# **Pro-forma Invoice**



Classic Retrofit
The Old Forge
Mayfield ENG TN20 6JN

United Kingdom

Invoice: #D1218 Date: 28/06/22 VAT: 209660701

### **Item Details**

Quantity	Item	Price	
1 x	964 / 993 Evaporator		£295.00
1 x	Electric Air Conditioning for Porsche 964 and 993 (two condensers)		£2,995.00
1 x	Porsche 964/993 High Output 175A Alternator (1989-1998)		£895.00

# **Payment Details**

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# ElectroCooler Electric A/C System for your Porsche 964/993 Issue 1.1





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#### Introduction

Welcome to the install manual for the Electrocooler Air Conditioning system for the Porsche 964 and 993 series of cars.

Electrocooler provides a lightweight and non-invasive way of adding air conditioning to your 964/993 without the need to use an engine driven compressor. Our AC systems are currently installed in hundreds of classic and modern cars worldwide. We are suppliers to Singer Vehicle Design, Ruf Automobile and other high quality car builders.

This kit has been field tested, the first trial kits went into several 964 based projects over the last 2 years in addition to our own 964 C4 test mule. The pre-production kits went into a 964RS and a 993RS, both of which are based in Thailand. Some of the pictures in this manual are from the 964RS as can be seen from the wonderful Rubystone Red paint and lack of underseal.

We hope that this manual is concise and clear but if you have any difficulty or suggestions on how to make the manual better, please contact us by email: <a href="mailto:info@classicretrofit.com">info@classicretrofit.com</a>

### ElectroCooler Kit

The kit you have purchased contains the following parts:

- Electric A/C compressor and control ECU.
- Condenser, fan and shroud assembly.
- Drier.
- Lightweight narrow wall hose set with custom fittings.
- ECU wiring loom and sundries.

# We don't provide:

- Replacement Evaporator for the 964/993 blower p/n 96457390100
- Rubber grommets (for routing hoses and wiring)
- 'Oetiker' crimp pliers / pincers

# Tools and sundries needed:

- Good quality set of allen keys
- Standard wrenches and socket set.
- Side cutters
- Small selection of male and female spade terminals (6.8mm)
- Crimp tool for above
- Selection of cable ties (300mm) for general use
- P clips (for securing hose)
- Hose cutters (although a clean set of garden shears are excellent for this purpose)

Please note that 911s are METRIC. All our fastenings are METRIC. Please don't use Imperial tools and fastenings on these cars or we will report you to the Porsche Gods.

### Parts List

If you think any of the parts are missing from your kit, please email us before you start installation.

# Large box:

- 4m x A/C hose #6
- 4m x A/C hose #8
- A/C fittings pack
- Drier
- Condenser Assembly
- TXV (expansion) valve block.

### Small box

- Compressor and ECU
- Main Harness (Grey connector)
- Main Harness (Black connector)
- Fan Relay Harness
- Button Harness
- Temperature Sensor Harness
- USB setup/programming cable
- Battery cable and insulation
- Fuse holder with 80A fuse
- Compressor bracket kit.

#### System Overview

ElectroCooler is unique in the air conditioning marketplace as it dispenses with the traditional engine driven compressor.

This offers several advantages over traditional systems:

- Compact: entirely packaged in the front of the vehicle
- Lightweight: typically half the weight of a factory or dealer system
- Better weight distribution
- Simpler to install.
- Non-damaging: Does not require cutting holes in the body shell.
- More energy efficient: Uses typically < 1 HP.
- Saves fuel. (independent white papers show up to 15% fuel saving)

For this kit, we chose to retain the factory blower unit and twin fans as this does provide good air flow and is (very) tightly integrated with the vehicle already.

We do strongly recommend that the original blower unit is overhauled prior to installing the kit. All servo valves and flaps should be checked over and a new evaporator fitted – these are available from Porsche. Non AC cars use the same blower so an evaporator can be retrofitted.

# Core components

The kit is suitable for cars either with and without factory AC. When the car has AC, the control can come from the factory CCU. Without, you can use a spare accessory button or our standard pushbutton.

Note: Using the CCU for control or using a latching button may require a change to the button type by changing ECU parameters with a laptop. You can do this during setup.

Apart from the factory blower unit, everything else required is provided in the kit. All Porsche AC hard and soft lines can be removed from the vehicle.

We place the electric compressor and condenser in the front left wing/fender beneath the headlamp. The brackets provided pick up on existing studs in the bodywork. A couple of extra holes are needed to complete fitment but these are hidden behind the battery. If you have no room here, the compressor can be located in the spare wheel space.

The factory wheel arch liner can be retained but a small cut out is required. This is not seen when installed.

#### Installation

Please check for current Service Bulletins on our website. This will inform you of any current changes to the install procedure or issues we are working on.

Although the installation of the components can be safely undertaken on a DIY basis, when it comes to filling and commissioning of the system, it is essential to seek professional assistance.

Air conditioning hoses run at high pressure and must be correctly crimped and pressure tested with the correct equipment.

