

# ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Owner of the Declaration	dormakaba International Holding GmbH
Publisher	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Programme holder	Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. (IBU)
Declaration number	EPD-DOR-20260266-CBA1-EN
Issue date	08.05.2026
Valid to	07.05.2031

## Automatic Swing Door Operator ED 100 dormakaba

[www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com) | <https://epd-online.com>



## General Information

### dormakaba

#### Programme holder

IBU – Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.  
Hegelplatz 1  
10117 Berlin  
Germany

#### Declaration number

EPD-DOR-20260266-CBA1-EN

#### This declaration is based on the product category rules:

Drive systems for automatic doors and gates, 01.08.2021  
(PCR checked and approved by the SVR)

#### Issue date

08.05.2026

#### Valid to

07.05.2031



Dipl.-Ing. Hans Peters  
(Chairman of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)



Dr. Martina Bender  
(Managing Director Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

### Automatic Swing Door Operator ED 100

#### Owner of the declaration

dormakaba International Holding GmbH  
DORMA Platz 1  
58256 Ennepetal  
Germany

#### Declared product / declared unit

1 piece of the product: Automatic Swing Door Operator ED 100, consisting of the following items:  
- Swing door operator  
- Slide channel set  
- Basic cover  
- Product packaging

#### Scope:

This Environmental Product Declaration refers to a specific ED 100 Automatic Swing Door Operator manufactured by dormakaba. The production site is located in Ennepetal (Germany).

Green electricity with Guarantee of Origin (GoO) is being used at this production site.

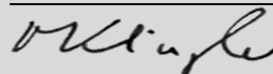
The data represents the year 2025.

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence; the IBU shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer information, life cycle assessment data and evidences.

The EPD was created according to the specifications of EN 15804+A2. In the following, the standard will be simplified as *EN 15804*.

#### Verification

The standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR	
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:2011	
<input type="checkbox"/>	internally
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	externally



Matthias Klingler,  
(Independent verifier)

## Product

### Product description/Product definition

The Automatic Swing Door Operators ED 100 manufactured by dormakaba, are electromechanical operator designed for single- or double leaf doors. The Swing Door Operator can be mounted with standard arm as push-version and with slide channel as pull-version. For double-leaf configurations, an extended cover and an integrated door coordinator are available. By using the dormakaba upgrade card, the functional scope can be adapted to a variety of door situations.

For the use and application of the product the respective national provisions at the place of use apply.

- ISO 13849-1
- DIN 18650-1
- DIN 18650-2
- EN 16005
- EN 60335-1
- 2011/65/EU ROHS3 Directive
- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

The CE-marking takes into account the proof of conformity with the respective harmonized standards based on the legal provisions above.

### Application

The Swing Door Operators are suitable for various applications:

- For single- or double- leaf swing doors
- Assembly on smoke or fire doors: as pull- version with slide channels and as push- version with standard arm
- Automation of doors with low traffic capacity (Low-Energy Mode) and heavily frequented doors (Full-Energy Mode)
- High torque for full-automatic swing doors with radar detector control
- Suitable for internal and external doors

### Technical Data

The ED 100 has the following technical properties:

Name	Value	Unit
Dimension width	685	mm
Dimension height	70	mm
Dimension depth	130	mm
Door leaf weight max.	160	kg
Door leaf width max.	1100	mm
Opening speed 0°-90°	3-12	s
Closing speed 90°-0°	5-21	s
Power supply	110/230	V
Connected load max.	2.4/1.2	A

## LCA: Calculation rules

### Declared Unit

The declared unit is 1 piece of the product: ED 100 including packaging

Name	Value	Unit
Declared unit	1	pce.
Mass of declared Product without Packaging	11,70	kg
Mass of Packaging	1,41	kg
Mass reference	13,11	kg/pce

Performance data of the product with respect to its characteristics in accordance with the relevant technical provision which can be applied are mentioned above.

This EPD follows additional requirements for construction products considered as electronic or electric equipment.

### Base materials/Ancillary materials

The major material composition including the packaging of the product is listed below.

