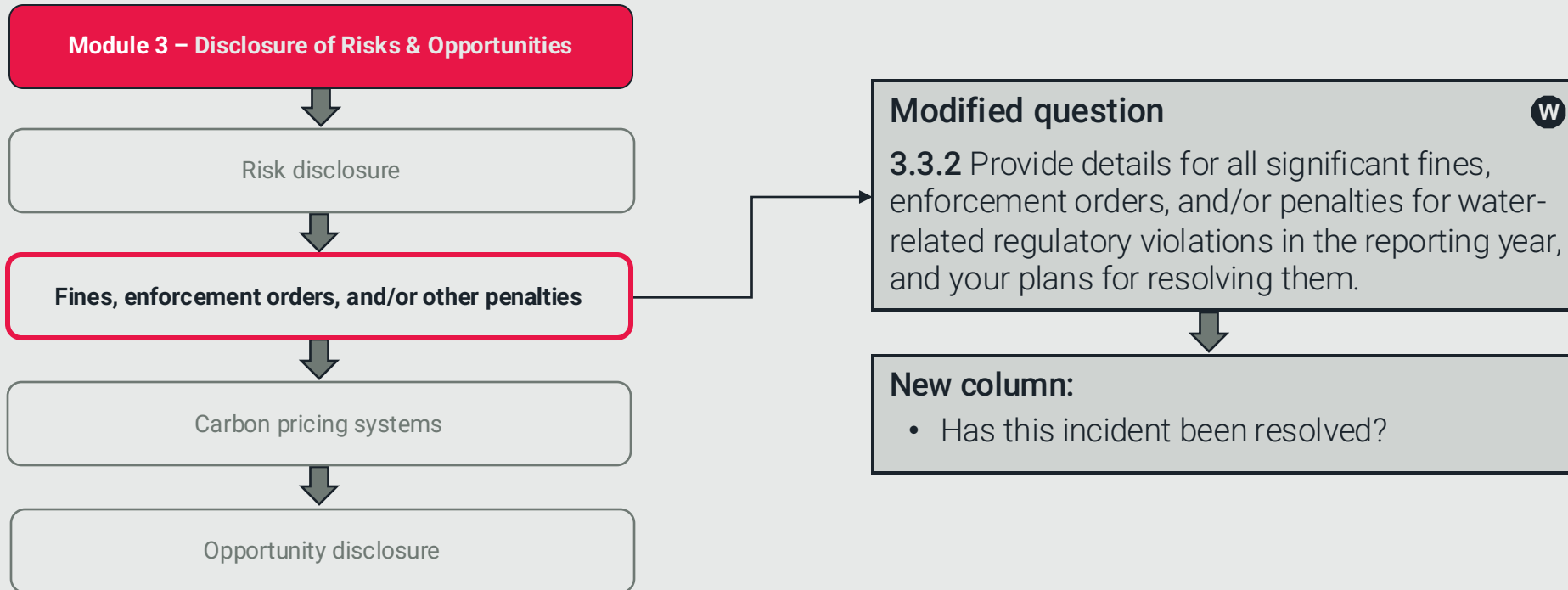
Opportunity disclosure

1 Modified question



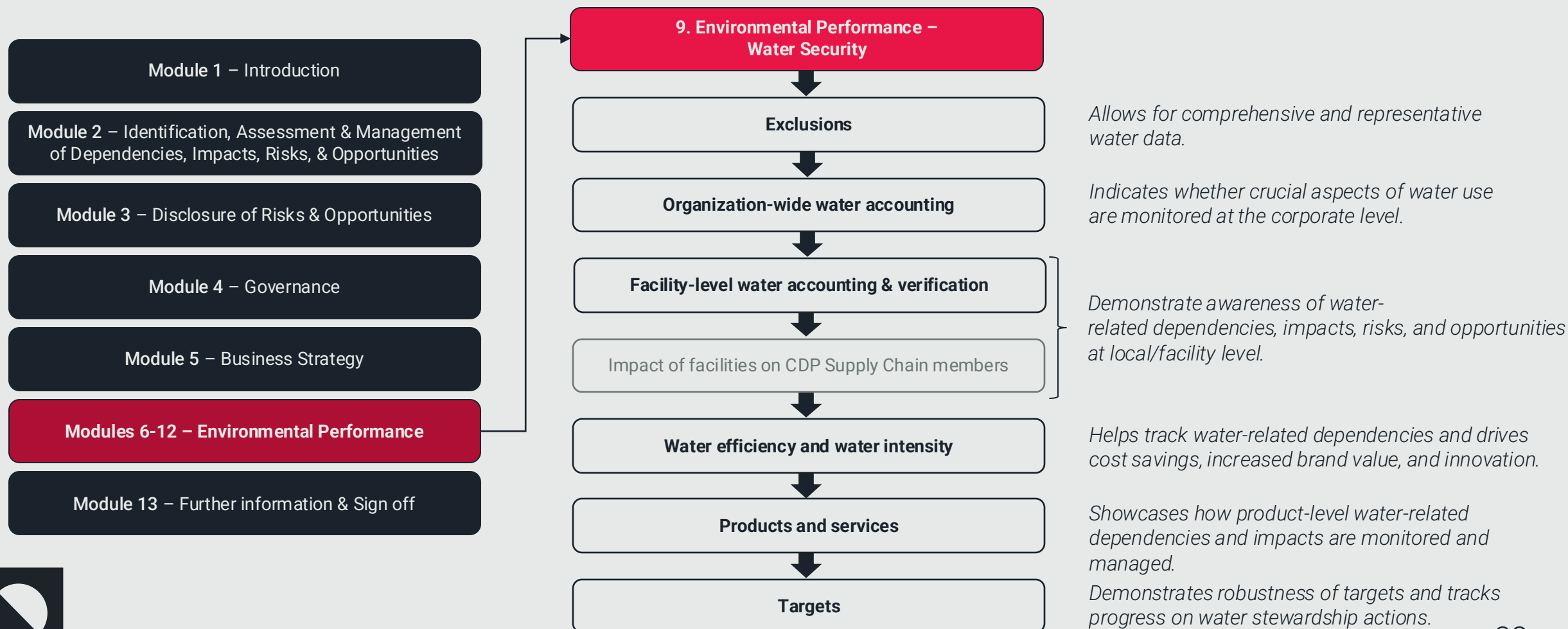
Module 3:

Changes to 'Fines and enforcement orders'