We recommend that the initial filling and commissioning of the system is carried out by a qualified air conditioning engineer.

We absolutely DO NOT recommend that the system is filled from 'cans' of R134a. Step away from the ebay or Harbour Freight DIY fill kit and seek professional help.



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Read and follow all instructions and warnings.

Please consider your and other people's safety before installation.

Disconnect the vehicle battery before installation!

### Prerequisites

The kit has been designed to fit 964 and 993 cars where there is space under the front left headlamp. If the car has factory AC, the old condenser and fan unit are removed. Both our compressor and condenser fit into this space.

# Updating the Alternator

Classic Retrofit recommends our 240A 964/993 unit, the main advantage being the high idle output (100A) which will enable the system to run full time in traffic. The system will run on the factory alternator but will have reduced output and may stop to protect from battery drain if the car is in traffic.

Updating the alternator also requires that the wiring can take the extra current. The wire from the alternator to the starter solenoid must be uprated to 170A 25mm2 wire along with the alternator ground to the engine case. We provide the cable set with all our uprated units.

Check out our alternators here:

https://www.classicretrofit.com/collections/upgraded-alternators

# Earth straps

It is strongly advised to remove and replace both the battery and transmission earth straps. The studs and landing surface of the earth point should be cleaned until shiny. It is important that the earth strap lug sits flat on the landing surface so that maximum contact area is achieved. The same is true for attaching the compressor earth.

## Batteries

The kit has been tested with standard batteries (typically) 75Ah. The battery must be in good order. The A/C will use some battery reserve at idle. If you have a lesser rated battery, you run the risk of depleting it sooner. Settings can be changed within the A/C ECU to guard against this at the detriment to A/C performance at low engine RPM. Please contact us regarding battery spec.

Update: With our high output 175A alternator we have run smaller race batteries with success (e.g. Odyssey PC925 which is 28Ah).

Heat regulators (servo 'Flapper' boxes)

The 964/993 series uses as many as 7 servo operated valves for the HVAC system. These must be in working order. If not, they may 'leak' hot air into the air box and AC function will be reduced.

Before you start the installation, you can easily check whether the valves are working. Get the car warm and set the heating to the coldest setting. Behind the carpet, ahead of the 'A' pillar, feel the 60mm pipe that runs upwards through the lower dash. A bit of leaked warmth here can be tolerated but if it is hot then this needs to be addressed as a priority.

#### Preparation

The installation is not difficult, but does require removal of fuel tank and blower unit in order to replace the evaporator. Take your time and be methodical. The install can be undertaken with common workshop tools.

The only special tool required is the hose crimp tool. The hose crimps are 'oetiker' ear clamps. The tool required is readily available, cheap to buy and referred to as 'Oetiker pliers or pincers'.



#### All cars

You will be connecting some high current wires so please make sure the vehicle is electrically safe to work on.

- Disconnect vehicle battery.
- Remove front left wheel
- Remove front left wheel arch liner (both parts)
- Remove front left lower valence PU.

# Factory AC cars only

If the vehicle already has factory or dealer fitted air conditioning, these parts need to be removed prior to the fitment of the kit. This includes:

- Remove the engine driven compressor.
- Remove the factory condensers.
- Remove all hoses and the drier.
- Removal of A/C specific hoses under the scuttle area.

#### Cabin Controls

If the car had factory AC, the system can be operated by the existing 'snowflake' button on the CCU. This requires a change to the button type in the ECU – needs to be set to 'Latch'

If the car had no AC, the button provided can be used.

# Connection to the 964/993 Blower unit.

The factory 964/993 blower unit should first have been fitted (or retrofitted in the case of non-AC cars) with a new evaporator. We provide a new expansion block with the kit and a special adapter block that is used to attach our flexible hoses. The bulkhead panel should be removed for this and it is much easier of the fuel tank is removed.

Attach the expansion block/valve to the evaporator (2 x o-rings on evaporator). Attach the #6 90 deg and the #8 straight connector to the block using o-rings. Now, attach the block assembly to the expansion block/valve.

To be clear, that's total of 6 o-rings used in attaching the block and valve to the evaporator.



Figure 1 - Adapter block for flexible hoses.

At this point, consider routing the #6 and #8 hoses up through the hole in the inner fender/wing and attaching them. This will allow you to complete the bulkhead part of the install and re fit the fuel tank if it is out. There is a convenient stud that allows a p-clip to hold the hoses if need be. You don't need to cut the hose yet, just leave it coiled under the fender. You can reuse the factory grommet / plate on the fender hole where the hose go through.



Figure 2 - Adapter block fitted. cable tie holding wiring loom away from servo arm.



Figure 3 - Hoses secured by P-clip before going through factory inner wing hole.

# Temperature Sensors.

Electrocooler has two temperature sensors which have their own sub harness. One for the cabin temperature and the other for the evaporator. They are colour coded:

Yellow – cabin temp sensor. This should be placed so that it samples incoming air from the cabin. A good position is near the inlet flaps behind the evaporator. Alternatively at the back of the CCU near the CCU's own cabin temp fan.