Name	Value	Unit
Steel	32	%
Aluminium	21	%
Plastic	14	%
Zinc	14	%
Electronics	10	%
Paper	9	%

The product includes partial articles which contain substances listed in the Candidate List of *REACH Regulation 1907/2006/EC* (date: 04.02.2026) exceeding 0.1 percentage by mass: yes

- Lead (Pb): 7439-92-1 (CAS-No) is used in the steel alloy. The concentration of lead does not exceed 0,35% (by mass).
- Tetrabromobisphenol A: 79-94-7 (CAS-No) is used in the electronics. The concentration of tetrabromobisphenol A does not exceed 0.57% (by mass)

The *Candidate List* can be found on the ECHA website address: <https://echa.europa.eu/de/home>.

### Manufacture

The manufacturing process is based on the assembly of mechanical and electronic components, including pre-produced electronic assemblies. The specific manufacturing steps and processes may vary depending on the product type and configuration.

### Reference service life

The reference service life of the ED 100 amounts to 10 years and depends on the application and frequency of use. For repairs or renewals, suitable spare parts are available. The swing door operators are tested and certified to *EN 16005*, meaning they are designed to withstand a minimum of 1.000.000 cycles.

### System boundary

The type of EPD is: cradle to gate with options, modules C1–C4, and module D (A1–A3 + C + D and additional modules: A4 + A5 + B6)

### Production - Module A1-A3

The product stage includes:

— A1, raw material extraction, processing and mechanical treatments, processing of secondary material input (e.g. recycling processes),

— A2, transport to the manufacturer,  
 — A3, manufacturing and assembly including provision of all materials, products and energy (green electricity with Guarantee of Origin (GoO)), as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state. The electricity from hydro power corresponds to an average emission factor of 0.00725 kg CO<sub>2</sub>-equivalent per kWh.

**Construction stage - Modules A4-A5**

The construction process stage includes:

— A4, transport to the building site;  
 — A5, installation into the building; including provision of all materials, products and energy, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues during the construction process stage.

**Use stage - Module B6**

The use stage related to the operation of the building includes:

— B6, operational energy use

**End-of-life stage– Modules C1-C4 and D**

The end-of-life stage includes:

— C1, de-construction, demolition;  
 — C2, transport to waste processing;  
 — C3, waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling;  
 — C4, disposal; including provision and all transport, provision of all materials, products and related energy and water use. Module D (Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary) includes:  
 — D, recycling potentials, expressed as net impacts and benefits.

**Geographic Representativeness**

Land or region, in which the declared product system is manufactured, used or handled at the end of the product’s lifespan: Global

**Comparability**

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Background database: GaBi, CUP 2024.2.

**LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information**

**Characteristic product properties of biogenic carbon**

Name	Value	Unit
Biogenic carbon content in product	0.005	kg C
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging	0.41	kg C

Note: 1 kg of biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>.

Ennepetal (Germany) is considered for A3.

**Transport from the gate to the site (A4)**

Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel (per 1 kg)	0.00276	l/100km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	55	%
Transport distance via truck (from dormakaba to harbor)	100	km

In order to allow scaling to a specific point of installation 100 km via truck are declared. The main distribution regions are Europe as well as Asia Pacific and North America.

**Installation into the building (A5)**

Name	Value	Unit
Waste packaging (paper and plastic)	1,40	kg

**Reference service life**

Name	Value	Unit
Life Span according to the manufacturer	10	a

**Operational energy use (B6)**

Name	Value	Unit
Electricity consumption ED 100 for 1 year	97.16	kWh
Days per year in use	365	days
On mode per day	1,8	h
Idle mode per day	22,2	h
On mode power Ø	22,09	W
Idle mode power	10,2	W

**End of life (C1-C4)**

C1: The product dismantling from the building is done manually without environmental burden.

Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately waste type	11.7	kg
Recycling	9.23	kg
Energy recovery	1.88	kg
Landfilling	0.6	kg
Transport to waste management	50	km

The product is disassembled in a recycling process. Material recycling is then assumed for the metals and electronics. The plastic components are assumed to be incinerated with energy recovery. Electromechanics and minor proportions of residues arising from the recycling process are landfilled.

Region for the End of Life is: Global.

**Reuse, recovery and/or recycling potentials (D), relevant scenario information**

Name	Value	Unit
Recycling	100	%

Collection rate is 100%.