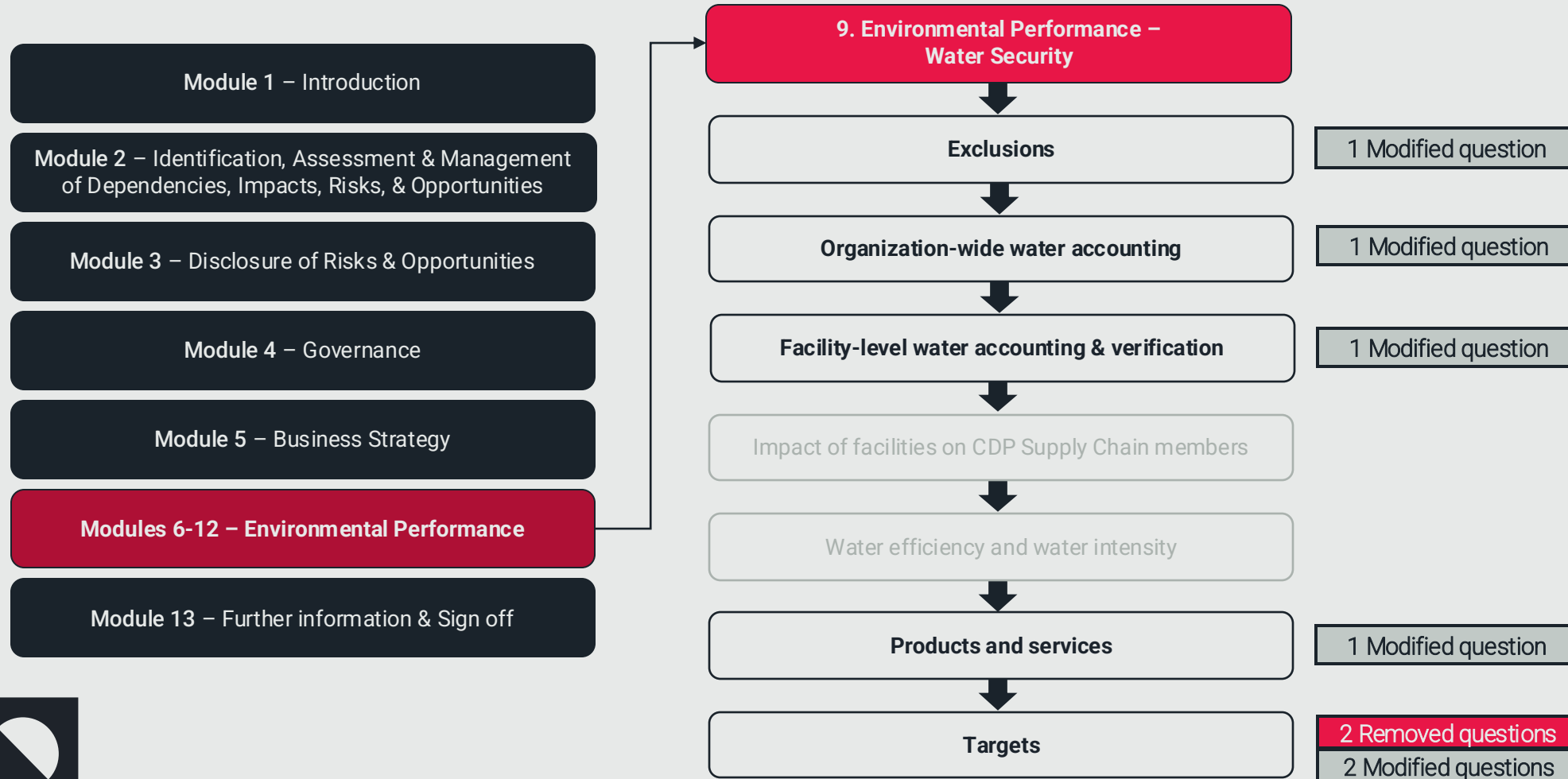


Module 9:

Environmental Performance – Water Security

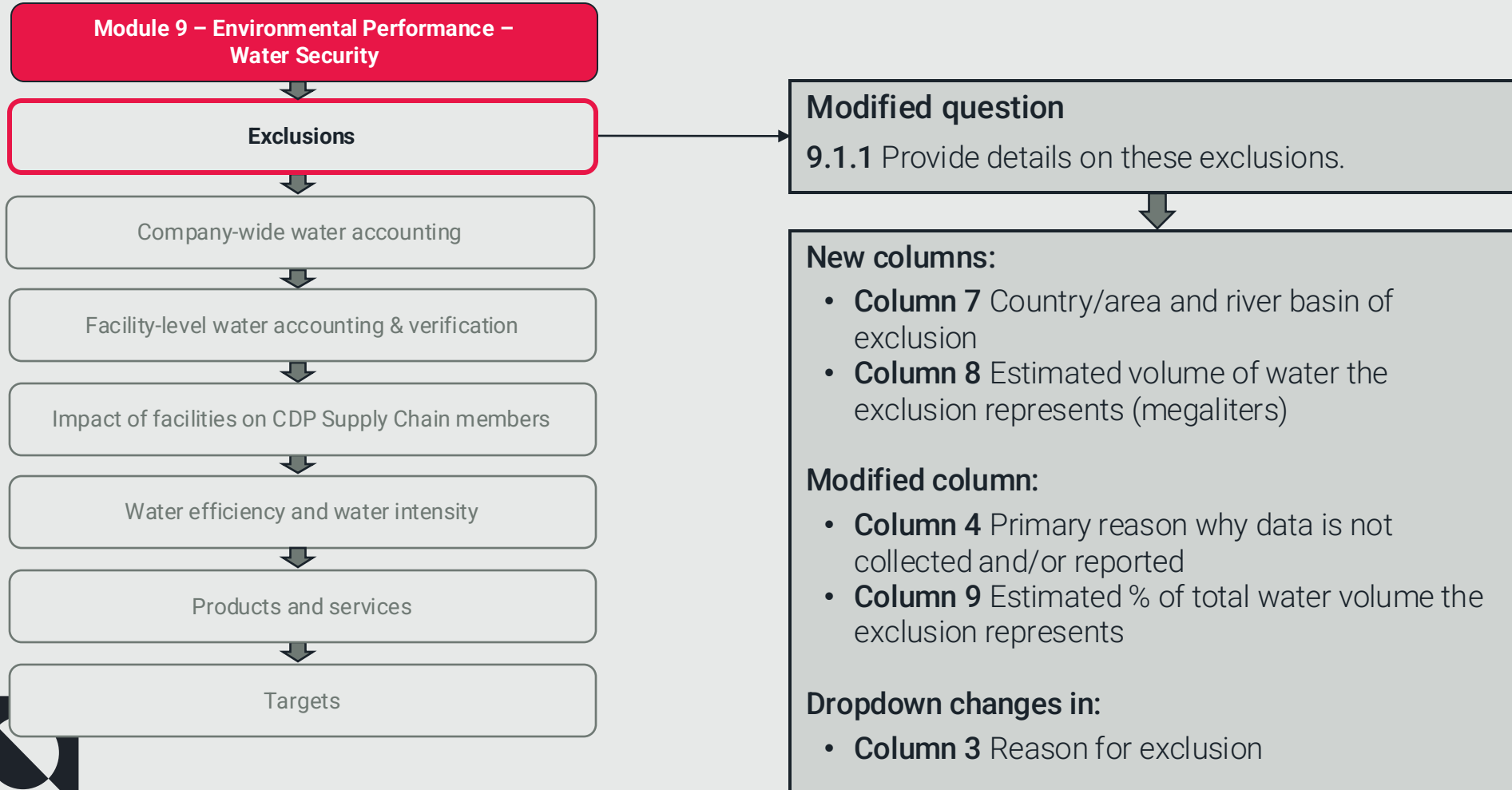


Module 9: 2026 Key Changes



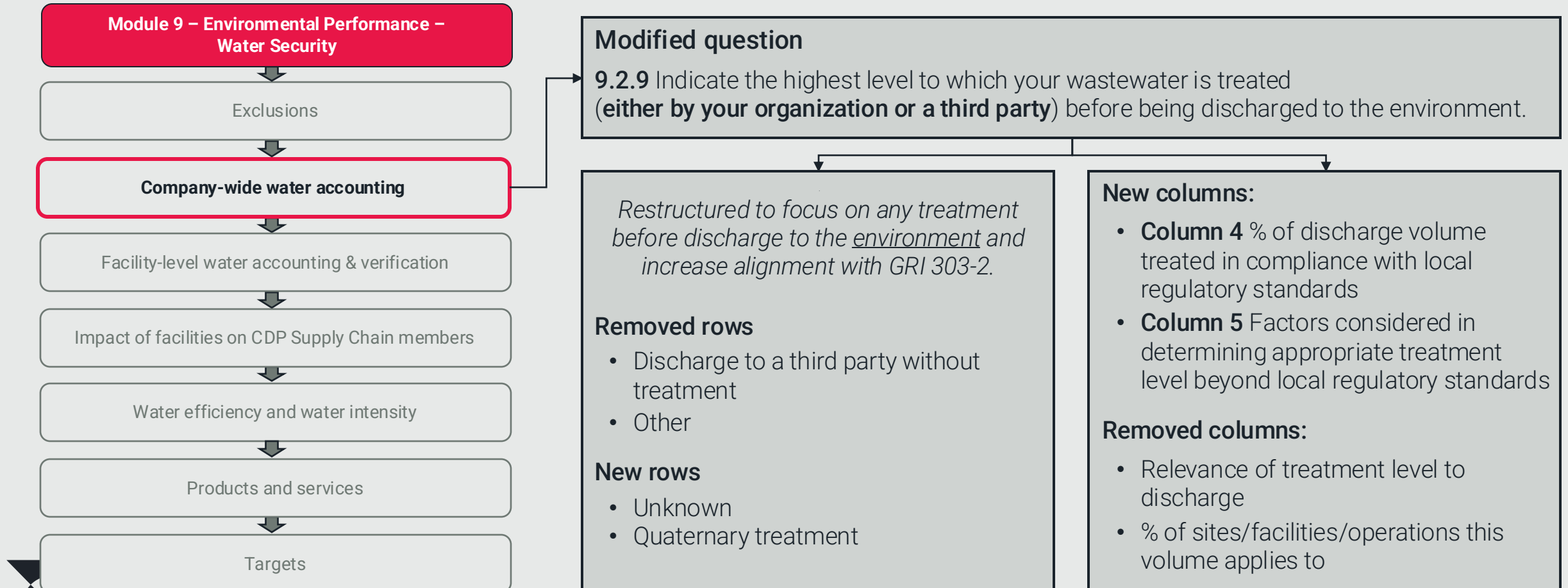
Module 9:

Changes to 'Exclusions'



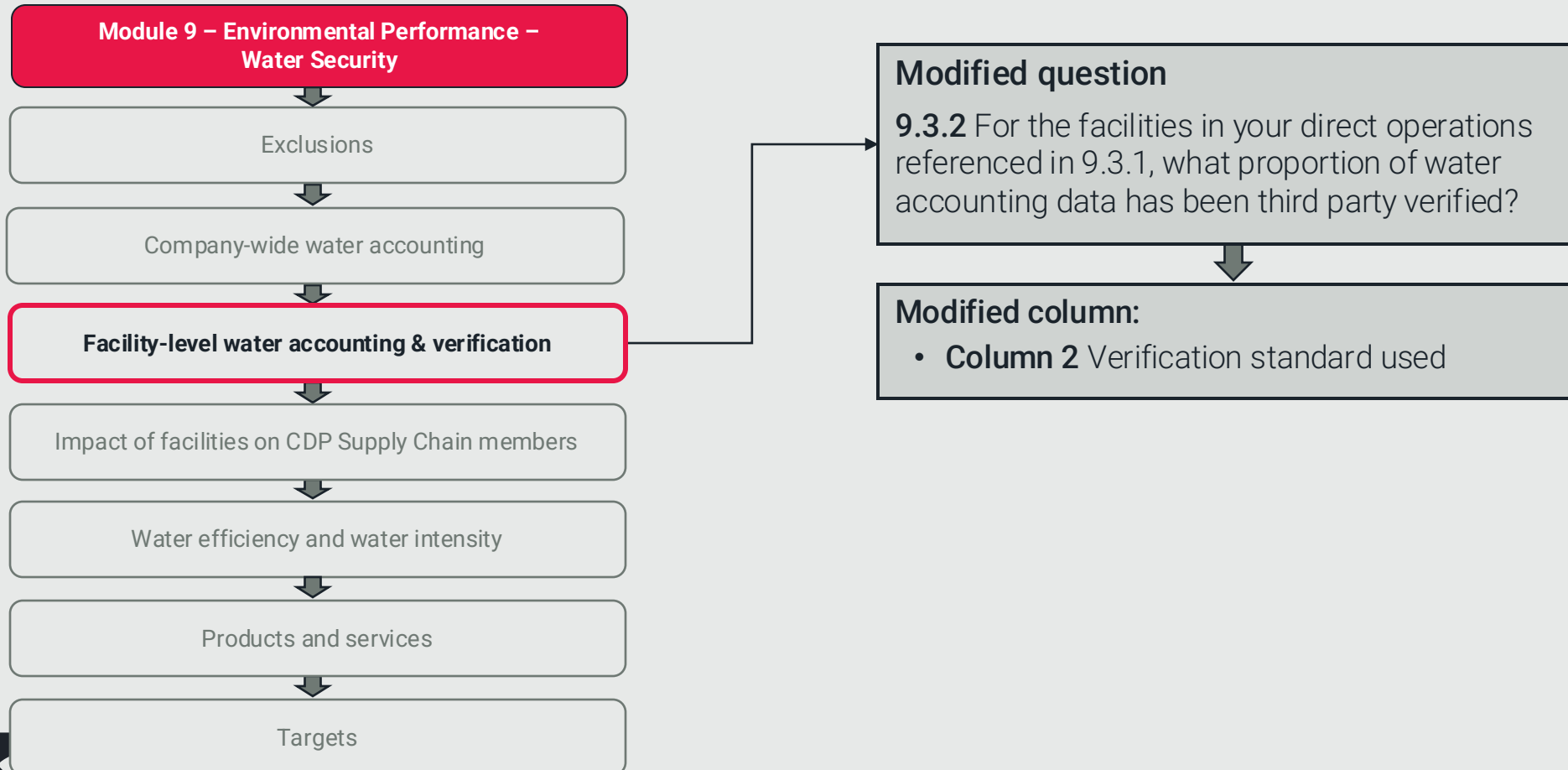
Module 9:

Changes to 'Organization-wide water accounting'



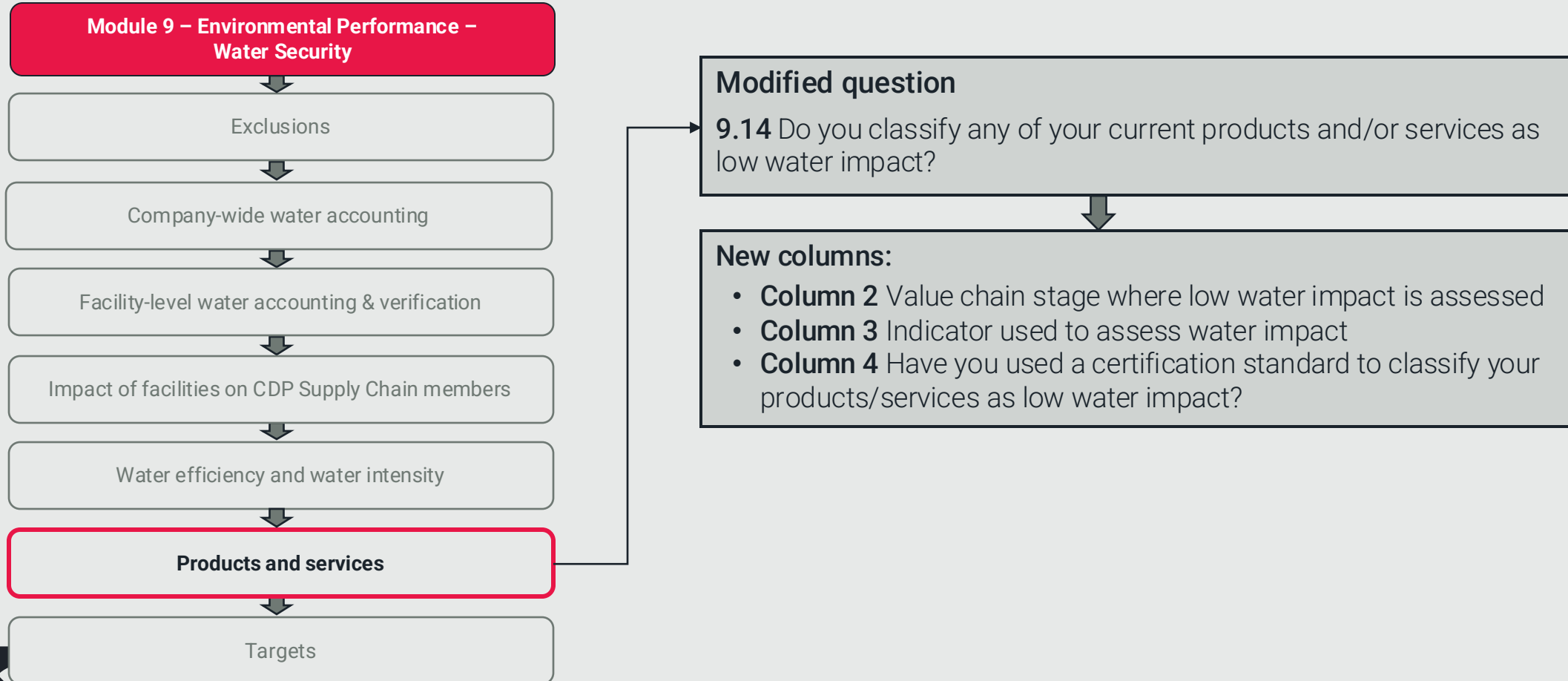
Module 9:

Changes to 'Facility-level water accounting'



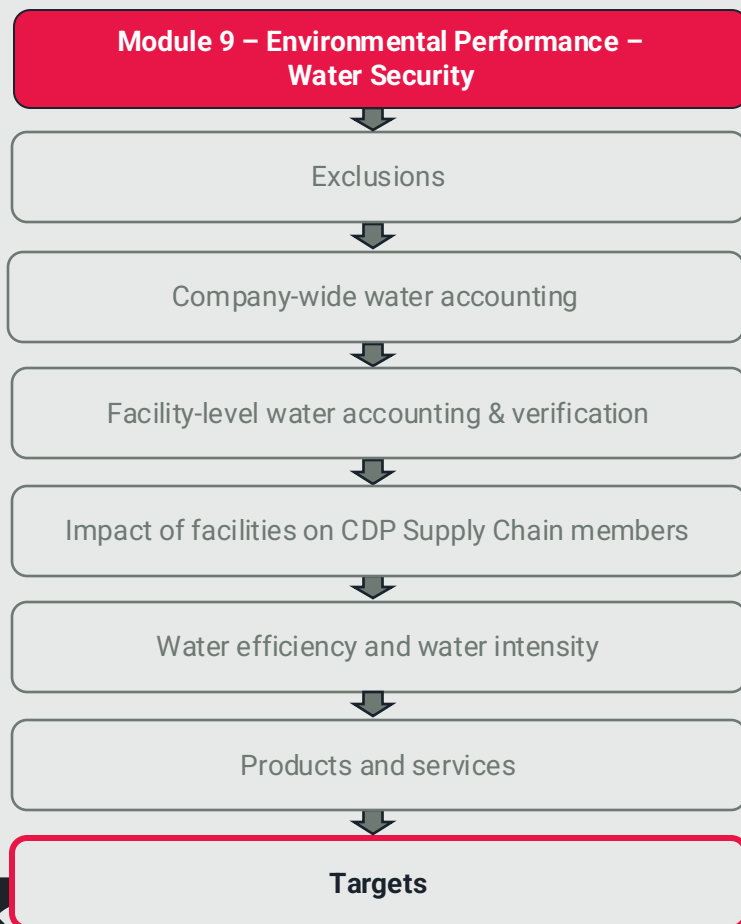
Module 9:

Changes to 'Products and services'



Module 9:

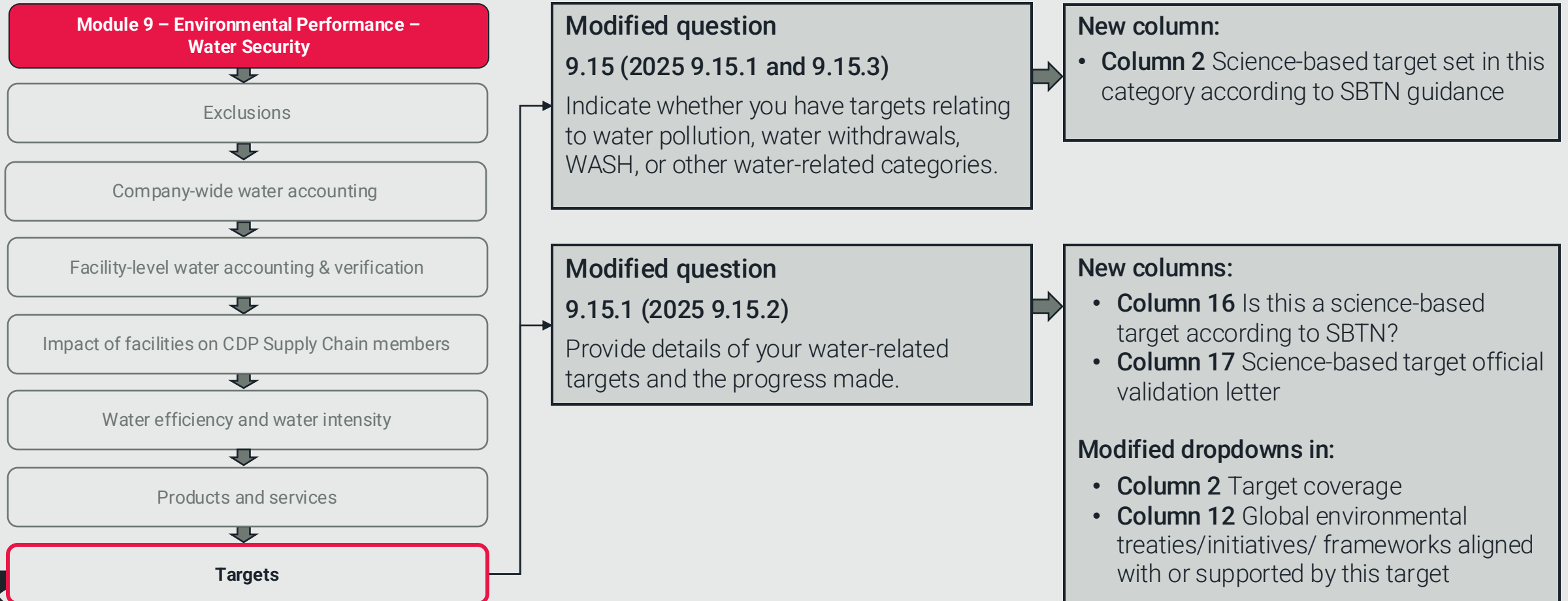
'Water-related targets' structure



2026 Question ↓	2025 Question	Change Label
N/A	9.15	Removed question
9.15	9.15.1; 9.15.3	Modified question [Merged]
9.15.1	9.15.2	Modified question

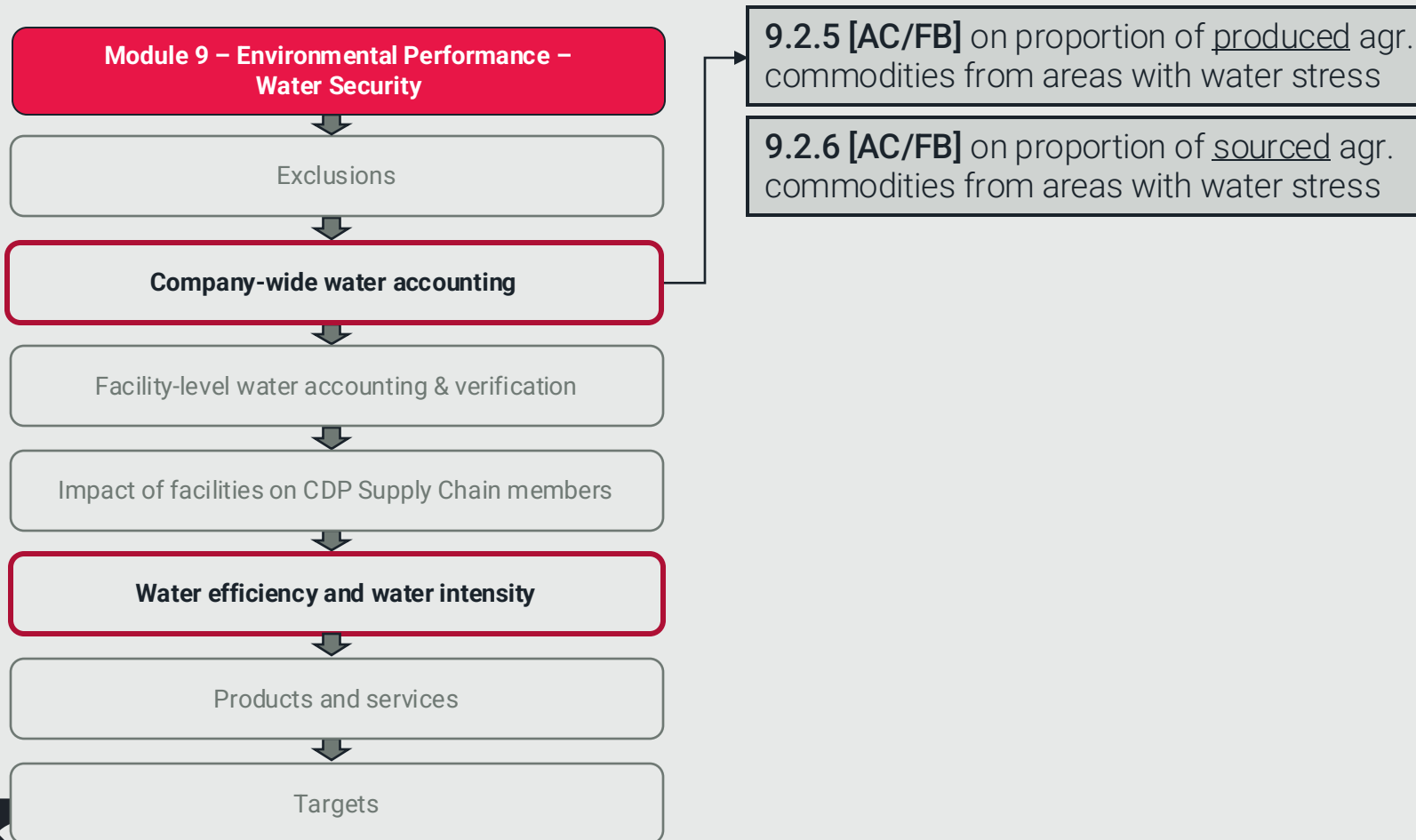
Module 9:

Changes to 'Water-related targets'



Module 9:

Cross-cutting sector changes



Questionnaire sector key

AC: Agricultural commodities

CH: Chemicals

CO: Coal

EU: Energy utilities & power generators

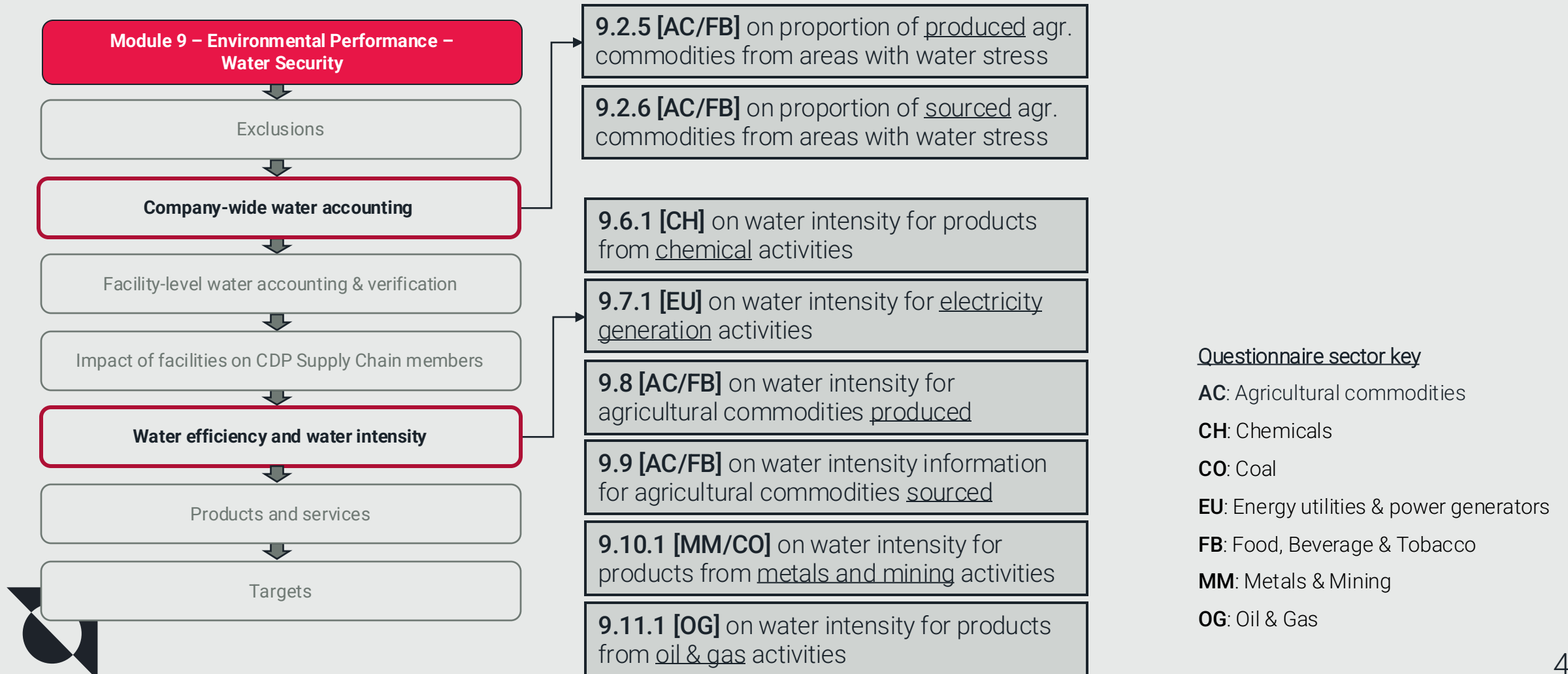
FB: Food, Beverage & Tobacco

MM: Metals & Mining

OG: Oil & Gas

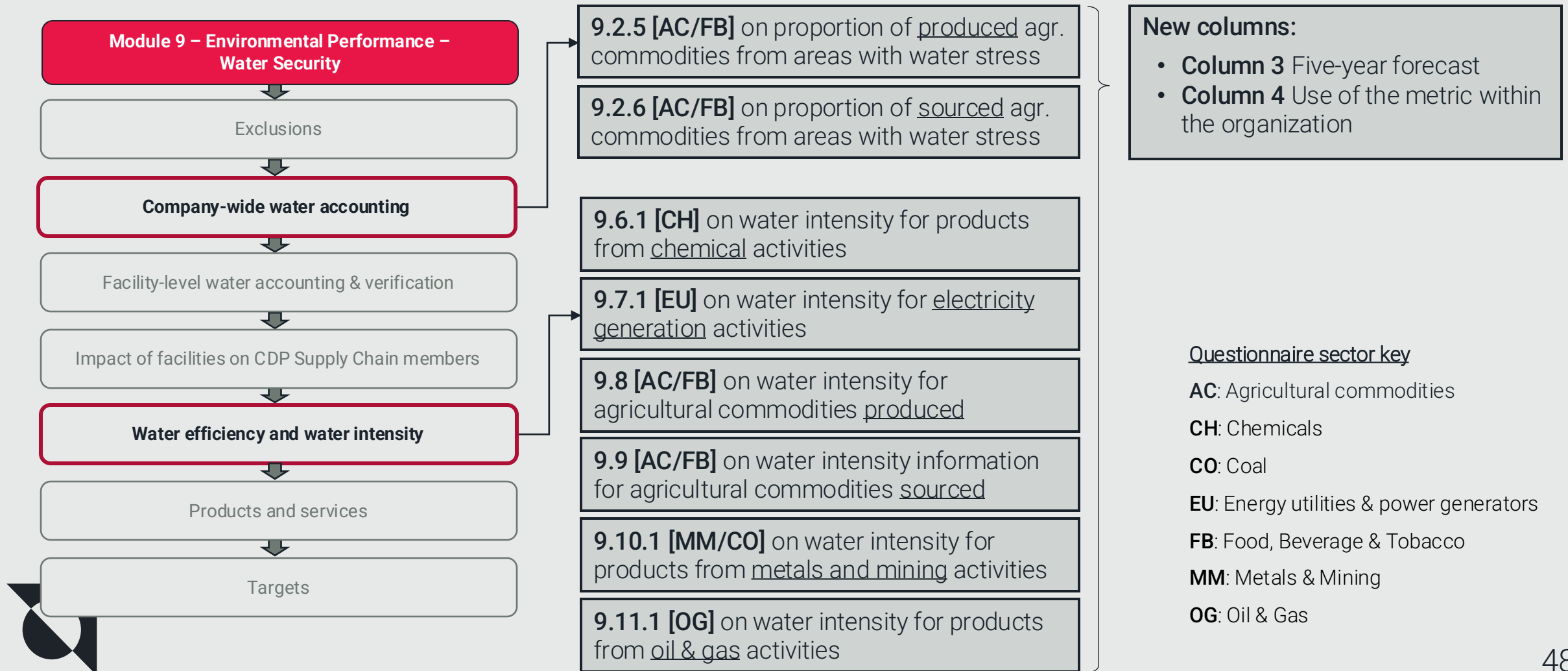
Module 9:

Cross-cutting sector changes

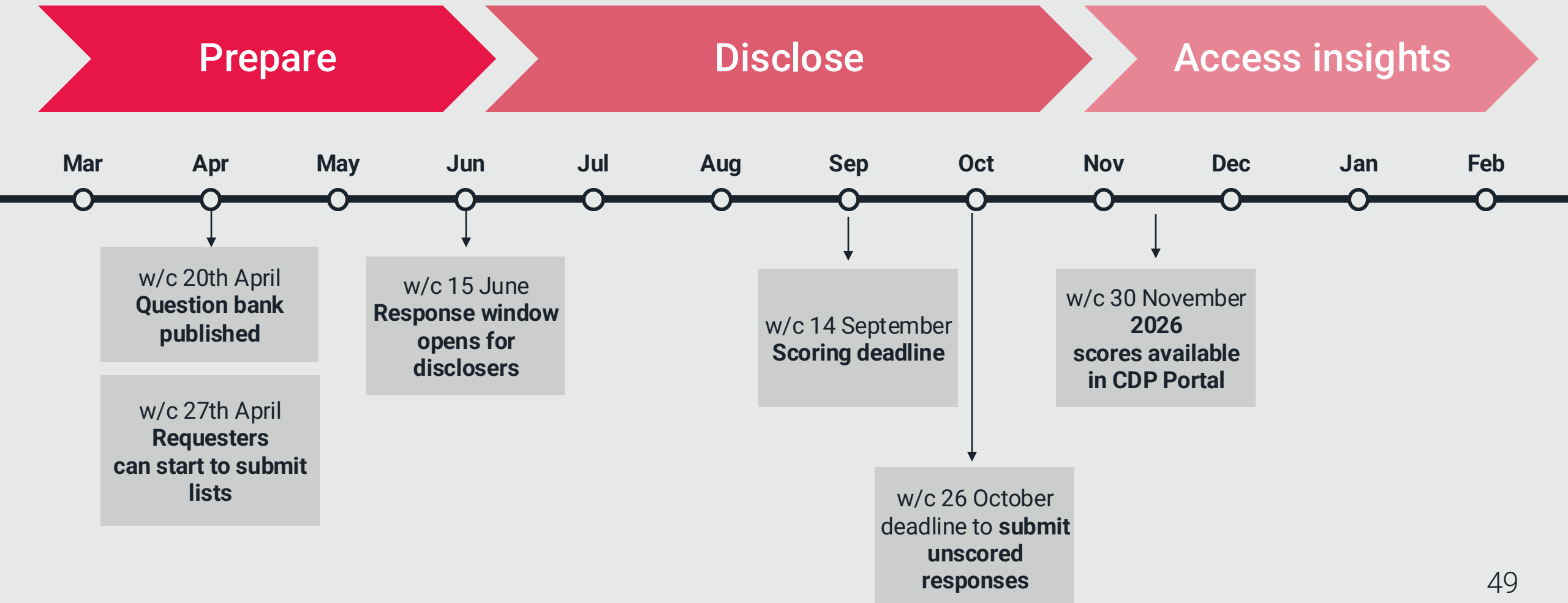


Module 9:

Cross-cutting sector changes

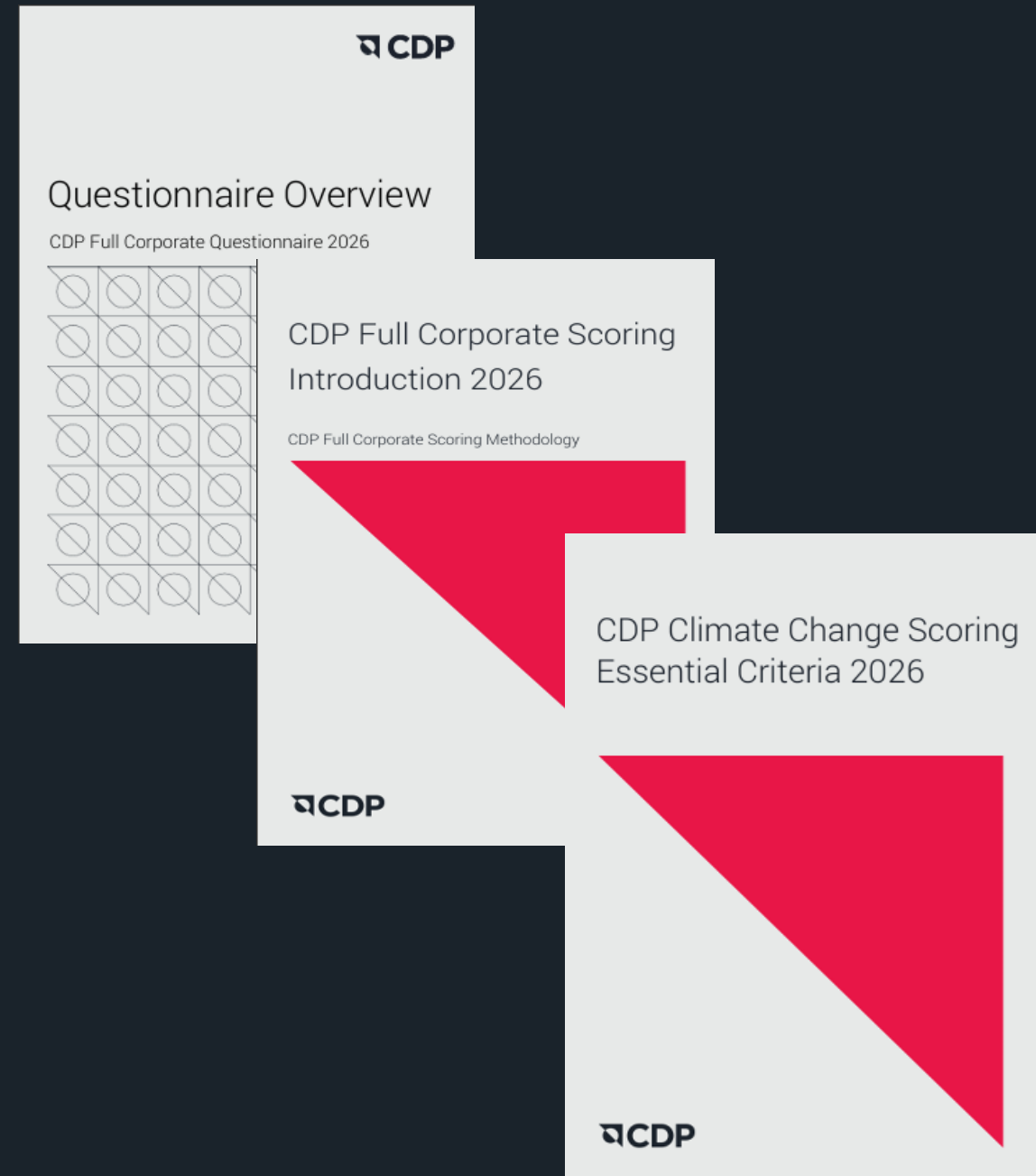


2026 disclosure timeline



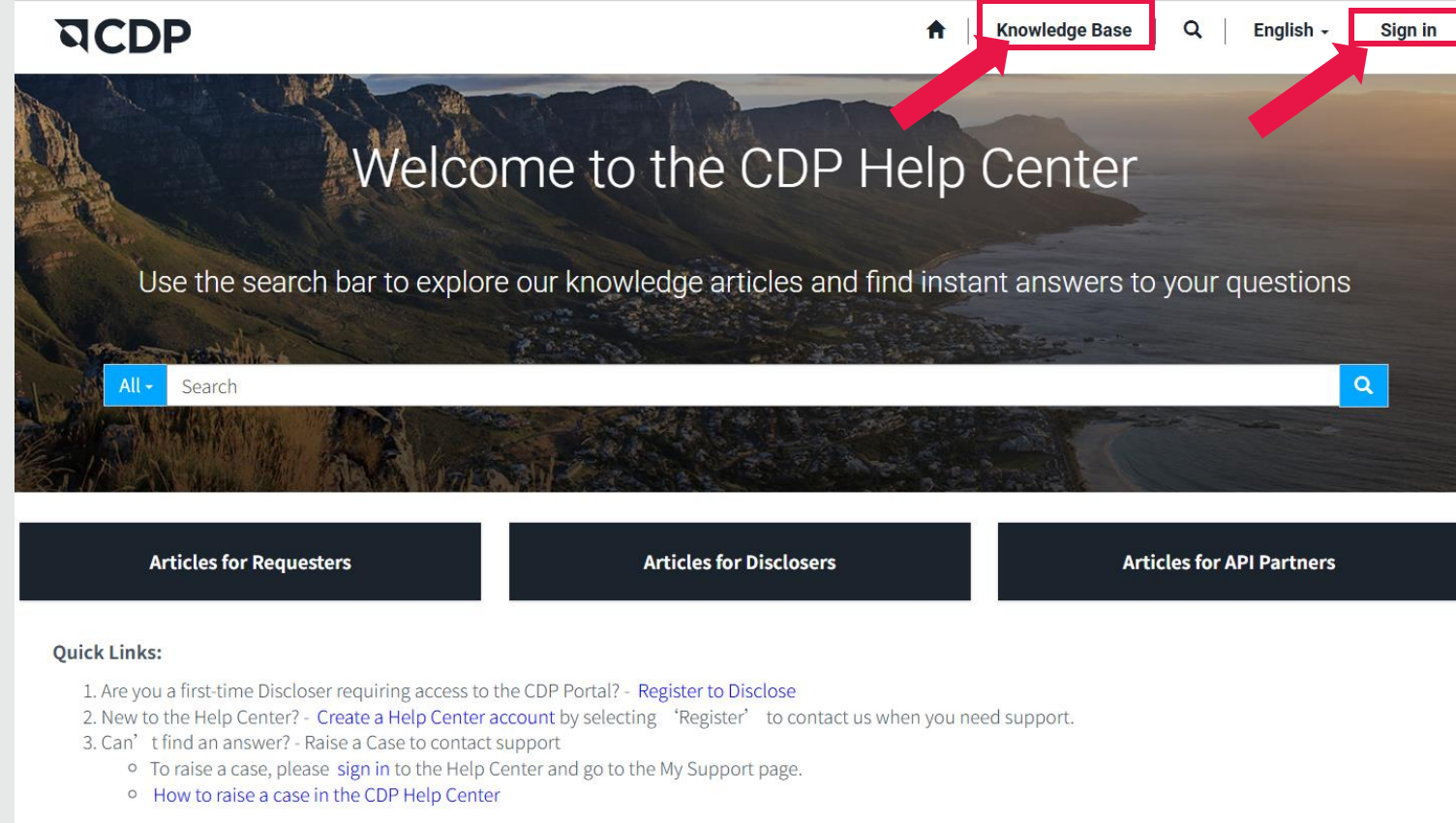
Online Resources

- 2026 CDP Questionnaire Overview
 - [Full version](#) | [SME version](#)
- 2026 CDP Scoring Introduction
 - [Full version](#) | [SME version](#)
- [2026 Questionnaire, Reporting Guidance, Scoring Methodology](#)
- [CDP Questionnaire Changes Tracker 2026](#)
- CDP Corporate Scoring Changes 2026
 - [Full version](#) | [SME version](#)
- 2026 Full Essential Criteria
 - [Climate Change](#) | [Water Security](#) | [Forests](#)



CDP Help Center

- <https://help.cdp.net/>
- Knowledge Base: Most of the questions have already been addressed in the knowledge article.
- After logging in, you can submit a case to CDP, which will be linked to your account.
- Multiple language support: English, Portuguese, Japanese, Simplified Chinese, Spanish



Q&A



An aerial photograph of a dense forest with trees in various shades of green, yellow, and orange, indicating autumn. A dark, winding road or path cuts through the forest. The image is partially obscured by a white diagonal shape on the left side.

Thank you!

Please contact our support team
through **Help Centre** for any questions