Red – evaporator temp sensor. This should be placed in the evaporator core. Insert it in between the fins. This is to prevent evaporator freeze.

You may have to drill a small hole to get the wires out of the blower box. They will need to come over to the fuse box side of the car.

Electrocooler can work in two different modes. Climate and Hi/Lo. They can be set using a laptop and the provided USB cable. See the separate Setup and Test Manual on our website.

In Hi/Lo mode, the compressor will just operate as fast as it can, given the output available from the alternator. The cabin sensor is ignored. The evaporator sensor handles freeze protect.

In Climate Mode, the ECU will attempt to make the air temperature match the Cabin Temperature Setpoint adjusted by the CTS setting (default 21 deg C). If you use climate mode, it can save some power since the compressor will reduce speed when the cabin cools off.

In both modes, the 964 cabin controller can still be used to adjust temperature as before.

# Compressor Install.

Remove the battery from the vehicle. You will be drilling through the panel in the battery area.

If the car has factory AC, remove the condenser, shroud and fan assembly.

Locktite should be used on all compressor bolts.

Offer up the compressor mounting plate to the factory stud at the bottom of the chassis leg (see picture). Use the bracket to mark position of the two other (non-threaded) holes for drilling. Drill 2  $\times$  8.5 mm holes through the panel and secure the compressor plate to the car with m8 bolts and nuts.

Refer to the picture of the battery compartment below. Drill an additional hole for a wiring grommet. This must be big enough for the grey compressor control cable connector to fit through.

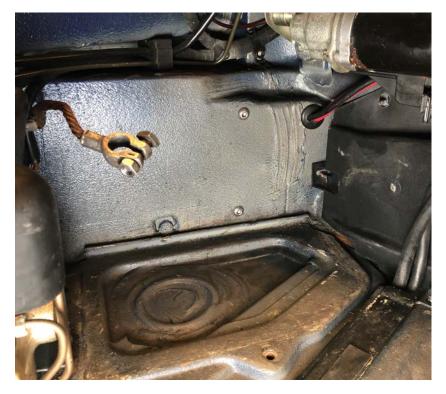


Figure 4 - Battery side showing 2 x M8 screws. Also note hole on right with grommet for wiring.



Figure 5 - Compressor bracket. Offer up to factory mounting stud (lower right).

Offer up the compressor and mount to the plate with the 100mm bolts. Attach the heavy black compressor cable ground to the factory stud and secure with M8 nut.

Note: On production mounting plates the earth stud is masked off and has no paint around it.



Figure 6 - View of compressor from under vehicle.

Note. Some 'backdates' (964 with early front wings/fenders) may not allow compressor mounting in this location so might require location in the spare wheel well. Please note that if you are making your own compressor mount, **the compressor MUST be mounted the correct way up**. The flat lid is the TOP. Mounting the compressor on its side or inverted will shorten its life due to oil starvation.

# Preliminary Wiring and ECU

Locate the ECU inside the front slam panel. Lay the two main loom connectors (grey and black) into the front of the car. The longest branches of both looms can be routed along the RH chassis leg and up to the fuse box, entering through the hole in the front of the fuse box using a suitable grommet.

Route the correct heavy red ECU cable (see photo), the compressor control cable and the condenser fan loom (see wiring diagram) through the chassis leg wiring grommet to the compressor.

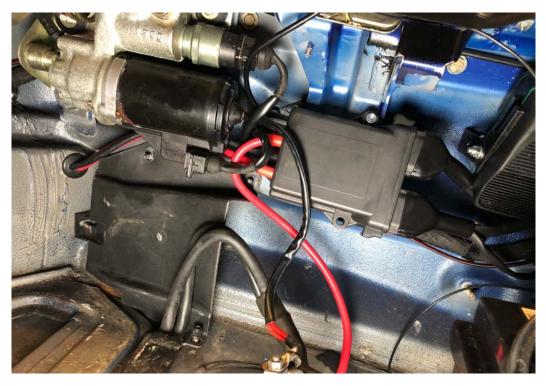


Figure 7 – Hole for heavy red wire, ECU control cable and fan cable on left. ECU can be mounted on front panel.



Above the compressor and to the front of the vehicle, there is a factory stud. You can use this to mount one side of the power post (or isolating contact relay). Secure the other side of the isolator to the body with a self tap screw of rivnut. Either connect both red cable together with the power post or attach either side if using the contact relay (see heavy gauge wiring diagram).



Figure 8 - ECU red wire coming through grommet and attaching to compressor +ve at power post.

# Alternatively with contact relay...



Figure 9 - Install using isolating contactor relay

Connect the ECU compressor control cable to the compressor.

# Primary Condenser Install.

Condenser preparation. With the fan facing you, the inlet and outlet ports should be bottom left and top right. If not, the condenser may need to be flipped on the shroud. To do so, loosen the six screws on one end only of the shroud. Attach the triangular top baffle to the condenser using two of the existing screws. See picture.

There are two brackets that hold the condenser. Fit the rear bracket to the factory stud shown in the picture below. Drill and tap 2 x M6 holes in the bumper support for the small front bracket.

