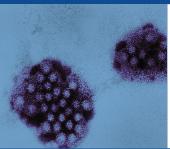


Norovirus

Overview



Norovirus is a highly contagious virus that can cause the sudden onset of nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.¹ Norovirus infection is often called by other names such as stomach flu, stomach bug, food poisoning or viral gastroenteritis.¹ Most norovirus outbreaks in the U.S. happen from November to April.² While both norovirus infection and influenza are prevalent in winter, norovirus does not cause the flu, which is a severe respiratory infection caused by influenza viruses. Norovirus infection is predictable in that there is not a lot of variation in symptoms and duration from person to person. The average person will get norovirus five times in their life.³

Norovirus causes illness and outbreaks in many settings. Between 2011 and 2021, over 22,000 norovirus outbreaks were reported to the CDC's National Outbreak Reporting System.⁴ Of those, most outbreaks (58%) were in healthcare settings, especially in long-term care facilities.⁴ While noroviruses are the cause for most of the diarrheal outbreaks on cruise ships, cruise ships account for only 1% of reported norovirus outbreaks.⁴ In the U.S., norovirus is responsible for 19–21 million cases of gastroenteritis each year. This results in 109,000 hospitalizations and 900 deaths annually.²

Infectious Agent (Pathogen)	Agent Type: Non-enveloped virus Taxonomy: Family: Caliciviridae	 Genus: Norovirus Species: Norwalk virus Synonym(s): Stomach flu, Stomach bug, Food poisoning Characteristics: Can survive some disinfectants making it hard to get rid of.⁵ 	
Infectious Characteristics Definitions: Infectious dose–number of organisms necessary to cause disease.	Risk factors for severe infection:	Individuals in healthcare facilities and other institutional settings (e.g., daycare centers schools, etc.) are particularly at-risk. Young children, the elderly, and people with other medical illnesses are more likely to experience severe or prolonged infection.	
	Infectious dose ⁵	Fewer than 100 viral particles	
► Incubation period —the time from exposure to infection	Incubation period:	12–48 hours	
with symptoms.	Period of communicability:7	Onset of symptoms up to 2 weeks or more after recovery.	
Period of communicability— time when a pathogen can be transmitted from one person	Signs & symptoms:	 Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Stomach Pain Fever Headache Body aches 	
to another.	Duration of illness:	1–3 days	
Mortality rate—the number of deaths due to a disease divided by the total population.	Severity of illness and Mortality Rate: ⁶	Norovirus can cause dehydration which may result in serious problems. Severe dehydration may require hospitalization for treatment. Infection rarely leads to death.	

About the Pathogen & Infection Control Measures

Amoust Transport Non-service and Non-service and

Mode(s) of Transmission ^s	Contact: Direct person-to-person contact
How the Infection Spreads	route. Norovirus also is spread through co

Spreads route. Norovirus also is spread through contaminated surfaces or objects and aerosols of vomitus.

Survival on Surfaces⁵ Days to weeks

Immunization/ Prophylaxis/Treatment⁹

Illness is self-limited with symptoms resolving after a few days. There is no specific medicine for norovirus and treatment is supportive (e.g., hydration). Antibiotics will not help treat norovirus infections because they fight bacteria, not viruses.

Infection Control Measures

General Measures for All Spaces (commercial buildings, K–12 schools, healthcare):⁷

- ► Hand hygiene: Frequently wash hands often with soap and water for 15–20 seconds, especially after using the restroom.
- ➤ Food Handling: Avoid handling or preparing food for others when sick and for 48 hours after symptoms stop.
- ➤ Cleaning: After someone vomits or has diarrhea, immediately clean and disinfect the entire area.

