Magnesium and sulphur demand of selected crops

Ideally application rates should be adjusted according to the requirements of the crops, the magnesium and sulphur availability determined by soil or leaf analyses and the anticipated losses due to leaching. Contributions from manure or slurry should also be taken into account together with likely availability of the nutrients supplied.

In the absence of soil data and leaf analyses, the typical magnesium and sulphur uptake of crops, shown in the following table, gives an indication on which application rates may be based.

Crops	Nutrient ren MgO	າoval kg/ton* SO₃
Asparagus	2.4	12.5
Barley	4	8
Beans (phaseolous)	1.2	-
Brussels sprouts	1.1	4
Calabrese	3.3	8.25
Carrots	0.5	1.25
Cauliflower	0.9	4.75
Leeks	0.5	3.5
Maize	3.5**	5**
Onion	0.7	2
Peas	1.3	-
Potatoes	1.5	2
Oats	4.3	9.5
Oilseed rape	10.6	31.0
Sugar beet	1.5	1.75
Wheat	4.2	7.5

*All removal figures are based on the whole crop including non-harvested parts. If crop residues are returned to the soil, a proportion of the nutrients will also be returned.

General recommendations

- When the soil magnesium status is satisfactory, a maintenance application of 100 150 kg/ha ESTA® Kieserite is appropriate for most crops under most growing conditions. Alternatively a suitable maintenance level of magnesium can be obtained from using Korn-Kali as a potash source which contains a maintenance level of magnesium (6% MgO).
- For correction of acute Mg and S deficiency, an application of 200 300 kg/ha ESTA® Kieserite as top dressing is a well accepted rate in a wide range of crops.
- For amelioration of soils with poor magnesium status, an application of 300 500 kg/ha **ESTA® Kieserite** is recommended after harvest or prior to sowing.
- For annual crops, **ESTA® Kieserite** is usually applied as a basal dressing in autumn or late winter. On sandy soils and under high rainfall conditions application in early spring as basal or top dressing is recommended. For maize placement of **ESTA® Kieserite** together with N and P fertiliser has proved to be worthwhile.
- **ESTA®** Kieserite can be surface applied and does not always require incorporation. The optimum application timing for perennial crops is before the onset of the main growth phase.

For information on how you can benefit from using **EPSO Kieserite®** in your fertiliser program, call the Technical Helpline on **FREEPHONE 0800 0322480**.

ESTA® Kieserite

ESTA® Kieserite gran.



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ESTA® Kieserite gran. 25% MgO · 50% SO₃



^{**} Maize figures are as % of dry matter.

ESTA® Kieserite gran.

EC FERTILISER ESTA® Kieserite gran.

25% MgO water-soluble magnesium oxide **50% SO**₃ water-soluble sulphur trioxide (= 20% S)

- Sulphate based magnesium fertiliser derived from natural mineral deposits.
- Contains the nutrients magnesium and sulphur in an immediately plant available (water-soluble) form making ESTA® Kieserite suitable for all soil types regardless of pH.
- The mineral Kieserite is purified from salt deposits using the patented electrostatic separation process (ESTA®) which results in a high purity product formed in an environmentally sound way.
- Excellent spreading characteristics (tested to spread to 36m) due to superb granule strength and size distribution.
- Granular product highly suitable for bulk blending and also available as ESTA® Kieserite fine suitable for complex fertiliser manufacture.
- Due to its natural origin, ESTA® Kieserite has been classified as being suitable for use in organic farming systems according to EU Directive 2092/91
- Spreading trials have confirmed the superior spreading uniformity of ESTA® Kieserite gran.

Spreadpattern fertiliser spreader 120 % 10

ESTA® Kieserite for all soil conditions...

- Because of the immediate delivery of available magnesium and sulphur to plants, ESTA® Kieserite is used for many different applications including agriculture, horticulture, specialised crops and forestry.
- Continuous cropping at high yield levels has depleted natural magnesium reserves of soils in many areas of the UK where supplementation with magnesium fertiliser is easily justified.
- Sulphur deposition levels also continue to decline with more crop types in more areas requiring routine applications of sulphur to achieve potential.
- ESTA® Kieserite guarantees a magnesium supply on calcareous (chalk) soils where calcium can interfere with magnesium availability.
- Nutrients of surface-applied ESTA® Kieserite are immediately plant available. In contrast, magnesium compounds such as Mg carbonate (MgCO₃) or Mgoxide (MgO) release their magnesium at very low rates and generally need to be incorporated and applied on acid soils to be effective.

Magnesium deficiency in potatoes

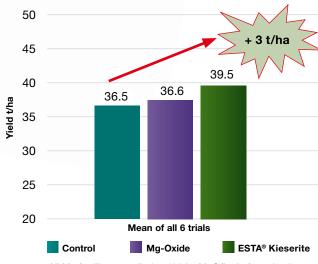


Sulphur deficiency in oilseed rape

...and for all crops

- Root crops, oilseed crops, and cereals have high magnesium requirements and should regularly receive magnesium dressings to guarantee optimum supply.
- The specific sulphur requirements of oilseed crops and various vegetable crops are adequately met by ESTA® Kieserite, improving quality characteristics such as oil and vitamin content.
- The improved sulphur supply enhances the efficency of applied nitrogen fertiliser and hence improves the productivity and quality of the crops.
- Fast growing crops producing large amounts of biomass within a short period of time are particularly sensitive to inadequate Mg and S supply. Owing to its nutrient release capacity ESTA® Kieserite ideally meets the requirements of plants throughout the cropping season.

Independent magnesium trials in potatoes, 2005-2007



All Mg fertilisers applied at 100 kg MgO/ha before planting