Loosely fit the condenser and adjust the brackets accordingly as you will be removing again for hose fitting. A little 'adjustment of the brackets is normal. Make sure the condenser is secure. Plug in the fan loom to the fan.



Figure 10 - Rear condenser mount bracket



Figure 11 - Drill and tap 2 x M6 holes in bumper support for front condenser bracket.



Figure 12 - Condenser in place.

#### Second Condenser Install.

Note: At the time of writing, we are shipping two condensers with 964 kits after feedback from hotter climates. Investigation showed that the 964 evaporator is not as efficient as the one we use in the classic 911 kit so we have to compensate with the second unit. Additionally, we have found that the wheel arch liners do trap hot air as the outlets in the undertray are undersized.

We did not want to disappoint customers who had already placed an order, so we have put together this guide to fitting the second condenser, but some simple fabrication and fixings may be required as we didn't have time to design and manufacture and complete set of plug and play parts.

To install the second condenser you may need:

- Some self-adhesive neoprene foam tape to form a seal between condenser and oil cooler (12mm x 12mm is ideal).
- Cable ties
- Self tap screws

The second condenser can be fitted to improve cooling performance in hotter climates. The second condenser is supplied as the radiator unit only with two fittings and some extra hose. Some minor modification is required to the oil cooler bracket and the rear closing panel.

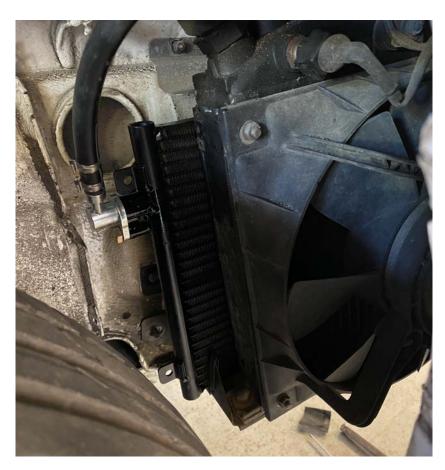
The condenser is fitted behind the existing oil cooler on the right side of the car. Space was allocated here for the Tiptronic transmission cooler so on a manual car this is fairly easy. At this time, we don't have an easy fitment option for a Tiptronic car but spacing the oil cooler bracket away from the body could provide enough space to mount.

Since the condenser is longer than the oil cooler, the oil cooler lower bracket needs a notch cutting in it to allow the condenser to slide in behind the oil cooler. The closing panel (the flat panel attached to the oil cooler with the rubber edge) will need some modification or a new part fabricated to force the air path through the radiator.

Remove the arch liner front half and under tray on the right side of the car. Remove the closing panel from the back of the oil cooler. Mark the lower section of the support bracket in line with the rear of the oil cooler so that the condenser will sit close to the oil cooler. On the bench, cut a notch in the support bracket, wide enough for the condenser, protect the edges with some rubber U channel.



Notch cut in oil cooler support bracket.



Second condenser slides in behind oil cooler.

The condenser should be positioned as far forward in the car as possible. Fit the front most hose fitting to the condenser before committing to position. Ideally a foam seal is put around the oil cooler perimeter before the condenser is put in place.

When the unit is in place it can be secured with cable ties to the oil cooler bracket or any other method you choose.

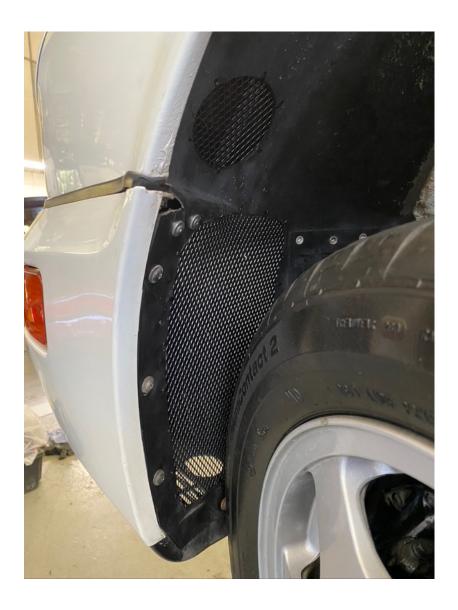
# **Archliners**

The arch liner will fit back on but requires trimming of the 'flap' as below. On the oil cooler side a similar approach may be necessary and a heat gun used to relieve area of the top AC fitting.



Figure 13 - Removing a section of the arch liner to clear condenser. Important to leave lower mounting holes.

For very hot climates, venting the arch liners on both sides can improve both oil cooler and AC performance. In the picture below we have cut an aperture and used black mesh to finish.



# Drier Install.

The drier can be fitted in the standard location at the rear of the wing/fender.



Figure 14 - Drier can be fitted in standard location.

# Hoses and Fittings

# Hose Routing

Identify the fittings noting that there are two different hose sizes (#6 and #8) used. Some fittings have the same port size but different hose size (e.g. on the condenser). The larger #8 hose is used between evaporator and compressor and between compressor and condenser only.