## LCA: Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE OR INDICATOR NOT DECLARED; MNR = MODULE NOT RELEVANT)

Product stage			Construction process stage		Use stage							End of life stage				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from the gate to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	MNR	MNR	MNR	X	MND	X	X	X	X	X

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece ED 100

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-total	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	3.18E+01	1.35E-01	2.23E+00	0	3.96E+02	0	6.1E-02	4.93E+00	9E-03	-1.24E+01
GWP-fossil	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	3.39E+01	1.3E-01	4.6E-02	0	3.94E+02	0	5.8E-02	4.91E+00	9E-03	-1.24E+01
GWP-biogenic	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	-2.2E+00	6E-03	2.19E+00	0	1.85E+00	0	3E-03	1.9E-02	2.86E-05	-2.6E-02
GWP-luluc	kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq	4.6E-02	5.06E-06	3.04E-05	0	1.36E-01	0	2.27E-06	3.34E-04	5.4E-05	-5E-03
ODP	kg CFC11 eq	1.56E-10	1.13E-14	2.68E-13	0	5.75E-09	0	5.08E-15	5.09E-12	2.43E-14	-8.61E-11
AP	mol H <sup>+</sup> eq	1.46E-01	1.43E-04	5.47E-04	0	1.41E+00	0	6.42E-05	1E-03	6.39E-05	-4.5E-02
EP-freshwater	kg P eq	9.51E-05	3.31E-08	7.64E-08	0	9.64E-04	0	1.48E-08	1.02E-06	2.05E-08	-1.53E-05
EP-marine	kg N eq	2.87E-02	5.1E-05	2.01E-04	0	2.66E-01	0	2.29E-05	2.63E-04	1.64E-05	-6E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq	3.16E-01	5.79E-04	3E-03	0	2.86E+00	0	2.6E-04	5E-03	1.81E-04	-6.9E-02
POCP	kg NMVOC eq	8.8E-02	1.5E-04	5.33E-04	0	7.52E-01	0	6.72E-05	7.21E-04	5.03E-05	-2.1E-02
ADPE	kg Sb eq	4.16E-03	3.36E-09	2.83E-09	0	5.04E-05	0	1.51E-09	4.33E-08	5.83E-10	-1E-03
ADPF	MJ	5.09E+02	1.81E+00	6.04E-01	0	6.77E+03	0	8.12E-01	5.48E+00	1.19E-01	-1.8E+02
WDP	m <sup>3</sup> world eq deprived	1.12E+01	2.6E-04	2.43E-01	0	1.05E+02	0	1.17E-04	4.94E-01	1E-03	-1.47E+00

GWP = Global warming potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication potential; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants; ADPE = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADPF = Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential)

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - INDICATORS TO DESCRIBE RESOURCE USE according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece ED 100

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PERE	MJ	1.88E+02	9E-03	1.69E+01	0	3.81E+03	0	4E-03	3.23E+00	2.1E-02	-6.84E+01
PERM	MJ	1.69E+01	0	-1.68E+01	0	0	0	0	-1.32E-01	0	0
PERT	MJ	2.05E+02	9E-03	1.65E-01	0	3.81E+03	0	4E-03	3.1E+00	2.1E-02	-6.84E+01
PENRE	MJ	4.45E+02	1.81E+00	6.04E-01	0	6.77E+03	0	8.12E-01	6.98E+01	1.19E-01	-1.8E+02
PENRM	MJ	6.43E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	-6.43E+01	0	0
PENRT	MJ	5.09E+02	1.81E+00	6.04E-01	0	6.77E+03	0	8.12E-01	5.48E+00	1.19E-01	-1.8E+02
SM	kg	8.8E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.3E+00
RSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW	m <sup>3</sup>	4.08E-01	1.06E-05	6E-03	0	3.53E+00	0	4.77E-06	1.3E-02	3.14E-05	-1.75E-01

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources; PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources; SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Use of net fresh water

### RESULTS OF THE LCA - WASTE CATEGORIES AND OUTPUT FLOWS according to EN 15804+A2: 1 piece ED 100

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	kg	4.29E-05	5.58E-11	3.44E-10	0	7.36E-06	0	2.51E-11	6.42E-09	2.96E-11	-1.32E-07
NHWD	kg	6.87E+00	1.73E-04	6.2E-02	0	4.45E+00	0	7.77E-05	4.85E-01	6.02E-01	-1.78E+00
RWD	kg	1.7E-02	2.01E-06	3.04E-05	0	8.15E-01	0	9.03E-07	5.7E-04	1.25E-06	-1.5E-02
CRU	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MFR	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.99E+00	0	0
MER	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EEE	MJ	0	0	2.97E+00	0	0	0	0	7.32E+00	0	0

