22

HERBICIDE

WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL

Same active as GRAMOXONE®



OVERVIEW

Willowood Paraquat 3SL is a unique, fast acting, non-selective contact herbicide. Willowood Paraquat 3SL binds tightly to soil particles and does not have a negative effect on groundwater or soil organisms.

KEY CROPS

Corn • Alfalfa • Citrus • Grapes • Grass Seed • Soybeans • Tree Fruit & Nuts • Cotton • Wheat • Sorghum • Rice • Sugar Beets • Vegetables

PACKAGING

• 265 gal tote (x1)

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Paraquat (3.0 lbs Active Ingredient per Gallon)

RATES

0.7 pt/A - 2.7 pt/A (See label for rates by crop)

WEED SPECTRUM

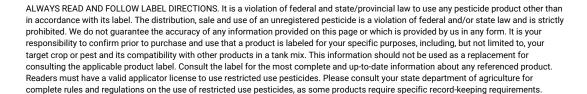
Broadleaf Weeds • Grasses

APPLICATION TIMING

Preplant Burndown • Post Emergence only as a desiccant

Technical Use Guidelines

Mode of Action	Photosynthesis Inhibitors (Photosystem I)
Crop Rotation REFER TO LABEL FOR DETAILS	No Restrictions
Adjuvant Recommendation	COC: 1% v/v (1 gal/100 gal) NIS: 0.25% v/v (2 pts/100 gal)
Rainfastness	• 0.5 hours
Water Volume (GPA) REFER TO LABEL FOR DETAILS	Ground: 15 GPA (miniumum) 10 GPA if tank mixed with glyphosate Aerial: 10 GPA (minimum) 5 GPA if tank mixed with glyphosate
Application Tips	 Same AI as Gramoxone but more concentrated 3lbs vs 2lbs. Best results at high volume and pressure application.





2

HERBICIDE

WILLOWOOD PARAQUAT 3SL

Same active as GRAMOXONE®

MIXING PROCEDURE

Mix Willowood Paraquat 3SL and other listed products as follows:

- Fill spray tank 1/2 full with clean water or other approved carriers such as clear liquid fertilizer.
- Begin tank agitation and continue throughout mixing and spraying.
- Add dry formulations (WP, DF, etc.) to tank.
- Add liquid formulations (SC, EC, L, etc.) to tank.
- Add Willowood Paraquat 3SL to tank.
- · Add nonionic surfactant to tank.
- Fill remainder of spray tank. Always read other pesticide products labels for weeds controlled, rates of applications, directions for use, limitations, and restrictions.

CROP STAGING

- Applications should be made to small emerged weeds. Larger weeds more than 6 inches in height may be more difficult to control than weeds 1-6 inches in height.
- If possible, when green foliage is removed either from grazing or mowing, allow the weeds to grow 2-4 inches in height.
- During harvesting forage or grain crops before spraying, weeds present in the field are also cut. Raise cutter bars as high as possible from the ground to cut stubble and weeds at a greater height, allowing sufficient green foliage to remain for applications.

FIELD NOTES	
-------------	--