Position of charge ports is up to you and dependent on installation. We favour putting them over the wheel arch, just forward of the strut tower. Dry fit the hoses without the clips and cut hoses to size for your installation.



Figure 15 - Fill ports over wing under fender (metal clip by installer)

Tip: You can use cheap garden hose to work out run lengths first before cutting the actual hose!

Crimping the hoses. Please refer to the following video for instructions on how to crimp the connections.

# http://www.burgaclip.com/content/6-instructions

We prefer to remove the blue spacer clip after use as it looks better, hence we only supply 4 per kit. Before use, clip out the side of the spacer so that it can be pushed off the fitting and reused.



Some fittings can be tight due to variance in port and fitting sizes. Lubricate the o-ring with PAG oil or a light silicone spray. Tighten the nut while applying corrective force to bring the fitting in square to the port.

# Fittings should not look like this:



# Wiring

# High Current Cabling

Refer to Appendix B for the wiring diagram.

The red and black 16mm2 heavy cable is the main supply of current to the compressor. As supplied, the cables are joined at a red power post under the wing. If battery isolation is required, a contactor relay can be fitted.

The connection of the ECU red wires to battery and compressor is important for the ECU to read the current correctly. If they are swapped, the current read by the ECU will be negative and odd behaviour will occur – e.g. condenser fan will not run

Note: The compressor has a parasitic draw of about 70mA. If the car is not on a trickle charger, fit the contact relay.

The connection of the red supply cable between the battery + and contactor **must** be fused with the supplied 80A inline fuse. For safety, the connection of this cable to the battery should be the last you do on the install. This wire will be carrying 50A+ so it is important that cable cannot be pinched or the insulation chafed or broken.

In the event that the red cable is shorted to ground, the fuse will blow.

Of course, make sure all connections have good contact are securely fastened.



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Read and follow all instructions and warnings.

Please consider your and other people's safety before installation.

Disconnect the vehicle battery before installation!

## Low Current Cabling

The wiring loom consists of 6 separate parts:

- 1. Cabin Button Loom
- 2. Black ECU Loom
- 3. Grey ECU Loom
- 4. Condenser Fan loom
- 5. Condenser Fan relay loom
- 6. Temperature Sensor loom

Please refer to the wiring diagrams in Appendix B. The following notes offer more guidance.

The fuse box on the car can be lifted and supported during wiring. On the underside of the fuse box you will find one connector without a plug. Pin A22 of this connector is a switched live feed. In line fuses can be used for the power feeds.

Operation from original Climate Control Unit (CCU) 'Snowflake' button.

If wiring an original AC car, an additional relay is used to activate the AC from the snowflake button on the CCU(see AC car wiring diagram). Porsche sell the correct relay carrier for the spare relay positions. Part number 92861051100. When the snowflake is pressed, the relay should activate, supplying 12V to the black/white wire on the ECU loom. You do not need to use the button loom in this configuration. See Appendix B for wiring.

The ECU needs to be configured to use a 'latching' button in this configuration. This is done by changing the button setting (setting name BUT) to latch. We have a separate **Setup and Test manual** on our website that explains how to do that.

#### Button Loom (1)

If the car has a AC enabled cabin controller with a snowflake button, you do not need to install the button loom so skip this section.

If the car never had AC, use the button loom provided to operate the AC.

The cabin button is NOT designed to be taken apart. If inserting through a panel, please note that you must feed the wires through from the front of the panel, and do not forget to feed the wiring through the nut.

The button harness has 4 connections.

Colour	Connection
Red	Permanent or 12V Switched Live (ignition)
Black	GND
Brown/Yellow	to Brown/Yellow on Black Harness.

The red wire is very low current so can be taken from the radio feed. The black wire can also ground in the cabin if convenient. Alternatively, run red through to fuse box.



Figure 16 - Feeding Electrocooler loom into front of fusebox.

# Black ECU Loom (loom 2)

Plug the black connector into the ECU. Find the short spur with the ground lug and attach to vehicle chassis.

The longest spur needs to connect to the cabin control cable (black/white and brown/yellow) is this is used. Refer to the wiring for Non AC and AC cars in Appendix B.

#### Grey ECU Loom (loom 3)

Plug the grey connector into the ECU. Identify the spur with the white and grey wires. Identify the condenser fan relay loom (it has a relay socket and ground lug). Plug the white wire into pin 86 of the relay socket. Find a suitable earth point for the lug and attach to chassis.

Take the remaining spur to the fuse box area. The red wire should be wire to the fused side of permanent live. The yellow and yellow/black wires are wired to ignition live.

The only remaining wires are blue/white, blue/yellow and blue/red. These are the compressor defeat lines. They are uses to slow the compressor when 12V is applied. This is useful to limit current on vehicles with lower output alternators. 964/993 vehicles do not usually need these connections.

# *Isolation Relay (Contactor)*

If you have a isolator relay (contactor) fitted, wire the grey and the spare black wire to the coil terminals

If the contactor relay you are using has a protection diode, the grey wire MUST be attached on the correct side of the diode (marked with a bar on the diode).