EET	MJ	0	0	5.39E+00	0	0	0	0	1.69E+01	0	0
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HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed; CRU = Components for re-use; MFR = Materials for recycling; MER = Materials for energy recovery; EEE = Exported electrical energy; EET = Exported thermal energy

## RESULTS OF THE LCA – additional impact categories according to EN 15804+A2-optional:

1 piece ED 100

Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B6	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
PM	Disease incidence	2.09E-06	1.31E-09	3.01E-09	0	1.82E-05	0	5.88E-10	1.2E-08	8.01E-10	-6.48E-07
IR	kBq U235 eq	1.89E+00	2.75E-04	5E-03	0	1.23E+02	0	1.24E-04	8.9E-02	1.44E-04	-2.76E+00
ETP-fw	CTUe	1.85E+02	1.34E+00	2.64E-01	0	2.04E+03	0	6.02E-01	1.81E+00	6.8E-02	-4.58E+01
HTP-c	CTUh	6.55E-07	2.42E-11	1.57E-11	0	1.01E-07	0	1.09E-11	1.26E-10	1.61E-12	-3.05E-06
HTP-nc	CTUh	4.7E-07	7.6E-10	3.1E-10	0	2.01E-06	0	3.41E-10	6.45E-09	6.24E-11	-5.95E-08
SQP	SQP	1.8E+02	6E-03	1.84E-01	0	2.12E+03	0	3E-03	2.09E+00	3.3E-02	-1.44E+01

PM = Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions; IR = Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (cancerogenic); HTP-nc = Potential comparative Toxic Unit for humans (not cancerogenic); SQP = Potential soil quality index

Disclaimer 1 – for the indicator “Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235”. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure or radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

Disclaimer 2 – for the indicators “abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources”, “abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources”, “water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption”, “potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems”, “potential comparative toxic unit for humans – cancerogenic”, “Potential comparative toxic unit for humans - not cancerogenic”, “potential soil quality index”. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high as there is limited experience with the indicator.

This EPD was created using a software tool.

## References

### ISO 14025

DIN EN ISO 14025:2011-10, Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

### EN 15804

EN 15804+A2:2019+AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

### EN 18650

EN 18650-1:2010, Powered pedestrian doors - Part 1: Product requirements and test methods

### EN 18650

EN 18650-2:2010, Powered pedestrian doors - Part 2: Safety at powered pedestrian doors

### EN 16005

EN 16005: 2013-01, Power operated pedestrian doorsets - Safety in use - Requirements and test methods

### EN 60335

EN 60335-1, -2-103:2020-08, Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety - Part 1: General requirements

### EN 61000

EN 61000-1-2:2017-07, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 1-2: General - Methodology for the achievement of functional safety of electrical and electronic systems including equipment with regard to electromagnetic phenomena

### EN ISO 13849

EN ISO 13849-1:2021-08, Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems - Part 1: General principles for design

### Machinery Directive

Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the

Council on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC

### IBU 2022

General Instructions for the EPD programme of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Version 2.1, Berlin: Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., 2022. [www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com)

### GaBi

Sphera Solutions GmbH Gabi Software System and Database for Life Cycle Engineering 1992-2020 Version 10.0.0.71 University of Stuttgart Leinfelden-Echterdingen

### GaBi ts documentation

GaBi life cycle inventory data documentation (<https://www.gabisoftware.com/support/gabi/gabidatabase-2020-lci-documentation/>)

### LCA-tool dormakaba

Tool No.: IBU-DOR-202508-LT2\_EN  
Developed by Sphera Solutions GmbH

### PCR Part A

PCR – Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Re-port according to EN 15804+A2:2019, Version 1.0, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., [www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com)

### PCR Part B

PCR – Part B: Requirements for the EPD for Drive systems for automatic doors and gates, version 08/2021, Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V., [www.ibu-epd.com](http://www.ibu-epd.com)

### REACH

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

### 2011/65/EU ROHS3 Directive

Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the

Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

<https://echa.europa.eu/de/home>

**European Chemicals Agency (ECHA)**



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