Healthcare-Specific Measures:10,11

▶ Isolation Precautions: Place patient in single patient room if possible and with separate toilet or commode. Use Standard + Contact Precautions for diapered or incontinent persons for the duration of illness or to control institutional outbreaks. Continue isolation precautions for 48hr or until symptoms resolve.

or indirectly through contaminated food or water via the fecal-oral

- ▶ PPE: Don gown and gloves in accordance with Contact and Standard Precautions. Wear a mask if cleaning surfaces heavily contaminated with feces or vomitus as the virus can become aerosolized.
- Patient Transport: Minimize patient movements within a facility during norovirus outbreaks. Assist patient with hand hygiene prior to transport.
- ▶ Linens: Use Standard Precautions to handle soiled linens carefully, without agitating them, to avoid dispersal of virus.
- ➤ Waste management: Per routine

Cleaning & Disinfection

Norovirus can survive some disinfectants making it hard to get rid of.⁵ Perform routine cleaning and disinfection of frequently touched surfaces and objects with a focus on restrooms¹⁰ using an EPA-approved product with a label claim for norovirus or use bleach per EPA List G.⁷

Clorox Product Recommendations

The following CloroxPro cleaner-disinfectants are EPA-registered to kill Norovirus on hard surfaces.

Products for use against Norovi	rus		EPA Reg. No.	Norovirus contact time
Clorox EcoClean Disinfecting Wipes				
tem No. 60605 7" x 8" 75 ct. Canister	6/case	- <u>-</u>	67619-48	5 minutes
Clorox EcoClean Disinfecting Cleaner a	nd Refill	5		
tem No. 60213 32 fl. oz. Spray	9/case		67619-45	30 seconds
tem No. 60094 128 fl. oz. Refill	4/case			
Clorox Healthcare Fuzion Cleaner Disin	fectant	7		
tem No. 31478 32 fl. oz. Spray	9/case	Name of the second	67619-30	1 minute
Clorox Healthcare Bleach Germicidal V				
tem No. 30577 6" x 5" 150 ct. Canister	6/case	••		
Item No. 35309 6.75" x 9" 70 ct. Canister Item No. 32621 6.75" x 9" 100 ct. Softpack	6/case	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	67619-12	1 minute
tem No. 31424 12" x 12" 50 ct. Carton	6/case	1 Million Company Comp	07010 12	Timilate
tem No. 30358 12" x 12" 110 ct. Bucket tem No. 30359 12" x 12" 110 ct. Bucket Refill	2/case	Management of the second secon		
Clorox Healthcare Bleach Germicidal C		-FO		
	6/case		50000.7	1
' '	4/case	Contraction	56392-7	1 minute
Dispatch Wipes				
tem No. 69150 6.75" x 8" 150 ct. Canister	8/case		56392-8	1 minute
Clorox Clean-Up Disinfectant Cleaner v	vith Bleach	20		
tem No. 35417 32 fl. oz. Spray	9/case		67619-17	1 minute
Item No. 35420 128 fl. oz. Refill	4/case	The state of the s		
Clorox Germicidal Bleach				
Item No. 30966 121 fl. oz. Bottle	3/case		67619-32	5 minutes
Clorox Healthcare Hydrogen Peroxide (Cleaner Disinfectant Wines			
Item No. 30824 6.75" x 9" 95 ct. Canister	6/case			
tem No. 30825 6.75" x 5.75" 155 ct. Caniste		Reduction to the control of the cont	67619-25	2 minutes
ltem No. 30826 12" x 11" 185 ct. Bucket ltem No. 30827 12" x 11" 185 ct. Bucket Refill	2/case 2/case	Williams (Section 1) (Section 2) (Section		
Clorox Healthcare Hydrogen Peroxide	Cleaner Disinfectant Cleaner			
tem No. 30828 32 fl. oz. Spray	9/case	₩	67619-24	1 minute
Item No. 30829 128 fl. oz. Refill	4/case	Control of the second of the s	0.0.0 21	·······································
Clorox Disinfecting Bio Stain & Odor Re	emover	24		
Item No. 31903 32 fl. oz. Spray	9/case	(Alba)	67619-33	5 minutes
Item No. 31910 128 fl. oz. Refill	4/case			
Clorox Disinfecting Spray		Ţ		
tem No. 38504 19 fl. oz. Aerosol Spray	12/case	O.GAO.	67619-21	10 minutes
		_=		

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