# Temperature Sensors (loom 6)

There are two temperature sensors, Cabin and Evaporator which have a 4 pin connector that plugs into the grey harness. You should have already installed this with the blower so just plug it in.

### Setup

Please refer to our separate Setup and Test Manual on our website for test and commissioning.



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### Filling with R134A.

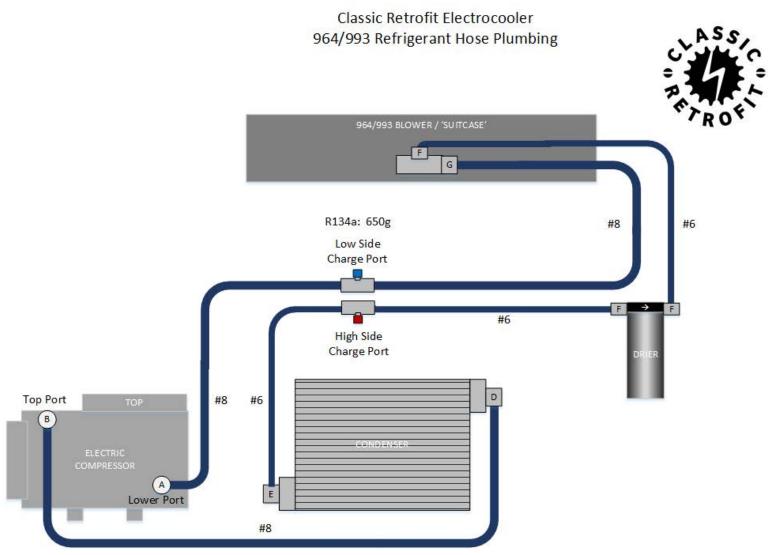
The system uses standard R134a charge ports. Test the system for leaks with nitrogen at pressure and check that it holds for 30 minutes.

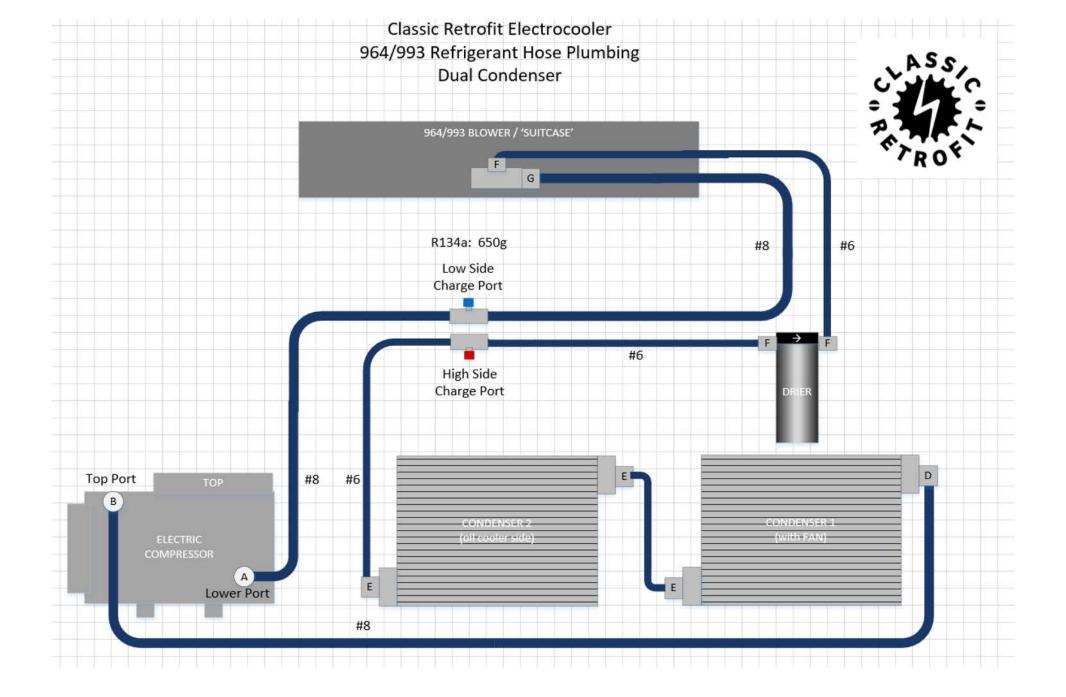
System as shipped does not need compressor oil added. The compressor is pre-filled with PAG oil. Although this is an electric compressor, it does not need special oil as it is a 12V system. If extra condensers are used more oil may be added.

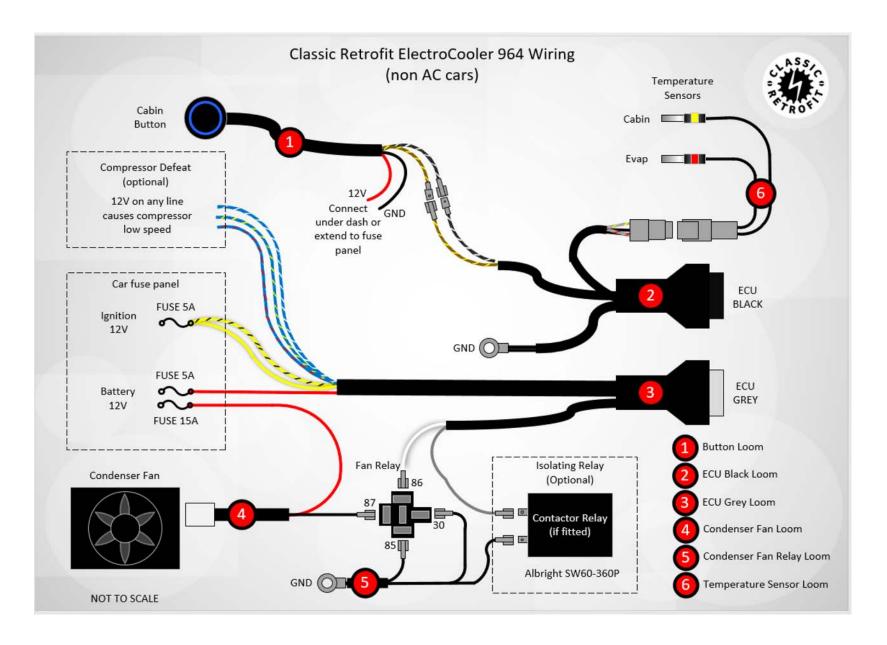
The system should be filled without the compressor running.

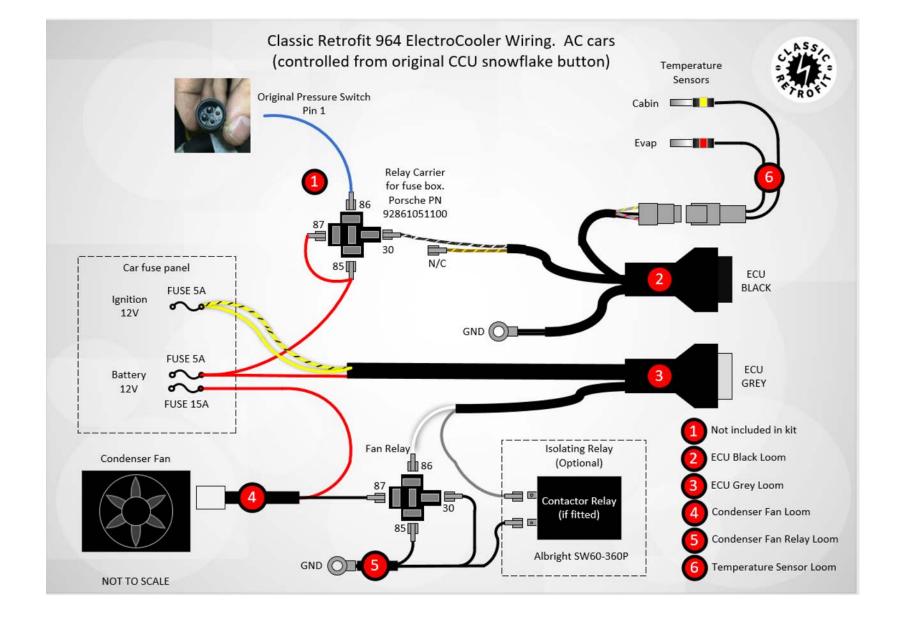
Fill with 650g of R134a (single condenser system), 700g (dual condenser). Typical Lp and Hp values show (in mbar)

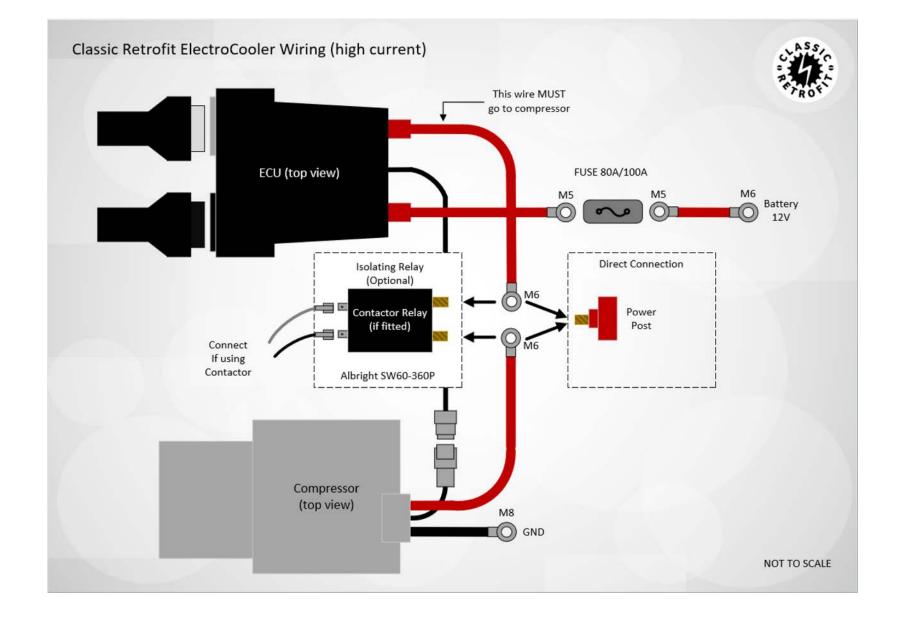












ElectroCooler's ECU provides the necessary control to regulate the compressor speed in accordance to the power available from the charging system. Without the ECU, the compressor could run beyond the means of the alternator which would result in a flat battery. Either that, or the compressor would be run too slow and compromise the A/C performance.

The ECU contains an algorithm that adjusts the compressor speed (and thus current) based on alternator output, battery voltage, driving conditions and a number of other factors.



The ECU comes preset with conservative working parameters. It is possible to adjust the values using a laptop as described in our setup manual. It is strongly recommended NOT to adjust these values without reading the manual or consulting us first.

The ECU is housed in an automotive enclosure and has two keyed 12 way Deutsch connectors, accepting female 0462 crimp contacts. All wiring to ECU to be 14/0.30mm, 1mm2., 8.75amp.

**Power Connections** 

16mm<sup>2</sup> 170A wire.

Red from battery with 80A inline fuse to input terminal on ECU. ECU Output terminal to terminal post or contactor (if fitted). Other side of post / contactor to compressor 12v Red.

ECU, contactor and inline fuse have M6 studs. Peripheral connections at battery terminal are typically M6 too.

Use 16mm<sup>2</sup> M5 crimp terminals for ECU and fuse connections.

Use 16mm<sup>2</sup> M6 crimp terminals for contactor relay.

Compressor Gnd (black) to chassis.

# Grey Connector Pinout.

Pin	Colour	Function	Typical install
1	red	Vfan	Permanent Live
2	Green/red	GPIO1	nc
3	Green/yellow	GPIO2	nc
4	Green/white	GPIO3	nc
5	blue	ACcool	nc
6	Blue/yellow	ACdefeat2*	Main beam*
7	Yellow/black	VacControl	Switched Live
8	Blue/red	ACdefeat1*	Wiper Full Speed*
9	yellow	IGNon	Switched Live
10	Blue/white	ACdefeat3*	Rear Screen Demister*
11	white	FANpwrenable	Condenser fan relay
12	grey	COMPpwrenable	Contact breaker relay

### nc – not connected

Pins 11 and 12 both provide 12V to the relay coils. It is expected that the other side of the relay coils are connected to chassis. Please note if the relays have coil diodes fitted, the polarity of the connections is important (see electrical diagram).

<sup>\*</sup> The 3 defeat signals tell the ECU whether to slow or stop the AC compressor. Wire them to the 12V feed for higher current accessories. In the above example, they are on the main beams, wiper full speed and the rear screen demister. These connections are not mandatory, the ECU can operate without them.

# Black Connector Pinout

Pin	Colour	Function	Typical install
1	Brown/red	STATUSOp1	nc
2	Brown/yellow	STATUSOp2	Cabin control led
3	Grey/red	EVAPTemp	Temp sensor
4	Grey/yellow	CabinTemp	Temp sensor
5	Black/blue	ENCb	nc
6	Black/white	ENCSwitch	Cabin control button
7	orange	BLOWposn	+ve on blower motor
8	black	GND	Chassis
9	Black/red	ENCa	nc
10	black	GND	Chassis
11	Brown/white	StatusOp3	nc
12	black	GND	Chassis

Your harness may not have a full set of wires depending on the installation. We supply the harness unsheathed for custom installations. Please group the wires and sheath them to suit your installation

# Appendix E. Part numbers

For RS stock numbers listed - please go to <u>uk.rs-online.com</u>

Photo	Description	Mfr Part Number	RS Stock Code
	PFL PCB Case	Deutsch EEC-325X4B	724-2557
	Contactor (optional): 12V Extra Heavy Duty Make/Break Relay - 120A	Albright Engineers SW60-360P Or Classic Retrofit SW60-38P	UK: Farnell US: Curtis-Albright
Y COCCOO A	DTM Series, 12 Way Plug Connector, with Crimp Termination. Grey	Deutsch DTM0612SA	724-2576
	DTM Series, 12 Way Plug Connector, with Crimp Termination. Black	Deutsch DTM0612SB	724-2579
-	DTM Series Wedge Lock For Use With 12 Way Plug	Deutsch WM12S	724-2573
T. S.	0462 Crimp Contact, Female, Crimp, Nickel Plating 20 - 24 AWG	Deutsch 0462-201-20141	425-822
	Crimp Tool DT Series, HD10 Series, HD30 Series, HDP20 Series, 20 → 12 AWG Wire Size	HDT-48-00	425-973
6	Uninsulated Tin Plated Tubular Ring Terminal, M5 Stud Size, 16 mm²	RS Pro	122-5002
	Uninsulated Tin Plated Tubular Ring Terminal, M6 Stud Size, 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	RS Pro	531-043
Dimensions in mm MSX0.8 BOLTS	100A Midi fuse holder	Littelfuse	04980921GXM5